assortment

HES **ERLING** SILVER, beautiful in

Vhitehall St.

ht Iron Pipe

SGOODS

ES. Woolen Mills. ilroads, Quarries,

UPPLY CO.

GA. Traveling Bags.

quarter to populists, republicans or demo

a little earlier, as the weather is becoming disagreeable at Gray Gables. Mrs. Cleve-

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. TEN PAGES

ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1894.

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HARLAN FOR 1896.

VOL. XXVII.

Priends of the Justice Are Booming Him for the Presidency.

THEY ARE SPENDING MONEY ON HIM

Other Kentuckians of the Democratic Faith Want Carlisle Nominated.

FAULKNER ON NEW YORK POLITICS

The White House Is Being Overhauled, and They Are Polishing the Knock-ers on the Big Front Door.

Washington, October 9.-(Special.)-A soom has been started with great vigor in Washington in behalf of Justice Harlan, of the supreme court of the United States. His friends base their argument for his for the presidency on his recent decision as to the right of railroad men to quit work, providing they do it quietly. This decision has been printed in full in the local papers and covers an entire page. Expressions favorable to the cause of labor are emphasized in capitals. The Harlan boom is evidently an organized one with capital to back it and such advertisement must cost a good deal of money. judge Harlan is from Kentucky and has

been mentioned before as a presidential bility. But, after the experiences of the late Justice Miller, of the supreme bench, who was a perennial candidate for presidential honors, no one expects to see nember of the highest tribunal in the land, appointed for life, taken from the bench through the mire of politics. Justice Harlan's political and professional record is of the very highest character. His ability is unquestioned, his manners exceedingly affable and his personal appearance little short of magnificent. His stature is extraordinary, being only a little less than that of the giant Gray on the bench with him. while he is in the enjoyment of his full mental and physical powers. Since Judge Harlan's name has been launched upon the ea of politics, the democratic admirers of John G. Carlisle are talking of bringing out this favored son of Kentucky for the lemocratic nomination. Since Mr. Carlisle's retirement from the senate and entrance into Mr. Cleveland's cabinet his Kentucky friends see that he has made a great political mistake and that so long as he remains one of the official family of the autocrat of Gray Gables he will be in a state of collapse. President Cleveland has. on two or three occasions, rudely thrust Carlisle into the background and reversed his acts, much to the mortification of the secretary and his constituents, who are firm in the belief that John G. Car

Harlan booms is not confined to Kentucky Faulkner's View.

Senator Faulkner has returned from New York and has once more taken up his routine work at headquarters.

lisle knows more about law, the tariff and

finances in a day than Grover Cleveland

ever knew, or will know in his whole life

time. The development of the Carlisle and

in New York," he said, "which cannot be easily adjusted. There is little doubt that Mr. Hill will carry the state, for matters

are in a splendid shape there." Senator Faulkner would say little regarding what steps had been taken to bring the different elements together. There is no longer any doubt as to the friendly atmay not be able to control the entire anti-Hill sentiment throughout the state, yet his influence will be strongly marked on

Senator Faulker says that Senator Hill believes the state will go democratic. The mere fact that he has consented to head the ticket is accepted as positive proof that he has received assurances of support from the factions which have hitherto opposed him. Otherwise, it is argued, he would have had to decline the nomination. When he enters a fight he does so with the intention of winning, and in the present instance he may be relied upon to have satisfied himself first of the harmonious sup port of his party. He has played an important part himself in bringing the leaders of the different factions to his support. He has professed his readiness at all times

to step down from the ticket. The stories told of a prominent editor in New York city who was forced to suspend his opposition to Senator Hill by the latter's ready acquiescence in every proposition the former advanced. The two were brought together and Senator Hill is quoted as saysaid. I do not believe the nomination should have been given me. Now suggest some one

The editor did not have a candidate, no did any of his friends, and they frankly admitted it, piedging Hill their support.

No Quarter to Bolters. Senator Blanchard has returned from Europe and looks tifteen pounds heavier than when he was struggling for protection on sugar in the senate during last session. I called on him at democratic headquarters would take in regard to the sugar, planters and other bolters from the party. He

state for true democracy. I shall give no ats who have bolted their party. Govern-Stone, who comes from the very heart of the sugar-growing district, has taken a ecided stand against the bolters, and so has Semator Caffery. The strength of the bolters has been greatly magnified by the republicans, and I have no fear whatever that they will carry any of the districts they are now claiming. The democrats have nothing to gain by compromising, and es-pecially in the first, second and third dis-

The white house is being arranged for the return of the president and his family and, it is said, is not in a hurry to get

poetic selections and nursery rhymes in that language. Baby Esther had a birthday and exciting a great deal of attention for the remarkable short journeys she is able

All the notables are returning to the capital—by notables is meant the Chinese, the Japanese, the Brazilians, the Spaniards, the Germans, the Italians, etc. Society will open its doors immediately upon the return of Mrs. Cleveland. Some of the gossip which is finding its way about Washington is that Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris intends to marry again, and that shortly. The happy ma is General Kyd Douglas, adjutant general of the Maryland militia. Mrs. Sartoris, since her return from England last year, has been one of the most conspicuous figures in Washington circles. She is the most flashily dressed woman in the city, and her style of dressing makes her a familiar figure wherever she appears.

Imitating Georgia Architecture. Mrs. George W. Childs, widow of the late editor of The Public Ledger, has come to Washington to live. She has erected a new home on K. Street in the fashionable section of the city and it is the handsomest in the neighborhood. It addalars the old in the neighborhood. It adjoins the old colonial mansion of Senator and Mrs. Hale. This reminds one that all architectural designs in Washington run to what is generally conceived to the old southern home-stead. The Leiters, the millionaire dry goods people from Chicago, tried to outbid other Washington plutocrats in securing a southern home. To this end they erected

a magnificent residence on Dupont circle, a base imitation of a Virginia homestead. It has its Corinthian columns, its large square hall, its forty or fifty rooms, but, with all it is a travesty. It is five stories high and has about twenty feet of ground around it But with this exception, all the handsome homes which have been built some homes which have been built in the northwest section of the city during the past five years are almost reproductions of Virginia and Georgia homesteads and make that portion of the city one of the quaintest and most beautiful in the coun-

administration, will arrive next week and set her teakettle to boiling at the old Van Buren residence on LaFayette square, op-posite the white house.

PENALTY FOR COWARDICE.

Feet, for Fifteen Days. Columbus, O., October 9.-The penalty of Dearth, a member of Company C, Fourteenth regiment, Ohio national guard, in a peculiar manner. When the regiment was ordered by Governor McKinley into active service in Belmont county, to subdue the riotous miners in June last, Dearth hastily left the city and succeeded in eluding the commanding officers. A courtmartial found Dearth guilty and he was dishonorably discharged from the service and sentenced eo fiftten days' imprisonment. The authorities, not wishing to send the man to jail, erected a pen six by nine feet in the center of the amory building and Dearth is now serving his time under the eye of a guard. He is not allowed to leave the little coop even

diers when entering the service of the state. TOBACCO FACTORY BURNED. A Large Fire at Danville-A High

Wind Raging. Danville, Va., October 9.-Fire broke out factory and contents were totally destroyed. Loss \$18,000; insurance \$9,000. A high wind was raging all the time, and when that factory had burned to the ground and all further danger was supposed to be ever, flames were discovered in the upper story house, a hundred yards distant, supposed to have caught from sparks. At this hour, 10:30 p. m., two factories and the Planters' warehouse are on fire, and the fire de-partment is working hard to prevent the spread of the fire and trying to get it

Flames at Bay St. Louis. Bay St. Louis, Miss., October 9.-Fire to-night destroyed Fireman's hall, together with truck and ergine. Rosine Bennett's Ray's undertaking shop and the summe residence of Adolph Anderson. Dr. R. J. Turner, and James Ray were injured by falling timbers. The students at the Brothers college distinguished themselves

FIGHT INSTEAD OF VOTE. Political Parties in Colombia Resort

to Arms. New York, October 9.-Some interesting news of the political situation in Colombia was obtained from a passenger of the steamer Adirondack, which arrived this morning from Port Limon and Kingston. It seems that immediately after the death of President Raphael Nunez, on September 18th last, the leaders of the two political factions in Colombia began preparations for placing their party at the head of the gov ernment. Each move toward this end made by one party was followed by immediate and more aggressive action on the part of the other so that at the present moment there are said to be two well-equipped and well-disciplined armies ready, at the slight-est provocation, to pounce upon each other and decide by force of arms the future head

both foreign and native, to these different military companies, has caused such a dearth of skilled laborers, as a matter of fact, of all laboring men, that the different railroad companies are offering fabu-lous salaries to engineers, firemen and train hands who will take the places of the men who have been forced into service

Interprets the Word "Wool." Washington, October 9.—Secretary Carlisle today received from Acting Attorney Gen-eral Maxwell an opinion in which he holds that the word "wool," as used in the woolen schedule of the new tariff act, refers to the hair of sheep only, and that the new and lower duties on goods made of the hair of other animals went into effect on the signing of the act.

of new sugar, sixty barrels, from Masnen's Glenwood plantation. Assumption perish, sold at the sugar exchange today by Murphy & Farwell to A. K. Seago & Co., for 3%c. The sugar was classed yellow clarified. New Orleans, October 9.-The first receipts

Duck Hill, Miss., Oct-ber 9.—There was a slight frost here fast night, damaging tender vegetables, and the prospects are for a much more severe one tonight. The mercury this morning at sunrise marked 30 degrees.

Everett Wheeler, of New York, Is to Run Against Him.

FAIRCHILD AS CAMPAIGN MANAGER

The Ex-Secretary Would Not Head the Ticket Himself.

LOCKWOOD AND JONES ON THE TAIL END

ers and Anti-Snappers Will Make the Assault on the Democracy.

New York, October 9.-The third ticket party at-a meeting held this evening at the office of E. M. Shepard decided to nominate the following ticket: For governor, Everett P. Wheeler, of New

For lieutnant governor, Daniel M. Lockwood, of Buffalo. For judge of the court of appeals, Charles

F. Brown, of Orange county. Mr. Wheeler has announced his acceptance of the nomination, Mr. Shepard said that Messrs. Brown and Lockwood would

also accept the nomination. Promptly at 3 o'clock this afternoon the halls of the Trinity building in this city began to fill up with democrats prominent in the opposition to the regular ticket. Mr. Shepard had given it out early in the day that, in his private office in the Trinity building, the committee of nine, representing the reform element of th Brooklyn de mocracy, would confer with other democrats from up the state and elect a third

ex-Secretary Charles S. Fairchild would be nominated for the first place on the ticke ... reformers, but it was apparent, after the conference had been in session some time that Mr. Fairchild was not anxious to accept the leadership.

The doors were closed and for two hours the reformers discussed the situation. It cowardice is being visited upon Private | was long after 5 o'clock before Mr. Shepard invited the members of the press into his office and gave out the selections that had been made. Mr. Shepard said a detailed statement of the proceedings of the conference would be given out at 8:30 o'clock in the evening, together with the platform.

Fairchild for Chairman. Mr. Shepard made the announcement that Charles S. Fairchild would be the chairman of the campaign committee, and had agreed to serve in that capacity. The committee would be composed in part of the following named gentlemen, all of whom were at the conference: Franklin D. Locke, of Buffalo; Edward M. Shepard, of Brooklyn; Henry A. Richmond, of Buffalo: Seymour for exercise and his presence in the impro-Van Santvoord, of Troy; Michael E. O'Convised prison serves as a warning to others nor, of Brooklyn; Robert A. Wiederman, of who regard lightly their obligations as sol-Rockland county; Thomas G. Shearman, of Brooklyn; John A. Beal, of New York; John Brooks Leavitt, of New York; D. S. Ramsey, of Brooklyn, and A. R. James, of Buf-

Mr. Shepard said that those named constituted only about half the committee, in A. G. Fuller & Co.'s tobacco 'actory on | which will be completed later, and after he were with the reformers heart and soul, and who, he had no doubt, would serve on the had refused the nomination at the head of

the ticket. leader of the state democracy, and if he accepted the nomination it would entail upon him the necessity of giving up the leader-ship. But he has accepted the chairmanship of the campaign committee and will be in this fight heart and soul." A Sorehead Platform.

The platform of the democratic party re-form organization, the name adopted by

the reformers, is as follows: "The delegates duly elected to the demo-cratic state convention of 1894 by the democratic party in Kings county having been dishonestly and unfairly excluded there-from by the vote of a packed and interested committee, and a vote under gag law in the convention, having associated with themselves representative democrats from other parts of the state, adopt and publish

American freedom and of our historic democracy—that each American citizen has free right to live his life, to do his work, to hold his beliefs, to buy and sell, and to pursue happiness, unhindered by govern-ment, so long as he respects the rights of

his fellow citizens. "New York is, and will remain, a demo-cratic state except then betrayed by un-scrupulous leadership snap methods, corrupt practices and ring rule, which are no less undemocratic than immoral. The republican party has degenerated into the tool of trusts—an enemy of the people—us-ing taxes to rob the many for the few, preaching a protection which has produced cruel industrial depression, and now culminates in the religious intolerance of the un-American Protection Association, which is utterly abhorrent to genuine democracy. "Fit men only should be chosen for public

office, and unworthy candidates nominated by unworthy means should be defeated at manned throughout by honest men, selected for merit, fairly paid, giving the govern-ment a dollar's worth of work for a dollar's worth of pay, and in places not political, secure in tenure during good service. We demand an efficient enforcement of the civil service laws and an extension of the classified services in state and nation. to petrify in the constitution of the state gerrymander apportionment, contrary to

and democratic government. Blaming Their Savior. "We blame for this danger to democracy David B. Hill, whose political short-sight-edness in forcing the nomination of Maynard threw the convention, as well as the legis-lature, into the hands of our political oppo-nents, and we ask fair-minded republicans, with whom we voted against Maynard, to vote with us against this unjust and parti-

senator, again a candidate for governor, who is a democrat only when democracy means himself; who, in the senate of the United States, has opposed the democratic president, voted against the paramount principle of the democratic platform, excluded himself from the councils of the democratic party and bemeaned the democratic state of New York, whose political career has been built upon corruption, who has prostituted an able intellect to evil ends, who planned and directed the political career rebuked in 1830 by a majority of lority.

100,000, and who is the arch enemy of good government and real reform.
"We owe no loyalty to a convention which

denied representation to democrate because they had, at their homes, done their plain duty as democrats and honest men, and which held that regularity in democratic politics in our great cities meant acquies-

cense, if not participation in, public crime.
"We present a worthy and loyal candidate as candidate for the office of governor, as well as worthy and loyal democrats for the other two state offices to be filled this fall. We do this in the hope that our course will hold to the democracy many votes which would otherwise be lost, and still more, that our great party may not, for all future time, cease to be a noble instrument of potime, cease to be a noble instrument of po-litical and patriotic service. We face the future, looking forward to a united and triumphant democracy, which, having re-jected alliance with corruption and crime, will stand forth as the worthy champion of American freedom. We invite demo-cratic citizens throughout the state to unite with us in this aomination by certifi-cate pursuant to law."

Needs Three Thousand Backers. Upon the main questions of national politics the declarations of the platform con-form to that of the Saratoga convention. form to that of the saratoga convention.

The ticket as named will be nominated by petition. The petition will have to bear the names of 3,000 voters before it can be accepted by the election commissioners and printed on the official ballots. The reformers were confident tonight that the neces-sary number of names would be obtained quickly, and declared that enough names would be attached to petitions tomorrow to give the ticket official standing. The peti-tion must be filed before October 17th. The eadquarters will at once be opened and a

vigorous campaign commenced.
Everett P. Wheeler, the gubernatorial nominee of the new organization, is a leading lawyer and well-known citizen of this city. He has always been a democrat, but has seldom worked in harmony with the "regular" democracy of the state, and has been known as a bitter opponent of Senator Hill. He was one of the leaders in the anti-snapper movement in 1892 and did much to secure the nomination of President Cleveland, whom he counts as one of his warm-

Strong for Mayor. New York, October 9.—After one of the liveliest times witnessed for many years at a county convention in this city, the New York state democracy this evening cominated the choice of the committee of seventy, Colonel William L. Strong, for mayor; John W. Goff, for recorder, and Henry R. Beekman for justice of the su-

Charles S. Fairchild presented these names. The presentation produced wild confusion and disorder. Some one called for Grace, and it looked as if there was to be a stampede for the ex-mayor. The demon-stration lasted for ten minutes. Mr. Grace made his way to the platform

and addressed the convention. He declared that he could not accept the nomination for mayor for the reason that he is unfit physically to perform the duties of the of-"I don't believe," he concluded, "that

the way to dispose of Tammany hall at present is to divide the democratic vote." The convention then ratified the action of the conference committee.

New York, October 5.-Today was the first day for registration in this city. The total registration today was 102,906. In 1891, the last gubernatorial election year, the total registration on the first registration day was 70,147. In 1892, 92,694 voters registered, and in 1893, 68,994.

In Brooklyn the voters turned out in full force. On the first day in 1893, 62,368 names were enrolled on the books and today 75,760 names were enrolled, a gain of 13,392,

CHATTANOOGA IS DEMOCRATIC.

The Republicans Are Not in the Ma-Chattanooga, Tenn., October 9 .- (Special.)

In the aldermanic contest today the following were elected: First ward, W. R. Crabtree, democrat; second ward, James Martin, publican; fourth ward, Hyram Tyree, colored, republican; fifth ward, James Roberts, democrat; sixth ward, J. J. Brown, democrat; seventh ward, J. C. Howell, democrat; eighth ward, J. J. McCloskey,

This makes the result stand with five democrats and four republicans, and with the political complexion of the other eight members of the board, eight being elected alternately, the democrats will be in power when the new board convenes next Tuesday night. It is, therefore, a democratic triumph. Not so much was expected. In the first ward W. R. Crabtree ran against D. P. Henderson, a very popular indepen-dent candidate, but defeated him by 139 votes. In the second ward Charles Reif. epublican, was supported by George T. Fry, Jr., a young democrat, and by many other democrats, but nothwithstanding that Jim Martin got through by a majority of 35. The sixth ward rolled up its regula: democratic majority. But the great victory was in the seventh ward. That has been onsidered a republican fort. It is now a democratic ward for J. C. Howell dem was elected despite great opposition and in the face of great odds. A large vote

THERE IS A HITCH

And the Strike at Fall River May Be Prolonged.

New Bedford, Mass., October 9.-This af ternoon brings discouraging developments in the textile situation. The strike, which it was thought was happily ended, may be prolonged. There is a sentiment of dissatisfaction among many spinners today in regard to the work of the conference committee. Much fault is found in particu-lar with that part of the compromise acepting the Fall River result as final.

There are rumors this afternoon of papers being in circulation among members of the union repudiating the work of the unable to find one of these papers or any one who had signed them or seen them but his inquiries revealed a very general feeling of unrest. A well informed north end man said this afternoon that it looked doubtful if the spinners returned to work

Secretary Hart, of the weavers' union says he has heard of the paper, aithough he has not seen it. He adds that there is a good deal of dissatisfaction among spinners at the south end of the city over

New York, October 9.—A strike was begu by 12,000 coat makers this morning and a a result the workshops of 175 large man

a result the workshops of the large manufacturers in the dry goods district, and the smaller workrooms of 1,000 contractors, or "sweaters," whose places are scattered all over the lower east side, are idle.

The strike is for the purpose of abolishing the piece work system, the enforcement of weekly wages, a 25 per cent increase of wages, a nine-hour work day and the employment of union men and women.

Florida is Badly Hit By This Last Galf Storm.

MOBILE HAS A TASTE OF IT

Savannah Had the Hurricane When It Was Furious.

THE WIND BLEW 70 MILES AN HOUR Cotton Is Beaten Out Some, and Will Probably Be Stained, but It Will

Be All Right

Persacola, Fla., October 9.-The tropical hurricane that had been central in the gulf for several days struck this city Sunday night. The wind blew from the northeast and was accompanied by rain. The hurricane increased in fury as morning approached and all day yesterday it raged with terrible fury. Falling signs and roofs made it dangerous to appear in the streets and business was practically suspended.

The average velocity of the wind from 7 o'clock a. m. to 7 o'clock p. m. was fortyeight miles per hour. Between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m. it blew steadily at the rate of sixty-eight miles an hour and several times between 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. it reached a velocity of eighty-five miles. At 2 o'clock p. m. the barometer fell to 29.28, the lowest ever recorded at this station, being .19 lower than during the great

The center of the hurricane was not a great distance southeast of this city, but every telegraph wire leading from the city went down before 11 o'clock a. m. and nothing could be heard from other points. Owing to the wind blowing off shore and the warning given by the weather bureau, the damage to shipping was small. The British bark Scammell Brothers, newly loaded with timber, dragged her anchors over four miles across the bay and went ashore in seventeen feet of water at a point opposite the life-saving station. She will have to discharge part of her cargo. The Swedish bark Antoinette, not loaded, dragged her saved from capsizing by cutting away her

storm of last October.

foremast. The little schooner, Two Sons, of New Orleans, had her masts cut away to keep from capsizing.

The fishing smack, Mary Potter, dragged her anchors from Town Point and went ashore on Santa Rosa island, east of the life-saving station, where she lies high and

The tide rose over the quarantine station and damaged the crib. The tide was so high that it broke clear over Santa Rose island and the life-saving crew were in water up to their waists. One house was blown down at the station, the wharf was swept away and the supply sloop swamped

and sunk. The track of the dummy line, from Big Bayou to the navy yard, is twisted all out of shape, and in some places is buried two

The city is much damaged. Fences, trees and small outhouses were blown in every torn off the opera house. The entire roof was torn off the large

Blount & Watson building, on Pacific street, and all the stores and offices in it were flooded with water. tock's machine shop was blown into the

The Union Baptist church, colored, was blown down and completely wrecked. Several plate glass fronts were smashed by falling signs, and awning poles were blown

weather is bright and much cooler today. West Florida Suffered. Jacksonville, Fla., October 9.—The west-ern portion of Florida was swept by the gulf storm last night, but it is impossible

this hour (10 o'clock p. m.) nothing has been heard from any poin twest of Jack-sonville save Lake City. At this place the wind reached a great velocity, but no serious damage resulted. Lake City is about fifty miles west of Jacksonville and nothing can be heard as to the effect of the storm beyond that place. The storm is supposed to have been very severe between Tallahassee and Pensacola, and re-

anxiously awaited. In Jacksonville the wind reached a greater velocity than it did during the September storm, but beyond unroofing a few The storm raged principally in west Florida, where much cotton is grown and the loss to the farmers will be heavy.

SAVANNAH IN THE CYCLONE. The Wind Was High but No Special

Damage Was Done. Savannah, Ga., October 9.-(Special.)-Sa vannah weathered part of the Florida cy-clone this morning without a scratch. The wind blew in gusts all the morning and the rain fell steadily, but no harm has been done. The storm did not injure the Tybee railroad, nor did the water, which was

do much damage.

All danger is now past and the masters of ships have been informed that they can sail with safety. The high winds about 6 o'clock this morning caused some little con-cern, but amounted to little. The wind's highest velocity at Tybee was seventy-two

A Rough Day at Mobile.

Mobile, Ala., October 9.-Monday was very rough day for mariners in Mobile bay. The Russian schooner, Marcus, Captain Melbard, had four anchors out during the height of the gale, but was, nevertheless, beached near Fort Morgan. She lies two hundred yards from water. The American brig, Kimball, suffered a like fate, and had her mainmast carried away. An unknown schooner is beached some distance from Fort Morgan on the land side. Several steamers and ships in the bay rode out the rale without damage.

Not Much at Charleston Charleston, S. C., October 3.—The cyclone gave Charleston the go-by. The rea was high and hard rains fell and there was much wind this morning, but no damage was done in the city. The maximum velocity of the wind was only thirty-six miles an hour, and no damage was done as far as reported on sea or on shore. It is possible that the cotton crop in the interior was damaged by the storm, but the damage will in no place prove serious.

Bad in North Carolina. Raleigh, N. C., October 3.—(Special.)—The storm tonight is much worse than the last one and many reports of damage to crops and bridges are expected. The rainfall is great and the wind high. Cotton is being blown out very badly.

CAPTURED CHE-FOO.

Japanese Said to Have Taken an Im portant Port.
October 9.—It is reported that

the Japanese have captured Che-Foo. Che-Foo is a treaty port of China on the north coast of the Shang-Tung promontory. It has a good harbor, and an active trade with a population estimated to number about 30.

Min River Closed. London, October 9.-The Westminster Ga zette publishes a dispatch from Yokohama which says that it is reported that the Jap anese have captured Che-Foo. The government, however, has received no information

confirming this report.

A dispatch from Houg-Kong says that the Min river at Foo-Chow has been closed to shipping. The British warship Undaunt-ed has been ordered to Nagasaki and the gunboat Firebrand, to New-Chwang. The Star this morning prints a dispatch from Yokohama, saying that the advance guard of the Japanese army is encamped

on the north of the Yalu river. The dispatch also says that a battle is imminent.

A dispatch received here from Shangha says that a second Japanese army is report. ed to have crossed the Yalu river and to be advancing upon Monken, which it is believed will soon fall, as the Chinese are reported

For the Defense of Europeans, The Central News correspondent in Shang hai says that a steamer loaded with coal for the British warships at Che-Foo was stopped the other day by a Japanese cruisr, but was subsequently allowed to pro

Tsin have adopted concerted measures for the defense of the European residents. The volunteers are drilling steadily. Business at Tien-Tsin is at a standstill.

has not been seen in the port since the recent Chinese reverses. A dispatch to the Central News from Tien-Tsin says: "The British minister in Peking called at the imperial palace yester-day and was granted a long and cordial

are accumulating. The viceroy works night and day and keeps himself secluded. He

audience by the emperor."

The Manchester Guardian publishes a dispatch from its St. Petersburg correspond ent saying that Russia sent a note to Japan, in September, claiming an interest in the future government of Corea. Japan's reply, it is asserted, was unfrie to Russia's proposal. Russia's

sition in eastern Siberia does not nov

render that territory safe in a conflict with Japan, but large reinforcements of troops are proceeding to the military stations are proceeding to the along the Amor and Usiri rivers.

The St. James Gazette prints a dispatch from Chemulpo, dated October 3d, saying that fourteen Japanese transports were in that fourteen Japanese transports were in the harbor, having on board 7,5% troops, and that many coolles had been landed since September 27th. Owing to fears of an uprising of insurgent tribesmen, the garrison at Seoul had been reinforced by 4,000 men. The Japanese pay for every-thing they get from the Coreans. The daily expense of the Japanese for maintain-ing the army in Corea is 160,000.

Deserted Him. Cleveland, O., October 9.-(Special.)-A most unusual and intensely interesting of Hollingsworth court, who used to live in Atlanta. Gould set forth in his petition that in Atlanta, in 1884, he married his wife, whom he names as Ida Arnold Gould. In the course of time three children were born to them. They moved north, settled in Cleveland and Gould prospered in his bus-iness as a builder. The home on Hollings-

the city, the east end.
Gould alleges that in May, 1893, his wife left him, taking the children with her, and remained away till the following August, when, at his solicitation, she returned to him. The November following Mrs. Gould again took her children and went this time to Wisconsin, where her husband alleger she now resides in a log house of two rooms with a widower and several chil-dren. Mr. Gould says her place of abode is fifteen miles northwest of Antego, and is distant from schools, churches and towns and no place to rear children. Gould has just returned from Wisconsin, bringing two of his children with him, a boy and a girl, but the third Mrs. Gould refused to dilow to come. The plaintiff asks for divorce and the custody of the two minor children in his charge.

TO MINE GOLD.

A Company Organized in North Carolina-The Ore Is Rich. Raleigh, N. C., October 9.—(Special.)—To-day a company obtained a charter from the secretary of state for the purpose of acquiring, owning and operating gold mines in Halifax county, North Carolina. The company is composed of W. J. Hilands and S. P. Dunn, of Cleveland, O., and Charles Kinney, of New York. The capital is \$500,000. The company has bought property in Halifax county and will develop mines thereon. Thus far assays made are said to show the ore to be exceptionally rich and the incorporators say that if it was in Colorado there would be great numbers of prospectors in less than a week. The stockholders met here today and organized and elected directors. Much money is to be immediately expended in sinking shafts and putting in machinery. John Kelly, a young white man, was brought to, the penitentiary today from Cowan county to serve seven years for bigamy.

SWUNG FROM A BRIDGE.

A Mob Lynches a Murderer in Ken-

the jail at 12:15 o'clock this morning and about one hundred yards from the telegraph office. Richardson, who was twenty-one years old, was arrested, charged with mur-dering Mrs. Wylie White, thuty years old, the mother of five children and the wife of an industrious farmer, four miles from here. Mrs. White was found near-her home with Mrs. White was found near-ner home with her head and face crushed and a blood-covered club lying near. At attempt had been made at criminal assault but evidence of the struggle showed that she has resisted this successfully. She was then murdered. Suspicion pointed strongly to Richardson. He strongly denied it, but told several conflicting stories. Circumstantial evidence against him was very strong. He was the son of White's nearest neighbor.

Greensboro, N. C., October 9.—(Special.)—Dr. W. C. Norman, who was tendered the presidency of the Greensboro Female college to succeed the late Dr. Reed, has declined to accept. He gives as his reason that he cannot conscientiously give up the ministry. Dr. E. D. Peacock is mentioned as being a very suitable selection for the

Governor Tillman Wants a New State Constitution Adopted.

SOME OF HIS FOLLOWERS PROTEST

Consequences of a Return to Black Rule Are Pointed Out.

TREACHERY TO WHITES IS CHARGED

There Are Conditions Which Are Worse Than a Return to the Days of Moses Would Be, the Committee Say:

Columbia, S. C., October 9 .- (Special.)-At the recent state democratic convention a campaign committee, with Senator Irby as chairman, was appointed. Tonight that committee issued a lengthy address to the people on the constitutional convention is-

This has always been one of Governor Tiliman's measures and his opponents have fought it step by step.

Recently many Tillmanites have shown opposition to it, and last week Larry Gantt, in The Spartanburg Beacon of Reform, published a long editorial opposing it. The address was principally prepared by Governor Tillman, who revised it tonight, after it

was dictated to typewriters. The address declares that the strained relations and factional bitterness that have existed since 1890 point inevitably to a permanent division in the ranks of the white people, and that the public mind is being educated to appeal to the ignorant, debased vote of the negroes to restore the minority to power. It declares that The Columbia State, backed by a large number of other newspapers, is now urging the organization of the so-called true democracy, and boldly announces the purpose to ignore the present party machinery and the executive committee as at present constituted as being representative of the democratic

The address goes on to declare that the minority's purpose is to appeal to the ne-gro as the arbiter of politics in the campaign of 1896, and states that the recent efforts of the republicans to overthrow the registration law of the state have been nstigated and sympathized with by the

"independents." Consequences of Negro Rule. The address then calls attention to the

an appeal to the negro and points to the

holding of a constitutional convention to deal with the question of suffrage as the opportunity to obviate all future danger. It is declared that "there is deep dyed treachery to white supremacy in this antagonism to a new constitution," and characterizes the anti-constitutional convention resolution passed by the straightout con-

vention as "a damnable scheme" to catch negro votes. Continuing, the address says; "Its purpose is shown by the fact that at the time of its passage there was in the hall a negro representative of the republican party, while a half dozen colored and in the lobby of the statehouse ready to

join hands with the independent mo

as soon as it had been launched." The committee predicts that, unless a constitutional convention is held and qualwith 1896, our political campaigns will witness more terrible and demoralizing conditions than ever confronted the people during the days of Moses, Scott and Chamberlin. The committee say that such a conto the objection that its work is not to be submitted back to the people by saying that there would be no hope for securing

it in that case. MUST OBEY THE LAW.

Columbia, S. C., October 9 .- (Special.)-The attempt of the dispensary constables at Greenville yesterday to search the residence of a private citizen, where his wife was in a delicate condition and the beilicose proceedings that followed, have stirred up Governor Tillman and tonight he indulged

"I propose to make everybody get out of the road and obey the law. I urge all good citizens to frown down all resistance to the law and to co-operate with the constituted authorities in carrying it out and preventing such unseemly and disgraceful day. The town people who are opposed to the law have nothing to gain and everything to loose by such behavior. I have no desire in the world to employ any force and would be glad to have the co-operation of the police and the municipal authortcan concentrate 2,000 men at any point in the state inside of forty-eight hours. While I would hate to resort to any such measures, no resistance will be tolerated. The constables are going to work now and are going to search all places where they have kept. Private residences will not be exempt when we have reason to believe that they have been made depots for the storage

"The constables will not be allowed to harass the people or to do anything to provoke collisions and any reasonable complaint against them will be promptly in vestigated. Sheriffs and police will be expected to co-operate and those municipalities which prove derelict will receive no share of the profits, while it is almost inevitable that a system of metropo lice will be provided for all such places when the legislature meets. "Does that include Columbia and Charles-

No Trifling Tolerated. "Trial justices who don't do their duty will likely be relieved of the burdens of

sooner that fact is recognized by the whis-ky, men and those who have opposed it heretofore the better it will be for all concerned."

nple Cases. rist's Outfits.

lios, Tool Bags, Etc. nd 94 Whitehall St.

d Valise Repairing.

one 1957, 2 Calls

est assortment at the

ne Pocket Books, Card

rial headed "Stand," has this fina

"Let Governor Tillman keep his constables outside the thresholds of the people. There is no need, no reason, no excuse for sending them beyond that line. Unless he desires and deliberately intends Unless he desires and deliberately intends to provoke riot and civil war, let him half his men at home, the citadel of the Anglo-Saxons' liberties, the center of his hopes and loves, the core of his heart, for the defense of, which he will give his blood; let the warning be heeded. The people here are of one mind and purpose and if necessary will be one in action."

HOW THE HORSES RAN.

Maid Marian Breaks a Record at Mor. ris Park.

Morris Park, N. J., October 2.—The card here today was first-class in every respect, the weather good and the uttendance fair. As the track was in excellent shape, record As the trace was in order, and this was ac-complished in the first race, when Maid Marian broke the five furlong turf record by covering the distance in 0:56%. The best previous record of 0:57 flat was made by Hasbrouk in 1802. As Maid Marian was second cnoice in the betting, and car-ried the united support of the western contingent, her backers were overjoyed at her victory. The principal event of the day was the race for the Dunmow stakes her victory. The principal event of the day was the race for the Dunmow stakes for two-year-olds, which was productive of a stirring finish. It was a bitter fight all the way between Perry Be-mont's Magian and his brother, O. H. P. Belmont's colt, Brandywine. The last furlong of the race was contested inch by inch, and the pair crossed the line heads apart. The surprise of the day came in the result of the first five-year-old serial handicap, in which Blackhawk, a rank outs der, whose odds were 400 to 1, took the lead at the start, maintained it to the end and won by an open length from Jack of Spades, who was a hot favorite in the ring.

First race, five furlongs, Maid Marian, 111, Clayton, 2 to 1, won: Hugh Penny second: Iola third. Time 0.56%.

Second race, six furlongs, Sufficient, 100, Griffin, 11 to 5, won; Sabrina colt, second; April Fool third. Time 1.10½.

Third race, the Dunmow stakes, six furlongs, Magian, 110, Simms, 4 to 1, won; Brandywine second; Halma third. Time 1.12.

Fourth race, five furlongs, Blackhawk, 92, Keefe, 100 to 1, won; Jack of Spades, second; Peacemaker, third. Time 0.58.

Fifth race, one mile, Live Oak, 98, Griffin, to 1, won; Adelbert, second; Victorlous, third. Time 1.33%.

Sixth race, one mile, Setauket, 75, J. Davis.

3 to 1, won; Adelbert, second; Victorious, third. Time 1:39%. Sixth race, one mile. Setauket, 75, J. Davis, 6 to 1, won; Lustre, second; Restraint, third. Time 1:39%.

Entries for Wednesday. race, five furlongs, Stonenell, 112. Violet, 109; Maid Marian, 109; Ap-

plause, 86.
Second race, six furlongs, Kennet, 122;
Second race, six furlongs, Kennet, 128;
Kalula colt 118, Sun Up, 106; Monaco, 106;
Travesty, 98; Lucania, 95; Urania, 119; Doggett, 108; Rossmar, 106; Beauregard, 106;
Bembazette, 95; Philistia, 95.
Third race, one mile and a quarter, Beldemere, 122; Lightfoot, 114; Nahma, 114;
Stonellie, 109; La Joya, 107; Dorine, 103;
Lady Kelly, 108; Sprinkle, 102; Melody, 98;
Baroness, 98; Elsie Morrison, filly, 94.
Fourth race, one mile and a furloug, Sir, Fourth race, one mile and a furloug, Sir, Declare, 105; Nero, 97; Aurelian, 96; Lizzie, 92; Dorian, 117; Roche, 116; John Cooper, 111; Redskin, 98; Peter the Great, 95; Fred Douglas, 98.
Fifth race, one mile Leonavel, 110. Douglas, 32.

Fifth race, one mile, Leonawell, 112, Prince
Karl, 193; Havoc, 94; White Wings, 92; Gleesome, 80; Hugh Penny, 199; Nero, 99; Bassetlaw, 92; Restraint, 89; Second Attempt,

74.
Sixth race, six furlongs, Franklin Manchester, Utica, 109 each; Tinge, Flash, King Gold, 103 each; Expectation, filly, Ella Reed, Derelict, Beauregard, 100 each; Cockade, Monotony, Canterbury, 102 each; Alcina, filly, 100; May day, filly, 100.

At Lexington. Lexington, Ky.. October 9.—Eight thousand people, 3,000 of whom were ladies, braved the raw wind here today to witness the deciding of the great Kantucky Auturity the deciding of the great Kentucky futurity the deciding of the great Kentucky futurity for three-year-olds. The stake was worth more than any trotting event heretofore offered, the first horse netting \$22,430, the second \$3,000, the third \$1,000, and the nominator of the winner's dam \$1,000. Axinite, by Axtell, Doble; Lyric, by Lancelot, Bither; Nellie A. by Wilkes Boy, Bowermen; Buzetta, by Onward, Macey; Futurity, by Hinder Wilkes, Evans; Alkoran, by Robert McGregor, Thayer; Cetaya, by Allendorff, Weyne, and Norvardine, by Norval, Sevis, were the starters. With Buzetta, the favorite, out, it would have been a great race, but she out-classed her field so greatly that she never had the least trouble in winning the rich stake. Cetaya was second in the first heat, which gave her third money, but Axinite and Futurity had a strong fight for second place. Futurity was too speedy for the Axtell colt, and the son of Hinder Wilkes landed the \$3,000, second money. Other races were decided as per summaries, the 2:18 pace being unfinished, owing to darkness. Tomorrow Alix, 2:00%, trots to lower her record. John R. Gentry will attempt to beat Robert J's time.

First race, 2:28 class, trotting, purse \$500, Josie Allen won, Oilie K second, Prince Edasil third. Best time, 2:17%.

Second race, 2:14 class; trotting, purse \$1,000, Token won, Billy Bolton second, Wistful third. Best time, 2:12%.

Third race, Kentucky futurity, value \$11,180, for three-year-olds. Buzetta won, Fururity second. Cetaya third. Best time, 2:1344.

Fourth race, 2:18 class, pacing, purse \$500, unfinished, Pattile D won the two heats paced. Best time, 2:1344.

Ferilin, October 9, The Frelexies [7] for three-year-olds. The stake was worth

Germany and the Sugar Tariff. Berlin, October 9.-The Freissipnige Zeitung, of this city, says: "We are drifting into a customs war with America. If the German-Americans succeed in getting Chancellor von Caprivi on their side, and the United States refuses to modify the sugar tariff, reprisals by Germany 35 to 50 marks. Counter reprisals by the United States will follow which will dam-Counter reprisals by the

age German commerce ten times more than Died of Apoplexy. Walhalla, S. C., October 9.-(Special.)-Dave Moore was found dead near here late yesterday evening. He had been here siness and started home in his wagon. When he got about half a mile from home he got out to walk through a nearer way, leaving his driver with the wagon. He

failed to arrive in time and the searching party found him as stated. He was eighty years of age. The coroner's verdict was Completing the Warships.

Rome, October 9.—The Italian government has declined to spend an additional \$350,000 to complete the warships which have long been in course of construction. Another cruiser, the Cristoforo Colombo, has been ordered to Che Foo. Among her officers is the duke of Abruzzi, nephew of King Hum

I Was Sick

rouble, also from after effects of the



Mr. B. E. Harris prip, with pain in my back and timbs. Different medicines failed to benefit me. The first dose

A SULL FOR STOCK.

Mrs. Dawdelt, of Birmingham, Brings Action Aganist the Elyton Company.

ONCE HT WAS A RICH CORPORATION It Hes Done More for the City Than Any

Birminghem Ever Had Before-A

Ubance for a Lyohing.

Birmingham, Ala., October 9.—(Special.)— One of the most important suits ever filed in a Birmingham court was begun today, when Mrs. Annie Dowdell, of Montgomery, filed a bill against the Elyton Land Company, the Elyton Company and the Mary-land Trust Company. The plaintiff holds five shares of the former company. The Elyton Land Company has then Birmingham's greatest and wealthiest corporation and has done more for the fevelopment of Birmingham than any other company. Its stock has sold as high as 6400, but is very

much lower now.

The legislature two years ago incorporated the Elyton Company, who authorized capital is \$10,000,000. All the properties, books, accounts, etc., of the Elyton Land Company were transferred to the Elyton Company. Sensational developments are expected

There May Be a Lynching.

Robin Smith yesterday made an assault on the daughter of J. A. Martin, a reputable planter, who resides near Greensboro. The girl, who is a beauty, was asleep. was aroused by feeling the negro's hand on her foot. When she discovered him, she gave an alarm. He was pursued and captured this morning. A lynching is not an Two Champions to Contest.

Montgomery, Ala., October 9 .- (Special.)-The Vanderbilt and Auburn football team will meet each other upon the field in this city on November 3d. Manager Jackson of the Vanderbilt university's eleven, and Mr. Riggs, of the Agricultural and Me chanical college at Auburn, have met here and have made all arrangements for the game, which will be played on the fine grounds at Highland park. Both elevens have long strings of scalps and the clubs of both universities promise great things. Harry Walker Makes a Fortunate

Montgomery, Ala., October 9,-(Special.)-Democrats all over the state will hear with pleasure the announcement of The Limenocrat, puolished at Athens, Ala., that it will support General Wheeler, the democratic nominee for congress in the eighth district, rather than Coionel Lee Crandall, the nominee of the combined opposition. Coupled with this annoucenment comes another that Mr. R. H. Walker has comes another that Mr. R. H. Walker has purchased the half interest of his brother, W. R. Walker, in The Democrat property. The friends of the present sole proprietor have always realized that he was a sound democrat at the core, while his brother was an avowed Jeffersonian. The paper has for a year been a Jeffersonian sheet, and it is with exceptional pride and satisfaction that the piatform democrats of Alabama welcome so influential a paper and so tailented a young editor back into the fold.

Ontes Will Address the Tennesseeans Montgomery, Ala., October 9 .- (Special.)-Several days ago the state democratic executive committee of Tennessee sent pressing invitation to Governor-elect Wil liam C. Oates, of Alabama, asking him to make speeches in Tennessee. In response to the invitation Colonel Oates stated that other matters would prevent his speaking at Memphis, and asked if next Monday on Thursday would do for Nashville.

Chairman W. C. Carroll, of the state democratic committee, wired Colonel Oates that Thursday on the would suit best and now preparations are being made to accommodate the thousands of people who will come to hear this distinguished statesman. liam C. Oates, of Alabama, asking him to

A Young Lady Severly Injared.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., October 9.—(Special.)—Miss Leva Foster, a sister of Mrs. W. W. Phelps, was out driving with a gentleman ast Friday, when the horse took fright and ran away. Miss Foster was thrown out and dragged along the road for some dis-tance. Serious internal injuries were receiv-ed and her condution at this time is con-sidered very critical.

A Mobile Burner. Mobile, Ala., October 9 .- (Special.) -- Martha Gilmore, colored, was arrested at spring Hill yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Frank Cazalas, charged with arson and odged in jail. She is charged with having set fire on seven different occasions to the set fire on seven different occasions to the McVoy residence on Spring Hill. The work has always been done in broad daylight and caused something of a sensation at Spring Hill. The fire was set each time under the steps and each time was extinguished before any great damage resulted. The matter was brought to the attention of Sheriff Dorlan and he put the machinery of his office in motion with the result that the apprehension of the criminal followed.

Alabama River Improvements. Bridgeport, Ala., October 9.—(Special.)— The government work proceeds in dredging out Island bar, near the city. Mr. Winn is at work with a large crew of men, and soon the dredge will be up from Muscle Shoals to complete that at the railroad

It is not known however, what certain changes in the officers really means. Cap-tain George W. Goethals, engineer in charge of the Ternessee river improve-ments, has been transferred to Washing-

ton.

The report, however, that the office at Florence, Ala., under command of Captain Goethals, will be removed to Nashville, is without foundation.

The Daily News on Top.

Montgomery, Ala., October 9.—(Special.)— The Opelika Evening News, one of the ablest edited, sauciest and brightest dailies in the act of moving into the handsome new brick that has recently been built expressly for it. Opelika is a prosperous little city, but The News is an extra good paper for a place of Opelika's size. The News is one of The Constitution's best friends in Alabama.

A BULLET-PROOF HEART. And the Owner Is Not a Fair Young

Flirt, Either. Montgomery, Ala., October 9.—(Special.)-The Mobile, Ala., physicians have encountered a remarkable case. Two weeks ago Will Young, a vigorous youth, while work The bullet went entirely through his body and penetrated the apex of his heart, ye he is still alive. The entire medical fra-ternity here agreed that the ball penetrated the heart, but to make assurance doubly sure prepared accurate drawings and measurements of the points of entrance and exit of the bullet, together with a diagnosis of the symptoms, and sent them to Dr. Keene of Philadelphia. He and other leading pronounce it the only case on record of its sort. It is believed that the young ma

FIGHTING FOR HARDIN. His Lawyers Are Doing Their Best to

Save Him. Nashville, Tenn., October 9 .- (Special.)-There was a balt in the evidence for the prosecution in the express robbery case today. The counsel for each side spent the greater part of the day discussing the admissibility of the letters written by Elrod to Harden's wife and given to Detective Dodge by her mother.

The first witness today was B. F. Kruthouy, depot agent for the Adams Ex press Company at Cincinnati. Daring the heavy orders of freight he had ordered the safe blocked up. He thought the safe was for protection against fire, and rubberies and not against the messengers. Since then he had received instructions to never block the combination safe. Some unimportant wisnesses were then heard, after which Captain Dodge was recalled and asked to translate the cipher portion of the letters written by Eirod to Hardin's wife. Judge Anderson said he had rather hear all other proof before admitting these letters. The state wanted, however, to bring these letters in now, as its other proof legitlimate-

letters in now, as its other proof legitimately followed this.

The balance of the day was consumed in argument as to whether the letters should be admitted, the defense opposing their admission. Mr. Neal, for the defense, said that their admission would admit Elrod's opinion that Hardin was galliy in the Kansas City case and would injure thardin. Colonel Stone, for the state, read extracts from the letters, in which Elrod urged Minnle not to falk. He urged her to go to Louisville and be sure and take to go to Louisville and be sure and take the old woman. In another he said the idea was to get Minnie and her mother near Elrod and his wife. He detailed the detectives' movements and said there was mis chief afloat. He was afraid the old wen ar had been scared into saying something. In order to have time to consider the question, Judge Anderson adjourned court until

BAD ON THE CAPTAIN.

Lexow's Committee Has an Interesting Witness Before It. New York, October 9 .- The Lexow police

investigating committee resumed work to-day. Among the crowd that gathered early in the courtroom were several police cap-tains whose faces had not been seen there before. A host of fresh witnesses were alhand, including a man who had wanted to be a policeman and was swindled in the attempt; an iron molder, who says he was robbed by a policeman and an amateur detective, who will have lots to say about scandal in the Essex market police court.

Warden Ledwith, of the police court, told the committee about certain abuses in those institutions which he was investi gating.

Agent T. Forget, of the French steamship ine, testified that his company paid \$500 to the police for extra services. on the pier was paid \$10 a week and \$500 went to other police officials. One of the company's books, which was pro-duced, showed that in November, 1891, \$500 had been paid for "special surveillance on the pler." Mr. Forget could not remember

to whom the money was paid. Mr. Goff asked Mr. Forget if Policeman Degan had been rimoved from the pier because he refused to divide with tain the money he received from the com pany. Degan was present in court and Mr. Forget identified him. Mr. Forget's memory again failed him and Mr. Goff

The Captain Wanted It. Policeman Louis Degan was the next vitness. He is the first policeman who has accused a captain. He is a Frenchman He testified that he was stationed on the French line pier for eleven years. He said he received \$10 a week for working over ime and on his days off. He was there in 1880. The superintendent of the line offered him \$10 for extra services. He never had a charge made against him and got along very well. In 1891 Wardman Vall came to him and said: "Captain Schmittberger wants this \$10 you receive. "I told Vail," said Degan, 'that I was no serf and would not give up the \$10 earned by hard work after my regular hours. I was already giving \$5 a week and the captain wanted every cent. I told him that Captain Schmitterberger would next want my

Vail said: "You had better, as the captain can make you trouble."
"Let Captain Schmittberger do his worst," I replied, "I won't be a serf. A few days afterwards Captain Schmittberger called me into his room and said: Do you know where your post it? It is over among the canal boats and the fish markets' He said this a taunting tone, and I was subseque shifted from one point to another. One day the captain called me into his room again and said: 'Your friends are going to have you made roundsman. N. w. I want you to pick out the best post in the precinct

until you are made roundsman. "I replied: 'You are my capta:n and should assign me to my post. I refuse to pick out any particular post.' The captain said, hastily: 'We won't discuss that.' All the policemen shared their extra money with the captain." Superintendent West, of the company,

ollowed and testified to Officer Degan's efficiency. When Degan was transferred Wardman Gannan called and demanded the \$10 formerly paid to Degan. superintendent West said if a receipt would or given he would give the money. A receipt was re-fused. Mr. Goff asked if he knew \$500 had been raised by the steamship company as a to Captain Schmittberger. The ness had heard a rumor to that effect. He said that he protested to Captain Sesmittberger against Officer Degan's removal. The captain said that the officer had been re-moved for insudordination. The captain also said that the officer was in hague with smugglers. Superintendent West said he told Captain Schmittberger that such a charge was ridiculous.

Begged Him Not to Testify. Mr. Forget was recalled and under adroit questioning by Mr. Goff admitted that friends of Captain Schmittbager had approached him and begged him not to testify that Schmittberger got \$500, of it would ru him. He professed not to remember who had interceded for the captain.

It was represented to him that Captain Schmittberger would be dismissed if the \$500 story came out, and for the sake of the captain's family, Mr. Forget was urged to keep it dark. Mr. Forget, apologizing for his imperfect

knowledge of the English language, said h did not want to go on record as saying that he had not been approached only in Captain Schmittberger's behalf. Some one, whom he said he could not remember, had in the last two weeks asked him not to testify against any police officer. A man named Wolf two weeks ago, in the Hotel Martin, asked him not to testify against Schmittberger.

Mr. Goff and Mr. Lexow wanted to

glean further particulars about Wolf, but they failed. Mr. Forget only knew Wolf had spoken to him on several occasions.

Among Mr. Forget's "impressions" was one to the effect that seven men had shared in the \$500. There his "impression" faded Mr. Goff jogged the witness' memory and brought to mind the fact that he had written a private letter to the directors of the company regarding the expenditures of the

and the exact contents had escaped his memory. Senator Lexow asked the witness to ca ble for the return of the letter. "Tha would cost too much-25 cents a word," said Mr. Forget.

\$500. He had not kept a copy of the letter

Counsel Goff then got the witness to admit that he had written a list of seven names and told his cashier to divide the Then Mr. Goff laid a cable message blank

before the witness. 'Now write the instruc-tions for the return of the letter. We will pay the tolls," said Mr. Goff. Mr. Forget begged to be excused.
"Will you say you don't know who got
the \$500?" was Mr. Goff's last question.

"Come here tomorrow after you have slept over the testimony," was Counsel Goff's parting shot as the witness was leaving the stand.

Mellie Weinberg was another Witness. She testified that she offered Alderman "Silver Dollar" Smith \$50 for protection for a coffee saloon with lady boarders.

"Silver Dollar" Smith refused the money. "That is the most astonishing piece of evidence yet produced," said Mr. Goff.

University Press Assignment. University Press Assignment.

Cambridge, Mass., October 9.—The University Press, John Wilson & Son, has assigned for the benefit of creditors. The concern is one of the oldest and largest printing houses in Cambridge, having been established in 1839, and was believed to be very strong financially. The company employs nearly 250 persons. The assets and liabilities are not yet known.

All the Other Men in the Mine Escaped a Horrible Death.

MINE HORROR IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Lamp of a Miner Sets the Wood work on Fire, and There Is a Bush for Life.

Shamokin, Pa., October 9.-While carpenters were at work repairing the timber in the Luke Fidler shaft last night, a miner's lamp, on the head of Irvin Buffington, ignited the wood and a fierce fire ensued. The carpenters gave an alarm and seventy miners commenced a race for life, as the mine was filling with smoke. Through a shaft, now in course of construction, they were hoisted to the surface in an iron bucket, a great crowd cheering as the mea reached the mouth of the pit.

During the rescue the flames came up the air course and burned the fanhouse and vice. Superintendent Morris Williams and Mire Inspector Edward Brennan heroically ertered the burning mine to seek for lost

At 5 o'clock this morning Irvin Buffington was found dead. It is known for a certainty that George Brown, a well-known lccal politician; John Gierze, a laborer; Anthony Roberts, a driver boy, and Michael Buzofskie, a laborer, are still in the mine. Heroic efforts are being made to reach them without, however, much hope of success. It is the fiercest mine fire known in the region. The colliery is operated by the Min-

gave employment to over 800 men and boys. Buffington's lamp started the fire and his death was caused by his efforts to notify workmen in the mine of their danger. Everybody was warned, and all started for safety, but the four named as missing be came confused and lost their way in the smoke. Buffington gave out thirty feet from the air snaft. There his body was found.

eral Mining and Railroad Company and

This morning a consultation was held by the officials and the advisability of attempting to rescue the entombed men was discussed. It was decided, however, that the effort would be worse than useless, as it would certainly result in the death of some of the rescuing party.

The Coal Run portion of the Fidler working is connected with the Gimlet and Hickory Bridge collieries, and in consequence they are not working.

One thousand men were employed at the Luke Fidler colliery and another thousand were given employment at the Gimlet and Hickory Ridge collieries. These men will be idle for many months.

The latest plan adopted by the officials to quench the fire is by pumping all available water into the mine and thus drowning it out. This, however, will take months to accomplish, and it is safe to say that this valuable coal operation is practically ruined, entailing a loss of several hundred thou-

A WILD TRAIN

Dashes Down Saluda Mountain-Several Persons Killed.

Asheville, N. C., October 9.—A south-bound freight on the Abseville and Spartanburg road, ran away down a heavy grade on Saluda mountain at 5 o'clock this morning. The crew remained on the flying train, which ran to the bottom grade, four miles, and then left the track, the engine and twelve cars piling up in a deep cut. The latest reports to The Citizen say that Engineer Broom and a colored train hand had not been found. Fireman York was seen buried under the wreckage thought to be dead. Conductor Will Patton had a leg and hip badly crushed.

Bringing in the Dead. The first train from the wreck on Saluda mountain came in tonight bringing the body of Neal Ewing, an Asheville stone cutter, who was stealing a ride-south. It is now lieved that three of the crow were hill-although the bodies of Englaser Proom ed, although the and Brakeman Allen have not vet been Fireman York's body was found but the wrecking crew have not been able to reach it yet. Conductor Patton bad leg crushed, and his skull slightly fractured. His leg was amputated, and there are chances for his recovery. John Miser, a colored brakeman, jumped and was only slightly hurt. Others of the crew siocd to

their posts to the last.
Daniel Owens, a stockman, was in the caboose, but was unhurt. He had a carload of cattle on the train and every one was

Flagman Vinler escaped without scratch, though he was on top of a car when the wreck occurred. It is reported to-night that two boys, friends of Ewing, were heating a ride with him and were killed. but this cannot be verified. The grade where the train ran away is four miles long, and averages 100 feet to the mile. The runaway began half a mile from the top.

THE ENGINEER DIES one Passenger Who Was in the Wreck

Lost \$1,000. Bristol, Tenn., October 9.—(Special.)—The first victim of the terrible wreck of the Washington and Chattanooga vestibule died today. Heⁿ was the engineer, Sam Smith. Fireman Will Holmes and the mail agent, Tucker, are in a critical condition. The others who were injured are doing well. Many damage suits will be brought against the railroad. The loss will reach about \$100,000. Joseph Deatlect, a German en route to Canifornia, lost about \$1,000, which was burned in his trunk. A diamond drummer suffered great loss.

SHE FELL ONE HUNDRED FEET. Miss Rather Takes a Header Into the

Chattanooga, Tenn., October 9.—(Special.) A deplorable accident happened about 8 o'clock this morning to Mrs. Rolla Rather, a most estimable lady. She was at the rear of her home, 18 Bluff View avenue, and was suffering from temporary menta aberation caused by a lingering illness. She lives with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Wells, as her husband is out of town

most of the time.

This morning the family missed her just before breakfast. She had wandered out of the house to the edge of the bluff, from which she fell 100 feet into the river. Two men in a skiff picked her up and she was carried home, where a sad scene followed, Four doctors have attended her all day and she may recover if internal inju

CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE. Giant Scheme to Unite Them-Big Railroad Deal.

Washington, October 9.—That great project which has excited so much interest in New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia and the great ports on the south Atlantic coast, to unite Chesapeake with Delaware bay by a casal and thus supply the most important line in an internal waterway route from Florida to Long Island sound, today received an impetus by the appointment of an expert board of commissioners to select the line of the canal. In the tast river and harbor appropriation bill provision was

THEY COME IN SWARMS.

How Germs Attack People by the Million and the Only Safe Way to Resist Their Invasion.

If you have ever seen a swarm of bees you will realize how many insects it is possible to get within a small space. When you stop to think, though, that there are a million insects in an atom of air as large as the head of a pin, you will be able to under-stand what germs are. These germs, which cause nearly all diseases, increase with lightning rapidity, and are taken in with every breath we draw. They are specially

dangerous at this time of the year, as they feed upon the body instantly if they are not driven away.

For hundreds of years physicians have tried to learn the best means of driving away the germs of disease, but it has become generally settled now that where a pure medicinal whisky is used regularly there is little chance for any germ to live. Germs may get into the body; they may come in the air we breathe and the water-we drink, but they cannot live and thrive and produce disease if they are killed off constantly and promptly by the use of pure whisky. It should be remembered in this connection that there is but one really pure medicinal whisky in America, and this is Duffy's Pure Malt. This fact is universally acknowledged, and the wide popularity which it possesses proves its superior power. All reputable druggists and grocers sell it, and you cannot do better than to follow the sensible suggestion above given.

made for the work in the following para

graph: "The president of the United States is hereby authorized to appoint a board to consist of an officer of the engineer corps of the United States army, not below the rank of lieutenant colonel; an officer of the navy, not below the rank of captain, and two civilians who, together with the chief of engineers. United States army, shall examine and determine from the surveys war department, the most feasible route for the construction of the Delaware and Chesapeake canal. In making such selection said board shall select the route which, in its judgment shall give the greatest facility to commerce and will be best adapted -to the national defense. The said board shall report its conclusions to the secretary of war, who shall transmit its report to congress at the next session and the sum of \$5,000 is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of said board."

The members of the board as announced by Secretary Lamont today are General Casey, chief of engineers; Colonel Craighill, now in charge of the river and harbon works at Baltimore: Captain George Dew-ey, of the navy, a member of the lighthouse board: Mendie Cohen, of Baltimore, ex-pres. ident of the society of civil angineers, and E. Porter Alexander, of Savannah, formerly president of the Georgia Central Railroad Company, a civil engineer of wide repu-tation and excellent standing. The board is expected to go to work speedily in order to comply with the requirement that its report be made to congress at the short ses-

FELIPE'S CHANCACA

(By Charles F. Lummis.) Copyright, 1894, by the author.

The great water wheel was trundling as fast as ever the white impulse from the old stone acqueduct and could kick it along. The wheel, indeed, grumbled at so much hard work, but the water only laughed and danced as the big iron jaws of the wheel chewed up the yellow culms of sugar-cane and spat to one side the useless pith, while the sweet, dark sap crept sluggishly down the iron conduit toward the sugar house. In front was a very mountain of cane brought from the fields by bullock carts, and half a dozen sinewy negroes were feeding it, an armful at a time, between the rolls of the mill. Behind it others with wooden forks were spreading the crushed cane to dry for a day, after which it would be used as fuel to boil its own plundered juice. Off beyond the sugar building gleamed the white Moorish walls ofed chapel and manor house, built of the ro three hundred years ago, when Peru the richest crown jewel of Spain. Everyere else stretched the great fields of cane to the very foot of the sandhills of the encroaching desert, to the very rim of the blue Pacific. What an immensity of sugar it all meant!

The same thought struck the grizzled administrador this morning as he stood on pler of the aqueduct-just where its stream pounced upon the lazy wheel—and swept the scene with those watchful old eyes. "Of a truth," he was saying to himself, "the world must be very large, as they say, and many must eat nothing else, for here we make every day 40,000 pounds of sugar 300 days of the year, and there are many other sugar hadendas in Peru, though maybe none so big as Villa. Truly I know not where it all goes. Hola! Al-ways that fellow!" and, springing to the and as lightly as a boy, in two bounds

There four of the negro laborers were i sudden struggle with a newcomer from the quarter-a huge, black fellow, whose brutish face was now distorted by drunke rage. He was naked to the waist and his hide bulged with tremendous muscle as he swayed his four grapplers to and fro trying to free his right hand which claspe a heavy machete. This murderous com nation of sword and cleaver, which lopp the stubborn cane at a blow, had found worse employment now, for a red stain raidown its broad blade, and on the ground lay a man clenching a stump of arm. Old Melito paused for no questions, but, pluck-ing up a heavy bar of algarboo, smote so strongly upon the desperado's woolly pate that the ironwood broke. The black glant

reeled and fell and one of the men wrench-ed away the machete and flung it into the pool below the wheel.

"He came very drunk and only because Roque brushed against him with an armful of cane he wanted to kill him," said the men as they knotted their grimy handker-chiefs upon the wrists and ankles of the stunned black.

"You did well to hold him," replied the

administrador. "Bring now the irons we will put him in the calaboz till tor Then he shall go to Lima to the pris on, for we can have no fighting here, no men of trouble." A slendor, big-eyed Spanish boy comin

out a few moments later from the great castle arch of the manor house saw four peons lugging away between them the long hulk of the prisoner and stopped to ask the "Ah! That bad Coco. That he may nev

"Ah! That bad Coco. That he may never come back from Lima," said the young Spaniard named Felipe, earnestly. "He is a terror to all, and now I fear he will kill Don Melito, for Coco never forgets. I shall ask my father to see the prefect, that they keep him away. And the sugar?"

Felipe, never tired of following all the processes with a grave aig, as if it all rested upon his small shoulders. A boy who never felt that he was "helping"—if such a very helpless boy ever existed—has lost one of the best things in all boyhood, and Felipe could not have understood such a boy at all. He went on now and joined Don Melito and the two stood together watching the vat with professional eyes while the two negroes plied their plashing hoes. If was very hot work even to watch it, but a good administrador would never trust this

to the laborers. to the laborers.

"Now you watch it a little," said Don Melito, with roguish gravity, looking at the boy's preoccupied face. "As for me, I must see how are the pallas." and he climbed the steps to the platform where the caldrons were hissing with their new supply of san.

OUR \$3 SHOES

We claim to be the best made and equal to any \$4 Shoe in the city. They are hand-sewed welts. easy as a glove, made in every style toe, from extreme narrow to very wide, and all widths. stitched with silk, smooth insoles, free from tacks or wax threads, and made on foot from

TRY THEM ONE TIME.

Footcoverers to all Mankind. 27 Whitehall.

In the gentle springtime you can don that summer suit again, but now its day is past. The combination of a summer suit and this

cold rain produces pneumonia. We expected something just like this to happen, and have a fall suit ready for you, a full suit, overcoat and all. Of course you don't like to look shabby in times like these, when you can get an outfit at so small a price. Our fall suits will suit you in quality, style and



worked enough-if he had not better stop the hoes and get the moiders to If only Don Melito was not here, and there were no signs of his coming. Perhaps he was leaving Felipe to find out the difference between knowing how some one else does a thing and how to do it one's self. The boy fidgeted up and down and looked at the vat first from one end and then from the other and grew more doubtful the more he looked.
"I don't know and I don't know," he cried to himself. "But sure it is that I must do something, for he left me in charge and perhaps is busy with other matters, think-

ing I would not let it be spoiled. Put it in the molds! The men leaned their candled hoes agains the wall. The molders began ladling their buckets full and, in turn, filling the shallow molds. The color there darkened again as sudden crystallization set in; but Felipe felt a great load lifted off his shoulders. He was very sure now that it was a good color-not a hint of the hateful undertone black, but a soft, rich brown, shading to

gold at the thin edges. New he was free-the laborers could atand hunt for Don Mento. He ran up the steps and along the platform, and half way

trusted with that giant's strength! They might do for common men, but for Coco-As soon as consciousness came back to him and with it the old rage, ne had snapped them, and, wrenching out the iron bars from the window of the calabez, had come for his revenge. Even now he was shaking his wrists, one still hooped with the iron band, before the old administrador's face and hissing: "You! You did me this. And

now I will beil you!"

Don Melito stood still and gray as a stone, looking up inte Coco's eyes. His hat was in his hand on account of the heat; but now he put it on as if scorning to stand uncovered before the fellow-put it steadily upon the curling gray hair that reached barely to the level of those great naked

"I did strike you down and ordered you to be ironed, Coco," he said, quietly, "and I would do so again. Now, I am going to send you to Lima. There is no place at

Villa for people like you."

But Coco leaped upon him like the black jaguar and clutched him with those long krotted arms. Melito was sinewy and lithe as a cat, but he was no match for this huge foe. He fought for life, but Coco, with the equal desperation of hate. gle as he would, he was borne back and back until his legs cringed from the glow of the paila. At this he made so wild a lunge that it bore them back a few feet but it was only for a moment. Inch by inch the negro urged him toward that bubbling roar which seemed to drown all other sounds. And even now, with a wild chuckle, the giant doubled him backward

against the edge of the palla, with a black, resistless palm under his chin.

Only an instant had Felipe stopped, frozen at sight of Coro: in another he had spring to the rail, shricking to the men below:

"Juan! Sancho! Quico! Come!" And then rushing at the struggle, he flung himself as ferociously upon Coco as Coco had attacked Don Melito. But it seemed as if he were back in some dreadful dream. He ham-mered with futile fists upon that bare and mighty back and caught a fierce hold about one of those gnarled legs and tugged to trip it and kicked it with crazy feet. But it was all with the nightmare sense that he was doing nothing by all his efforts. In deed, it was half doubtful if the infuriated Coco knew at all of this attack in the rear. What to him were the peckings of a twelve-

Would the men never come? Felipe re-doubled his kicks and blows, but with a sickening fear. Don Melito was weakening already his head was thrust back over the steam of the pails. Only for his arms locked about the giant's waist, he would go in. And now Coco's huge hand came behind him and wrenched at the old man's slender ones, tearing open finger by finger resist-lessly. In another moment it would be too late to think.

Aha, Mr. Coco! The boy sprang to the second pails and snatched the long-handled skimmer that leaned against it, and, dipping skimmer that leaned against it, and, dipping it full from the caldron, flung the molten sugar squarely upon Coco's back. Howling, the negro whirled about dropping the half senseless administrador from him, and sprang at Felipe. But the boy stood stiff and very white, holding the ladle back aloft. "This time the eyes!" he cried hoarsely. "If you touch Don Melito again or me, I will throw it in your face!"

Even Coco hesitated at this. He was not

Even Coco hesitated att this. He was not too drunk with rage to know what boiling sugar meant. Plainly, this little fool had the advantage. He must be tricked—and then—But just then a wan smile flitted

across Felipe's face, and, as Coco half turned his head to see what pleasant thing could be behind him, he got a glimpse of Pancho, the horse breaker, and something dark and wavy in the air. He ducked forward, but a rope settled upon his broad shoulders, tightening like iron, and he was jerked backward to the ground and a dozen men were upon him.

That is about all there is to tell, excep cienda of Villa. At Lima he found the swift justice which sometimes happens in Peru. Don Melito was in bed several days, for he had been roughly handled in body and in nerves. The first day on which he could sit up a little Felipe brought him a cake

of chancaca,
"Inank you," said the old man, laying it
on the coverlet. Sugar was an old story to him.
"But you must taste this, my administrador, and see if it is ail right."
"It is good," answered Melito, munching
submissively. And then, with a sudden
light: "L is very good, as good as I coud
have made myself. Quite right. And I
think you sent it to the molds at just the
right time."

A PERFECT COAL.

The Kentucky Jellico Coal and the High Estimation Placed Upon

Readers of The Constitution may be the article in The Constitution of Sat the 20th instant, describing the property of the kentucky Jenico Coapany. Please note the analysis of the Volatile matter.

Fixed carbon.

The chemist, who is also a coal experiments of the component part for a coal to produce the best results, could not arrange it closer than to use the parts in the proportions shown by the analysis. This company having a shottime ago added to their equipment, decide to place their coal on the Atlanta marker giving consumers in this territory the benitt of the very finest coal for the same money that they have heretofore paid for inferior grades of Jellico coal. They have therefore placed their general agency will mr. George P. Howard, who unquestionably operates the best equipped coal yard the south, being located at the corner the south, being located at the corner of the south, being located to the south, being located to be south, bein The chemist, who is also a coal ex

Lorraine, Lorraine, Loree. (Charles Kingley's last poem, written in ill-ness in the Rocky mountains, June, 1874.) "Are you ready for your steeple chase, Lor-

raine, Lorraine, Loree?
Barnum, Barnum, Barnum, Barnum, Barnum, Barnum, Barne.
You're booked to ride your capping race to-You're booked to ride Vindictive, for all the

world to see.

To keep him straight and keep him first, and win the run for me. Burnum, Barnum," etc. She clasped her new born baby, poor Lorraine, Lorraine, Loree, Barnum, Barnum, etc.
"I cannot ride Vindictive, as any man might

see, And I will not ride Vindictive, with this baby on my knee; He's killed a boy, hes' killed a man, and why must he kill me?"

"Unless you ride Vindictive, Lorraine, Lorraine, Lorree, Unless you ride Vindictive today at Coul-

teriec. And land him safe across the brook, and win the blank for me.

It's you may keep your baby, for you'll get no keep from me."
"That husbands could be cruel," said Lor-raine, Lorraine, Loree,

That husbands could be cruel, I have known for seasons three; But, oh! to ride Vindictive while a baby cries for me, And be killed across a fence at last for all

the world to see!" She mastered young Vindictive-Oh! the gallant lass was she,
And kept him straight and won the race as
near as near could be;
But he killed her at the brook against a
poliard willow tree.
Oh! he killed her at the brook, the brute.

for all the world to see, And no one but the baby cried for poer Lor. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Pair Highest Award.

HOES

and equal to any hand-sewed welts. ry style toe, from e, and all widths. insoles, free from made on foot from

NE TIME.



you can don that w its day is past.

27 Whitehall.

just like this to ready for you, a f course you don't s like these, when mall a price. Our quality, style and

ner suit and this



Felipe's face, and, as Coco half his head to see what pleasant thing

which sometimes happens in Peru a little Felipe brought him a cake

A PERFECT COAL.

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hemist, who is also a coal expert, the third third the put together the component parts all to produce the best results, he all to produce the best results, he at arrange it closer than to use the the proportions shown by this. This company having a short added to their equipment, decided their coal on the Atlanta market, onsumers in this territory the benehat they have heretofore paid for grades of Jelico coal. They have a placed their general agency with the best equipped coal yard in the coal, and as if is unloaded at Mr. Howard's yard it does not contact with dirt or foreign matigle there are other Jelico coals, the only "Kentucky Jelico coal," and de exclusively in this city by yard. Intending purchasers are reto communicate with Mr. George and, No. 45 Edgewood avenue, or Decatur street. "Phone No. 1140. orraine, Lorraine, Lorreine, Lo

Kingley's last poem, written in ill-the Rocky mountains, June, 1874.) ready for your steeple chase, Lor-Lorraine, Loree? Barnum, Barnum, Barnum, Bar-

Barnum, Barnum

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It he world to see,

he but the baby cried for poor LorLorce.

e's Cream Baking Powder d's Pair Highest Award.

COTTON INJURED.

It Has Been Beaten Out of the Bolls by the Sterm.

MRS. L. W. WALTON DIES OF LOCKJAW

There Is Trouble in a Colored Congrega-tion in Augusta—A Life Insur-ance Policy Unpaid.

Augusta, Ga., October 2.—(Special.)—The storm which struck Augusta last night and increased in violence toward daylight, did very little harm to property. Still it was the most severe blow which Augusta has experienced during the entire season of atmospheric disturbances. While in Augusta proper very little damage was done, the surrounding country, if reports are true, has suffered considerably. Cotton has been dashed from the boll by the combined stacks of rain and wind. Much fine timber up the Augusta and Knoxville railtimber up the Augusta and Knoxville rail-road has been blown down, and in many cases the corn has been stretched along the ground. It is true that the fodder has been pulled, but the corn is still on the stalk and will be benefited very little by the bath of mud and slush which it will receive.

a sudden and rapid rise of the Savannah river. At 11 o'clock tonight the water registered twenty-six feet two inches and was rising seven inches an hour. It is calculated that the river will reach thirty feet. If it does corn on the bottom lands, which has not been gathered, will be

Death from Lockjaw.

After an illness of only a few days Mrs. W. Walton passed away this morning at Mrs. Walton passed away this morning at 8 o'clock. She had lockjaw.

Mrs. Walton leaves a husband and two small children, a girl and a boy, to mourn her loss. She was a most lovable woman, and by her many acts of kindness and charity won a host of friends, who will long mourn her sad demise

Trouble in a Church. The Central Baptist (colored) church is now claiming the attention of the religious ements of the city, for it now stands a wided and much disturbed flock, with the tlook for more sensational and spicy

news in the near future.

A short while ago the pastor, Henry Jackson, saw fit to expel twenty or thirty of his members, charging them with im-moral llying and disorderly conduct in church. It now appears that the expelled members are dissatisfied with the manner in which Rev. Jackson has been conducting the affairs of the church and are prepared to enter a strong protest against his actions. The outcome of the muddle is that it now looks as if it may be some time be-fore a reconciliation is effected.

An Unpaid Insurance Policy. W. J. Craig, administrator of the estate ember, has entered suit against the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, of New ark, N. J., for \$5,000. Mr. Cranston was insured for that amount and his policy was in force at the time of his death, but was in the custody of H. Hentz & Co., of New York, but not assigned to that firm. After Mr. Cranston died, Hentz & Co. surrendered the policy to the insurance company and the family of the deceased have received none of the benefits.

Eighteen divorce suits have been file for trial at the October term of the superior court. Several cases are from Carolina, in which state there is no divorce law.

FIXING LUMBER PRICES. Manufacturers Agree Not to Sell Below Certain Specified Prices.

Savannah, Ga., October 9.—(Special.)—The Southern Lumber Exchange held its first meeting, since its organization, at the De-soto hotel this morning and tonight. This exchange was organized in Savantember 18th for the general interest of the lumber trade. Its members anthe lumber trade. Its included with

the rsult of the organization.

At the meeting in September an agreethat they would not sell merchantable lum-ber of ordinary sizes at less than \$11.50, based on f. o. b. vessel price at Savannah, Fernandina and Jacksonville. It was also greed that the minimum price on 14-inch per under thirty feet shall be \$12, and 16-inch lumber under thirty feet, \$13. The mills are to receive pay for all orders taken at combination prices at not less than \$10 f. o. b. cars. The most important thing ne at today's meeting was the taking o Jacksonville, Fernandina and Brunswick

into the exchange. This practically consolidates all the lumber interests tributary to the south Atlan-tic coast, and effects a combination be-

the coast, and effects a combination between practically all the lumber men in the southern states.

The following members were elected to the exchange today: The Dexter, Hunter Lumber Company, New York and Jacksonville; the Drew Lumber Company, Columbia, West, We ia, Fla.; Dial & Upchurch, Florida; West Bros., West Farm, Fla.; Alfred & Sloan, Willingham, Ga.; Allison & Coleman, Rounse, Ga.; Mallett Bros., Leighton, Ga.; H. Smart & Bro. Lumber Company, Midville, Ga.; Jesse Thompson, Augusta, Ga.; W. D. Wheelwright & Co., W. B. Seymore and Cook Bros. & Co., Brunswick; Hayes & Lamb, Wadley, Ga.

PULASKI'S FAIR OPENS.

The Weather Was Bad-Races and

Hawkinsville, Ga., October 9.—(Special.)—
The Wiregrass exposition opened today with a splendid display of the products of this and surrounding counties. Wretched weather kept many visitors away. Hawkinsville and Pulaski county, however, were were the property of the crowd which with well represented in the crowd which wit-nessed the opening exercises. The exposi-tion was opned by singing and prayer by Rev. J. T. Ryder, pastor of the Methodist church. Hon. John T. Waterman made a short opening address and presented President Brown, of the exposition company, with a wiregrass hat made by one of the ladies of the county. Mr. Waterman introduced Senator Patrick Walsh, and many persons were introduced to the senator. He postponed the time of making his speech postponed the thick the trible to be carried over to Saturday, and the exposition will be continued through that day. There are seventy fast horses here and some fine racing is promised. Thurs-

is in danger if your blood is poisoned or impoverished; it should be purified and enriched and your system strengthened at once. You will accomplish this effectively by using

FOSTER'S

German Army and Navy Pood

A sovereign specific for Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Chills and Fever, Liver and Kidney troubles, Scrofula and all Blood diseases. Made of the purest materials, pleasant to the taste, and possessing wonderful tonic properties. Sold by all Druggists. FOSTER MEDICINE COMPANY,

day will be Macon's day and an especially large crowd is expected. Tonight the weather gives promise of a fine day tomorrow and if the sun shines large crowds will attend to witness a brilliant fair programme.

HE WAS CONJURED.

A Groom Resents Having Been Hoodooed Into a Marriage.

Athens, Ga., October 9.—(Special.)—If one

negro gets to conjuring another there going to be trouble, and awful trouble, at As an instance of this fact, Athens had

a lively fight this morning in which a battered head and a jailed negro were the re-The conjurer had got in his work, and when the conjured party met up with him

the wool flew. A negro named Peek was standing in a shoeshop on Jackson street this morning

about 11 o'clock when another negro named Henry Jackson came ambling in. Peek flew into a rage on the very sight of Jackson, tore his hair and made the air

me into all my troubles. He's the scoundred who conjured me into marrying an old woman. I tell you he conjured me and then made me marry. Just let me get at him."

And the conjured victim went at him like a cyclone. He evidently would have liked to have had a razor to cut the ebony skin. a cyclone. He evidently would have liked to have had a razor to cut the ebony skin of his tempter into shoestrings for the use of the shoemaker, sitting near by, but no razor was in sight.

He seized the next best thing for his purposes. It was a five-pound iron shoe last, and he hurled it with great force at his

The last went straight to the mark and Jackson reeled under the blow. He was dazed, both by the lick and the attack, which he did not expect.

Peek was not satisfied, but wanted to eathim up, hide and all. So he seized a ham-

mer and went at Jackson in a rush. He beat him over the forehead several licks before he could be pulled off, and then he was turned over to the police authorities on the charge of assault with intent to Jackson's wounds were quite serious, al-

though not necessarily fatal. A Foundry at Elberton. Mr. Thomas Bailey, of this city, will build foundry and machine shops at Elber-ton at an early date at a cost of \$10,000 or \$15,000. Elberton is fortunate in securing Mr. Bailey as a citizen

Dr. Carlton's Race. Those who are figuring on the senatoria result would do well to take the chances of Hon. H. H. Carlton, of this city, into consideration. Dr. Carlton is not making any plustery campaign, but is in the race to the finish. When the legislature meets he and his friends will be on hand to make it lively hustling for the man who gets in, and they say the chances are bright for Dr. Carlton's

The Full Rate Restored.

Through the work of the local insurance agents and the city council the three-quar-ter value clause as to insurance in Athens has been removed and the city now rests under the full value clause. This is ordered by the Southeastern Tariff Association in view of the fact that great improvements have been made in our waterworks and fire department service.

The Wedding Tomorrow.

The wedding of Mr. Rutherford Lipscomb to Miss Maggie Talmage occurs tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Captain and Mrs. C. G. Talmage on Millege avenue. It will be a home wedding, but quite a large number of friends have been invited. Following this wedding will be a number of others in the society circles of Athens and Ordinary Herrington will be kept busy this fall issuing marriage licenses.

Baptist Association Meets.

Buchanan, Ga., October 9.—(Special.)— The Harmony Baptist Association convened at this place last Friday. Rev. J. G. Gibson, of Atlanta, preached the introductory sermon. Mr. McMichael presented the claims of The Christian Index. Mr. Smith, of Gainesville, presented the claims of the Orphans' home. Friday night and Saturday services were conducted by Rev. S. R. C. Adams, of Carrollton. Rev. W. W. Roop, pastor of the church at this place, preached an able sermon on Saturday night. Sunday morning was taken up in reports of Sunday schools and short talks on Sunday

school work. At 11 o'clock Rev. T. A. Higdon, of Atlanta, preached at the courthouse and Rev. A. A. Pittman at the Baptist church. Each of these gentlemen preached on the importance of missions and realized hand-

The association adjourned after the 11 o'clock sermon Sunday, out most of the delegates remained over for the afternoon services. Rev. J. A. Howard, of Talla-poosa, preached an able ordination sermon, after which Thomas W. Griffith, of this

Sunday night Rev. F. Lindsey, moderafor of the body, preached the last sermon. This association has been in existence for thirty years and many old men who had been in many of the meetings say that this was the best meeting of the body they

Says It Is Some Other.

arest of Dr. O. T. Shaffer, a well-known druggist here, upon a charge preferred by Miss Sallie Kennedy, of Charleston, is causing much talk. Dr. Shaffer sticks to the story that it is a case of persecut and swears that he will fight the case the end. His friends do not believe that he is the man who deceived the girl, who has been visiting here for some time. Another party, he claims, is implicated in the matter.

Major Black's Campaign. Augusta, Ga., October 9 .- (Special.)-The democratic executive committee of the tenth congressional district met in Augusta this morning. There was a good reprethis morning. There was a good representation from all points and the delegates felt quite sanguine that democracy in the person of Major Black would again be triumphant. They are going to work with vengeance and want all the people to follow the same course. Major Black goes to Washington course, the speaks Washington county tomorrow. He speaks there on Thursday night in company Senator Walsh.

They Missed the Circus.

Americus, Ga., October 9.—(Special.)— Barnum & Bailey's show falled to perform here today. The larger part of their trains did not arrive from Macon until noon. One train arrived at 8 o'clock this morning, and it was then announced that there would be it was then announced that there would be no show, as they were unable to get out of Macon on account of the weather. Thou-sands of people came into Americus this morning in spite of the rainstorm, and the oon trains from all directions brought in great additional crowds, who were surely

A Barn Destroyed. Carnesville, Ga., October 9,-(Special. W. C. Ward, a prosperous farmer, living two miles east of town, lost his stable and contents by fire early Monday morning. He lost a horse and mule, a large lot of fodder and hay, farming tools, a buggy and wagon.

His loss is \$700, with no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown. A House Burns in Haralson. Buchanan, Ga., October 9.—(Special.)—At 3 o'clock today Colonel John Edwards's dwelling house was totally destroyed by fire. Nearly all the contents were saved. The insurance was \$200.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair H'ahest Medal and Dioloma,

Suit Is Brought Against Alderman Carling for Making an Arrest.

HE THOUGHT HE HAD THE AUTHORITY

Cook Clayton, Who Was Accompanied by a Negro Policeman, Asks \$10,000 Demages-Murder in Dooly.

Macon, Ga., October 9 .- (Special.)-The public is, no doubt, familiar with a recent ensational episode in this city in which Mr. T. J. Carling, alderman and chairman of council and president of the Macon and Indian Sping railroad, figured, together with Cook Clayton and George and Joe Napier, all well known young gentlemen of this city. Carling arrested the young men for alleged disorderly conduct at Oc-mulgee park, a resort operated by his street railroad, afterwards delivering young Clayton to a negro policeman, who carried the prisoner through the streets of the city to the barracks.

Young Clayton confronted Mr. Carling the next day and inflicted severe punishment upon him.

A suit against Mr. Carling for \$10,000 was filed in the superior court today by At-torneys J. H. L. Gerdine and L. D. Wood for Cook Clayton, who alleges that Mr. Carling had no right as an alderman of the city to arrest him, and, most especially, the negro policeman did not have the right to escort him to prison. It is the third act in one of the most sensational affairs that has happened in

Macon in quite a long time.

Run Over by a Train. Robert Kimbrel, a well known railroad man, was found lying in the center of the Central raifroad river bridge in an uncon-scious condition this morning. His right leg had been cut off and his other leg badly mangled. It is thought that Kimball fell from the Central railroad train which left Macon for Savannah at 12 o'clock last night. His brother, Tom Kimbrel, a police fficer of this city, says his brothtr started to Savannah last night but did not have a pass, and he is of the opinion that he was put off by the conductor.

Kimbrel lay in the bridge all night in drenching rain and it is impossible for

MURDER IN DOOLY.

The Victim Died in Macon Yesterday

Morning. Macon, October 9.—(Special.)—Wilson Burchell, a negro, died in East Macon this morning of a bullet wound received a week ago last night at Caldwell's sawmill near Cordele. His murderer is a young negro named Chatman, who escaped immediately after the shooting, which seems to have been entirely unprovoked and cowardly, inasmuch as Burchell was then just recovering from a six months' spell of sick

BIBB'S SCHOOLS.

The Total Enrollment to Date Is 4,725, an Increase of 300. Macon, Ga., October 9 .- (Special.)-At neeting of the board of education held ast night Superintendent Abbott read a report which showed the total enrollment in the city and suburban schools to date to be 4,725, an increase of 300 over the same date last year. The board decided to close the schools on Thursday and Friday, November 1st and 2d, in order to let the children attend the

Wants an Injunction Macon. Ga., October 9 .- (Special.)-M. & L. S. Fleckheimer & Co. filed a petition in the superior court today to have the sheriff of Macon county enjoined from dis-posing of certain goods sold by them to P. Lippman, a Montezuma merchant, prior to failure. They allege that Lippman made false statements as to his worth, alleging that he owned \$20,000 worth of property, when a few weeks later he executed a mortgage to Pauline Lippman, Gabe Lippman, W. A. Gans, H. Cohen, Wolff & Happ, J. T. Lewis & Sons and the Southern of Fleckheimer's claim is \$2,210.

WAS JEALOUS OF HIS WIFE.

Mr. D. Bashford cherished high ideas men, as opposed to women, and had exalt-ed notions of the husband's dominion over

Mr. Bashford had forbidden his wife at tending the masquerade of the A. Z. A. Society. He had his reasons for so doing, but his wife thought he might have made known his wishes in a little less imperious manner than he chose to adopt.

The ball was set down for the evening of the 29th. On the morning of that day Mr. Bashford went down town at the usual hour, but during the forenoon had occasion to visit a section of the city that led him past his own residence.

His attention was suddenly arrested by

a young woman with a large bundle, as ending the front steps of his house and His perplexity was increased when the door was opened cautiously, the young woman admitted promptly, as if by a previous understanding, and the door instantly clos

ed again. ed again.

Mr. Bashford's curiosity and suspicion were aroused. Should he linger and solve the mystery, or dismiss it from his mind and sq on about his business? He debated the question irresolutely for a moment, and finally decided that he must know what was going on in his own house.

was going on in his own house.

He had not long to wait. The young woman soon reappeared, but without the bundle, and walked briskly down the street, She led him to one of the busiest and gayest streets, and finally turned quickly into a celebrated costumer's establishmen Mr. Bashford was astonished. Could i be that his wife was venturesome enoug to disobey him, and had hired a costum with a view of attending the masquerade! He did not linger long in meditation. His wife's audacity must receive a severe

The proprietor was a woman. He accosted her thus: "Madam, would you object to making \$5 in as many minutes?"

The person addressed intimating that she

vould have no objection to that sort of thing, he continued: "Then describe to me accurately the cosume delivered by the young woman who entered this store a moment ago, or else show me one just like it."
"Well," said the woman, hesitating, "that

wouldn't be exactly regular, you konw.' "I understand that, but I can prove to know, and that no harm can possibly come to you by your telling me."
"O, well," said the woman, "I presume
it will be all right. The costume was that

of a Turkish lady. Here is one just like it, except that the hood is blue instead of "Yes-just so," said Mr. Bashford. "The one that the young woman left at 54 — street has a scarlet hood, has it?"
"Yes, sir."

"Very well; here are your \$5." "Very well; here are your \$5."

He made no allusion when he went home to his 5 o'clock dinner to the circumstances just related. He simply said to his wife before leaving, wondering the while at her innocent and unconstrained demeanor:

"As I told you would probably be the case, Louise, I shall be detained down town by business tonight until quite late."

"O dear! I am sorry. It is so lonesome."

these long evenings when you are obliged to be away."

The "business" which was to detain him was of a somewhat startling character. After spending a short time at his office, he proceeded to a customer's establishment and placed himself in the hands of an artist, who, after a long and tedious process, transformed him into a hideou-looking Indian.

This done he ordered a carriage and gave directions to be driven to the place where the masquerade was to be heid.

Mr. Bashford seemed to create quite a sensation in his character of Indian chief. Many stared at him, and some of the women shuddered.

shuddered.

He did not dance at first, but walked with stately tread around the hall, gazing dis-dainfully on the giddy throng. He was searching for a Turkish lady with a scarlet

It was some time before he found what he sought for. But at last he stopped sud-denly, and his gaze lingered in a particular quarter. There was the Turkish lady with the scarlet hood, and her size and general contour were exactly those of his wife. There could be no mistake about it. "Pooty squaw," he said, in a guttural

"Squaw dances?"

And they took their places on the floor for one of the quadrilles.

After this ensued what appeared to look ers-on a scene of desperate flirtation; but in Mr. Bashford's mind there was of course to his own wife, though a pang shot through his breast at the thought of her accepting such marked demonstrations from one who to all intents and purposes was a stranger. However, the game must be played, and

Thus an hour passed very pleasantly, he had to confess to himself, for his wife—if it were she—was unwontedly witty, viva clous and entertaining. But all of a sudden the Turkish lady de serted him and joined a Roman senator on the other side of the room. She conversed with him in a low tone, danced a set with him and afterward exchanged some private words in an apparently very confidentia

manner. This fairly maddened Mr. Bashford with jealousy. Finally he got a chance to speak to her again. "Squaw must not leave her brave," he

But she only laughed tantalizingly. "I think I hear the pattering of raindrops," he said. "Shall we not stand in the open door, where it is cool?"
"Yes," she replied, "for a few moments. It will be a great relief."
They approached to the doorway and stood looking down a short flight of broad stood looking down as short flight of broad stood looking down as short flight of broad stood looking down as short flight of broad stood looking the s

stone steps, which led to the sidewalk. Be-yond could be seen a solitary carriage, with a dim light glimmering from the driver's seat. The driver himself had sought shel-ter from the rain within the carriage. Mr. Bashford looked cautiously around. No one was in sight. He then coughed in a peculiar manner. The driver instantly merged, leaving the carriage door open and walked carelessly forward, seemingly to inspect the harness of one of the horses. Now was Mr. Bashford's time. He suddenly seized his companion around the waist, thrust his hand under her mask and

her to the carriage, "Scream and you will be murdered." he muttered in her ear.

He then forced her in the carriage, step-

ping in after her. Mr. Bashford held his fair prisoner firmly down to the seat, and admonished her in the harshest tones he could command to remain silent She cowered down submissively, evidently

too terrified to speak, trembling and pant-

ing violently.

"What is to be done with me?" she sum moned the courage to falter. "Hush!" he growled. Still the carriage rattled on through nu-merous streets and alleys, the driver hav-ing been instructed to take a long, rounda-

bout course. Finally the driver gave a loud cough. This was a signal. He had calculated that the devious course they had taken would so bewilder his wife that her ideas of locality would be completely confused. He wanged to impress her with the belief that she was being carried to some den of unknown horrors.
"Here we are," he growled. "Not a word

He rushed up the steps, carrying his captive under one arm. Unlocking the door with his night key, he rushed with her A loud scream greeted his arrival. The gas was burning brightly, and in the middle of the room stood-her arms thrown

He halted in dire astonishment and dis-may; still retaining his hold on the Turkish lady, who had by this time fainted.

"Louise!" he gasped.
But his wife only gave vent to a plercing shrick, and retreated to the furthermos corner of the room. 'Don't you know me, Louise?" 'What does all this mean?" she said

stepping forward cautiously. "Why are you disguised so frightfully, and who is this you have with you?" Mr. Bashford's bewilderment was so great that he had entirely forgotten that he was still supporting the Turkish lady, and he now nearly dropped her.
"Haven't you been to the masquerade?" he demanded of his wife.

"To the masquerade! Certainly not."
"Then who is this?" That. How should I know? Why, as I'm alive, it's-O, Dio, what under the sun have you been doing? This is Emma

And Mrs. Bashford bent over the pros-trate form and set herself about applying restoratives. They soon had their ef

ing restoratives. They soon had their effect. Miss Burch sat upright and looked about her in a confused manner.

"Louise, is it you?" she exciaimed, with a glad look, and almost fainting again.
"And am I really safe? O, horrors!"

She caught a glimpse of the Indian.

"There, there, never mind him, sa'd Mrs. Bashford soothingy. "It's only Dio."
"Dio! your husband! the one who kidnaped me? O, what does it al! mean?"

Both ladles looked at Mr. Bashford inquiringly, who was now forced to explain everything.

He did it with a very bad grace and concluded, his wife said!
"And so you thought the suit was for me, when I only had it brought here to accommodate Emma. The same clothes fit us both, and I had it fitted to me because she wanted to be very secret about her costume. O, Dio, to think that you should have such little trust in me!"

Mr. Bashford had not a word to say. He sat down moodily.

at down moodly.

He had for once in his life been fairly beaten, routed, ignominiously defeated.

MEGEE—The relatives, friends and acquaintances of Mr. W. R. Megee, and of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Megee, and of the respective families, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services of Mr. W. R. Megee, at Hemphill cemetery Thursday morning, at 11:30 o'clock. MEETING NOTICES. ple book sent to your home or office Expert workmen.

Royal Arcanum, Special Meefing.

Members of the new council, "Laurel,"
Royal Arcanum, are requested to meet in
Knights of 'Pythias' hall in Kiser building
tonight (Wednesday, October 10th), at 7:30
o'clock. Every member requested to be
on hand promptly. Applicants not present
at the organization meeting are specially
urged to be on hand.

SAM PRIOLEAU, Regent.
C. B. CRENSHAW, Secretary. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia. Carolina and Northern Railway Company will be held at the office of the company in the city of Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, November 9, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., central time.

The transfer books will be closed until November 9th.

October 1, 1894.

Secretary. EVERYBODY

FALL SICKNESS. Thront Trouble, Catarrha



I have been a great sufferer with catarr my stomach and bowels for years. I freently had to quit work and keep my be During the past year I have been working at nights and frequently after eating my breakfast I would be in so much distress that I could not sleep at all that day. I would be feverish, my head would ache and my whole body racked with pain, stomach and bowels so tender I could scarcely stand the weight of my clothes, bowels always constipated. I tried many remedies and numerous physicians without obtaining relief.

I had read considerable of the Copeland physicians and finally concluded to give them a trial. I have been under their treatment about one month and feel so relieved that I feel like recommending them to everybody.

TRIAL TREATMENT FREE.

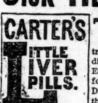
\$5 per Month for all Treatment

and Medicines. Copeland Medical Institute.

W. H. COPELAND, M. D. F. E. HOWALD, M. D. Office Hours—9 a. m. to 6:15 p. pp. Sunday-9 to 11 a. m.



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They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipa-tion. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small: easy to take: no rain: no SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.
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Ask for CARTER'S and see you get



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EVERYTHING OPTICAL Leaders in grinding oculists' prescription lenses. Kellam & Moore, scientific opti-clans, 54 Marietta street, opposite post-office.

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Monerief & Co., 102 1-2 Whitehall St. INSURANCE BUSINESS paying \$5.000 per year for sale. Address Insurance, care Constitution. oct 1.7t.
45 PER CENT profits weekly, with \$150 capital; prospectus, itemized statistics free. Benson & Dwyer, \$24 Broadway, N. Y. septi2-30t

WANTED—By couple, board in private family. Good price for first-class accommodation. Peachtree street preferred. C. C., care Coleman, Burden & Warthen Company.



Sufferers who may so desire will be wel-comed by Dr. Copeland to a trial treat-ment free on applying in person.

Patients living at a distance treated as uccessfully as here in Atlanta. Send for symptom blank.

Room 315, Kiser Building



THESE LITTLE PILLS. They also relieve Dis-

Eating. A perfect ren for Dizziness, Nause Drowsiness, Bad Taste i the Mouth, Coated Tor gue, Pain in the Side



oct 10-2w wed in san

7. 7½ and 8 PER CENT LOANS made on
the better class of improved Atlanta real
estate; interest payable semi-annually.
No clay. No commissions charged. Apply in person to the Scottish American
Mortgage Company Limited. Office with
W. T. Crenshaw, Kimball house.

oct 10-3t THE MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS THE MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS Banking and Loan Company will loan you money at 8 per cent, repayable monthly. R. H. Wilson, 51 N. Pryor street Equitable building.

SIX PER CENT, 7 PER CENT and 8 per cent loans for three or five years on residence and business property made quickly for any amount; no annoying delays. Mallard & Stacy, No. 2 Equitable building.

No. 9 South Brond Street.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

WANTED-A good second-hand boiler, 12 or 16 horse power. Address L., Excelsion Laundry, Decauser street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

naye-un LOANS—The following sums are money and for immediate loans: \$2,500, \$5,000; also \$15,000 in amounts to receive the head monthly. Good notes by

payable back monthly. Good notes bough also loans on good stock. R. H. Jones, Marietta street. oct 10-2w wed fri sun

oct5-Im
\$125,000 TO LEND on Georgia farms. Write
to W. P. & W. C. Davis, attorneys, Gate
City bank building, Atlanta. sep27-Im
WE WILL MAKE real estate loans promptly, repayable monthly. Southern Mutual
Building and Loan Association, 627 Equitable building. sep22-Im ATLANTA SAVINGS BANK lends mone

on real estate, buys purchase money notes. J. K. Ottley, cashier, Peachtree and Marietta streets. \$500, \$1,000. \$1,509, \$2,000, \$3,900 on hand to lend upon city property; large loans fur-nished prumptly upon business property at 6 per cent. Weyman & Connors, No. 825 Equitable building. RLEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiate loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street. jane-ly MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds, watches etc. Liberal loans, lowest rates, you etc. Liberal loans, lowest rates, you own time. N. Kaiser & Co., 15 Decatustreet. Kimball house. june22-im LOANS upon real estate in or near Atlanta promptly negotiated by S. Barnett, &/ Equitable building. april2-6m

FOR RENT By John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 48 North Broad, Corner Walton St.

5-r. h., Flat Shoals road
2-r. h., 85 Dohme
3-r. h., 216 Highland avenue
4-r. h., 87 Davis
4-r. h., 82 Davis
4-r. h., 75 Davis
4-r. h., 75 Davis
4-r. h., 25 Hills avenue
4-r. h., 122 Jones avenue
1 store, 72 Davis
4-r. h., 122 Jones avenue
1 store, 72 Davis
4-r. h., 242 Pulliam
1 room, 70½ Peachtre?
1 store and 2 rooms, 237 Piedmont
4-r. h., 76 Gartrell
5-r. h., 674 South Pryor
1 store, 217 Auburn avenue
1 room, 70½ Peachtree ive seen our goods and prices. Sam-Telephone 525.

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The CLOSE buyers of SHOES have found out that they get the BEST GOODS and LOW-EST prices from the PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE 232 MARIETTA STREET. Follow the current and save money.

MAIL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

> DUNWODY & HAUG. THE SHOE MEN FOR THE PEOPLE

EXCLUSIVE CARPET HOUSE

R. T. CORBETT 49 PEACHTREE STREET.

GUIMARIN & BIXBY,

Plumbing and Gas-fitting, STEAT AND HOT WATER HEATING

FOR RENT-Cottnges, Houses, Etc. HELP WANTED-Male. IF YOU WANT a good position place your application with the Southern Bureau, 70%, Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. FOR RENT-New 5-room cottage, acre lot. Also three-room tenement house and out Also three-room tenement house and out buildings, five acres, two in vineyard, one in orchard, balance highly cultivated; suitable for small truck and fruit farm. Ten minutes' walk from Decatur electric line. Will rent separately or both to reliable party. Apply Decatur Record.

FOR RENT-Two-story brick residence in thorough repair. No. 107 S. Pryor street, Apply to E. S. Gay, Gate City bank building. WANTED—By a wholesale hardware house an energetic, influential salesman to travel portions of Florida, Georgia and Alabama. Address, with references and full particulars, Carlin & Fulton, Balti-more, Md. oct 10-1w

more, Md. oct 19—1w
WANTED—Man with push to introduce
new article among merchants and stablemen in Atlanta and every city and town
in Georgia and surrounding states; pays
\$9 per day; sells on sight; no competition.
Address, with stamp, American Manufacturing Company, 424 Race street,
Philadelphia, Pa. FOR SALE—Columbia bicycle, model 39, 1893. Good as new. Cheap for cash. Address Columbia, Constitution advertising

WANTED AT ONCE—A good blacksmith that can work both wood and iron. None but the best need apply. Parties may call on T. J. Crowell, Ola, Henry county, Georgia. WHISKY DRUMMER WANTED-A promi nent concern in Kentucky wants an ex-perienced, steady whisky drummer for Georgia, Florida and const points. Must control good trade. Good salary to right man. Answer, with references, to Distiller, care Constitution. oct 10—5t WITHOUT real estate you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office, No. 20 Gate City Bank Bullding. Jos. N. Moody, cashier, may6-6m

WANTED—Man of some business experience to open branch business for reliable manufacturing company. Some ready cash capital required in the arrangement applicant please state financial worth and previous experience. Good salary and part profits to right man. References.

oct 10—wed sun oct 10-wed sun
WANTED.-A few persons in each plac
to do writing. Send stamp for 150 pag.
book for particulars. J. Woodbury, 127 W.
Forty-second street, New York City.
sep30-1y

WANTED—Active salesmen to handle our line, no peddling. Salary 375 per month and expenses paid to all. Goods entirely new. Apply quickly. P. O. Box 5308, Boston, Mass.

Mass.

WANTED — Reliable salesman, already traveling, to carry our lubricants as a side line. Manufacturers' (il Company, Cleveland, O. sept25— m HELP WANTED-Female. WANTED—At once, good cook for a small family. Apply between 8 and 10 o'clock Tuesday morning. 35 Spring street.
WANTED—A reliable, fast, first-class cook, well recommended; no others need apply. W. L. Stanton, 18½ South Broad

street.

WANTED—A good cook for small family.

German or Irish woman preferred. Apply
at office of Southern Home Building and
Loan Association in Hillyer building, corner Alabama and Broad streets, city. SITUATION WANTED-Male. WANTED—E ployment of some kind by young man of 23, with best of references. Will work cheap. Address Young Man, care Constitution.

WANTED-Position as clothing salesman or grocery clerk; experienced in both; can give best references. O. A. J., Con-FOR RENT-Furnished Rooms. TO RENT, with board, a large, handsomely furnished room in private family suita-ble for two gentleman. Apply 19 Houston street. oct 7-sun wed

ROOMS FOR REXT. FOR RENT-Three or four nice connecting rooms, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for light housekeeping. Apply 79 Luckie oct 10-2t

LUMBER, LATHS and shingles. Atlanta Lumber Company, office 17 South Forsyth

WANTED-Agents.

AGENTS WANTED-Men and women. The newest and most pratical book. Just ready. Sold on installments. Write for full particulars to Charles Scribner's Sons, Subscription department, 123 Fifth avenue, New York city. WANTED—Agents to take orders by sample at home or travel; expenses and good salary or commission to right party. Samples sent on application. Address, with stamp, Lock Box 420, New York City.

LEXINGTON, GA., October 8, 1894—Constitution: In looking through an old memorandum book, used during the war, belonging to my father, I found six green uncancelled confederate stamps with picture of Jefferson Davis thereon—He cent denomination: They are comparatively new. Should relic hunters wish to procure them, they can correspond with me. I have had offers for them. George C. Smith, agent Constitution.

Where to Find The Constitution. The Constitution can be found on sale

WASHINGTON-Metropolitan Hotel. JACKSONVILLE-H. Drew & Bro. CINCINNATI-J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine st. NEW YORK-Brentano's, 124 Fifth avenue

CHICAGO-P. O. News Company, 91 Adams street; Great Northern hotel; Mo-Donald & Co., 55 Washington St. KANSAS CITY-W. A. Rode, 618 Main St. SAN FRANCISCO-R. C. Wilbur.

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For The Daily Constitution, or 50 cents pe calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for The Daffy and Sunday Constitution, or any address by carrier in the city of At lants. Send in your name at once Do not pay the carriers. We have regular

ATLANTA, GA., October 10, 1854.

An Important Question.

The importance of a definite settle ment of the vexed question of registration for the congressional election cannot be overestimated, and it is to be hoped that something will be done at once to let the candidates, as well as the people, know just what to expect as regards the qualification for voting for congressmen.

If Judge Speer's decision, in the Rich mond county case two years ago, holds for the state, county registrations will be ignored. It certainly seems that the regulations controlling the federal election in one district should not differ from those controlling an election in another district, and that there should be absolute uniformity in the qualifications for voting in every district of the state.

Two years ago the voters of the tenth district, by the decision of Judge Speer, ignored the county registration lists. On the same day the voters in the fifth district, the seventh district and in other districts, were restricted to the registration lists in those counties where registration was in vogue.

There was a lack of uniformity in this respect which should be avoided this time, for while it is not probable, it is possible that the republicans will control the next house of representatives, and they would want no better opportunity to throw out democratic congressmen than on such a contest. Yet the question is deeper than a partisan one, and its settlement will obviate a great deal of unnecessary confusion on the day of the election.

The situation illustrates in a most fortible manner the necessity for a general state registration law. With such a law, having uniform bearing in every county in the state, there could be, of course, no question about restricting the voters, in both the state and federal elections, to those who qualify by regis-

Such a law would go far toward doing away with a corrupt ballot box, and is in every way to be desired. Let the general assembly at its meeting this month take the matter promptly in hand and pass a general registration law by which to regulate the elections in every county in the state. It is the most important measure that can be adopted by the legislature, and if the representatives of the people will go a step further and enact a law by which to insure an honest election and a fair count in every county in Georgia, it will win for itself a position in the confidence of the people more lasting than that of any legislature which has assembled in Georgia since the war.

Belated Charges.

It is needless at this time to engage in a controversy in regard to the charges so fluently made by Mr. John Temple Graves in regard to the existence of rings and other sinister machinery calculated to deprive the unwary voters of their rights and privileges. During the war there were a number of eloquent editors in the south who had a habit of showing the generals how the battles should have been fought. But it was not until the battles were over that the great stragetical gifts of these ed-Itors shone out conspicuously. When the armies were confronting each other they had little to say. But after the battle had been won or lost, they began to show how a much greater victory could have been won, or how defeat could have been averted.

The /trouble with these newspaper generals was that their information came too late to do any good, and this is the trouble with Mr. Graves's charges about the rings and ringsters that, according to his views, have, taken possession of political affairs in Georgia. These charges should have been made and discussed during the contest for the nomination-not vaguely, but definitely, so that the people would have had as opportunity to deal with them.

We have no doubt that partisanship outdid itself in some quarters, as it always does, but we believe that the people of the state are entirely satisfied to administer their state affairs. As to democratic dissatisfaction, the state was boiling over with it. In some quarters it took the shape of disgust and apathy; in others it took the shape of but the irritation was based on

ministration, and finally grew into a protest against the special effort that was made in the state to convince the voters that they ought to accept as democratic doctrine the views of Wall street and John Sherman on the money

We make these comments now because we believe the time has come for the democrats of Georgia to cease all controversies over minor issues and ome together in behalf of those larger sues that affect the vital interests of people-the repeal of republican financial legilsation, and the repudiation of the doctrines held by John Sherman and Wall street.

The Real Issue.

Chairman Faulkner, of the congressional campaign committee, says that the fight this year is to be made on the tariff. We think Mr. Faulkner is mistaken about this, just as he is mistaken in his methods of running the democratic campaign.

The people are under the impression that the tariff question has been settled so far as this administration is concerned by the passage of the new tariff bill. With this bill the law of the land, we do not understand how Mr. Faulkner proposes to make the tariff the issue in the pending congressional elections unless he expects democrats to attack the law that has just received the sanction of the democratic congress.

We are of the opinion that Mr. Faulkner is not the man to assist in the congressional elections in behalf of the democrats. We hear from various sources that democrats throughout the country find it extremely difficult to get campaign literature covering the real issues before the people. If Chairman Faulkner is not a democrat on the money question he will do more damage to the democrats than if he were an outand-out republican.

The silver question is the issue be fore the people and it will remain the issue until it is settled favorably to the interests of the people.

Meanwhile, if Mr. Faulkner is not deliberately trying to handicap his party -as the apostles of John Sherman did in the Georgia campaign-he should resign his place to the end that the committee of which he is chairman may be able to aid the democratic candidates for congress.

Flub-Dub!

The Southern Associated Press reports of Monday night contained the following interview with Hon. Hoke Smith. secretary of the interior, who reached Washington on Monday, after a month's sojourn in Georgia, during which time he was specially active in advocacy of the new gold standard policy which has brought cotton to about 5 cents a pound. Said Mr. Smith:

The state ticket has been elected by between 30,000 and 35,000 majority. It is ifestly unfair to compare this election with the state election in 1892, when Governor Northen received a majority of 68,000. Then the republican state convention declin endorse the populist candidate and failed to put out any candidates of their own. The colored teachers' conventions endorsed Gov ernor Northen. Governor Northen, therefore, was not opposed by the republicans, but on the contrary was supported by the majority of them. In the presidential elecmajority of them. In the presidential elec-tion of 1892 both the republicans and the populists had tickets in the field and the more than the majority in the recent election. This year the republican state convention endorsed the populists and the re-publicans voted almost solidly for their ticket. It is fair that the comparisons should be made with the democratic majority in the presidential election. This shows a difference of only 5,000 votes and I believe that this will be accounted for by the light vote polled. It is an interesting fact that the state committee did not spend \$2,000 on the entire campaign. It is noticeable, too, that no reduction of majorities took place in the districts where the fight was conducted in line with a platform defending a sound cur-

rency.

Possibly Mr. Smith knows what he is talking about, but it will interest the people of Georgia to know by what authority the statement is made that the republican state convention this year endorsed the populists, while two years ago it declined to do so. The truth is. the republican state convention this year refused to endorse anybody or anything, and specially refused its assent to the effort to bring about a coalition with the populists. So much for this.

It would also interest our people to know by what authority the statement is made that the vote of last Wednesday was so "very much lighter" than that of two years ago as to account for the difference in the democratic majority. The truth is, the vote last Wednesday was one of the largest ever cast in the state.

The people would also like to know by what authority the statement is made that "no reduction of majorities took place in districts where the fight was conducted in line with a platform defending a sound currency." There are but two districts in Georgia in which, in the contests for congressional nominations, a clear-cut issue was made on the financial question. One of these districts is that in which Secretary Smith resides, and which is now represented by Colonel Livingston. The other is the sixth district, now represented by Mr. Cabaniss, who, after a service of one term, was defeated by Mr. Bartlett for no other reason than that Mr. Cabaniss took the same position on the financial question that is now held by Mr. Smith. In Colonel Livingston's district the issue was drawn in Fulton county and Livingston's majority of a thousand expresses the verdict of the people of this county. Congressman Crisp, who differed with Secretary Smith on every occasion on which he spoke in Georgia during the campaign just over, had the satisfaction of seeing his district give the largest democratic majority of any district in the state, and there is not a district in Georgia whose democratic majority would not have been larger if there had been less goldbug talk during the campaigu.

explanation of the result of the Georgia

Mr. Smith has gone wide of the mark.

and is unnecessarily extravagant in his

should have been 70,000. As it was, the difference between 70,000 and 30,000 represents the direct loss to the party. occasioned by the too sudden effort to epublicanize the views of the voters of Georgia on the financial question. Mr. 'Smith's talk is flub-dub!

Free Colnage Certainty.

Commenting on the determination of the Ohio democracy to make the campaign on the free silver issue. The New Orleans Picayune puts in some good licks for the cause

Without advocating silver The Picayune says that it is enough to know that the people favor it, and they are bound to have their way sooner or later. Our contemporary puts the matter in this shape:

The authorizing of a state bank currency and the repeal of the tax on state bank notes would have gone far towards pacifying the dissatisfaction and moderating the demands of the western people for some financial relief. But every demand was met with a flat refusal, and the western people, who are weighed down by mortgages on their homes. ir homes, and who have been bank rupted by bursting booms, in 1893, found sident opposed to every appeal they upon congress for assista The result of the president's unyielding

opposition to every appeal for a financial policy which the western people thought would give them relief has been to arous and consolidate the demand for unlimited silver coinage until it is overflowing the country in a tidal wave, and the finance of the nation will be put upon a silve basis, and that will be as soon as the people can speak through their representa-

There is no question that a silver flood will be welcomed by a majority of the Amer-ican people. More than this, the people are determined to have it, and to that end the coming campaign for congressmen is being

These are prophetic words. Party leaders have wavered, and party platforms have been smashed, but the people have from first to last remained true to the money of the constitutiongold and silver. They have never consented to the demonetization of either. and they will never rest satisfied until silver is restored to its rightful place. Silver is the winning issue!

Chairman Clay's Campaign Work.

The character of the work performed by Hon. A. S. Clay, chairman of the state democratic, executive committee, during the recent campaign deserves to be remembered by the democrats of Georgia. As chairman of the executive committee, Mr. Clay had charge of the management of the campaign, and the vigor, energy and brilliancy which he brought to the performance of this duty went far toward preventing a total collapse of the canvass.

No democratic campaign manager in Georgia ever had as serious obstacles to overcome. These obstacles were all unforeseen, unexpected and unprecedent ed-totally new to the experience and expectations of the democrats. The fact that the voters throughout the state were more dissatisfied doubtful and anothetic than they have ever been before, was the smallest difficulty that Mr. Clay had to contend with and overcome. The real trouble grose when the postles of John Sherman's financial ideas unexpectedly threw themselves into the campaign and created difficulties new to the party's experience.

These apostles of republican financial views entered upon stumping tours in which they attacked the pledges of the Chicago platform, denounced the declar ations of the Georgia platform and did their best, on the stump and in the newspapers, to demoralize the party and create a fatal and final breach in its ranks. These apostles of republican goldbuggery paid no attention whatever to the programme and methods of the state committee, but went about on a schedule of their own, preaching false and vicious doctrines and sowing the seeds of dissension by antagonizing the party and its platform and making an elaborate effort to weaken the position taken by the party's candidate for governor, and to refute his arguments.

It was this unexpected and unprecedented emergency that Chairman Clay was compelled to deal with, and the fact that he dealt with it promptly and successfully shows that he is a manager fertile in expedients and resources. Wherever false and schismatic doctrines were preached be met them with the vital truths of democracy. He made the democratic campaign bolder and more uncompromising and in this way nipped in the bud the defection that the apostles of John Sherman had deliberately prepared the way for.

The collapse of the party's great majority might have been much more se rious-might, indeed, have disappeared altogether-but for the brilliant and effective campaign work of Chairman Clay and his associates.

Parties in Politics.

In this country every generation has seen the breaking up of one or more political parties.

Our growth is rapid in population and development, and new issues and questions of public policy are constantly coming up. It was natural that after the close of the civil war the successful party should make a determined effort to crush out the last vestige of states rights, and it was equally natural that the defeated party should make the strongest possible opposition to the progress of centralization. another thing occurred. The dominant party-the republican-became the party of plutocracy, and favored all the great trusts and monopolies. This policy caused the old war issues to gradually die out, and economic problems loomed up into so much importance that a new party called the populists came into

existence. Populism was not a revolt against democracy-it was the uprising of the producers and wage workers against the extravagance and the class legislation of the republicans. The new party, however, started out with an extreme policy. It was so bitterly opposed to centralization and monopoly that it embraced what amounted to socialism as the most available remedy.

Then another element of discord came to the front. In many states there were thousands of voters who were so discontented that they felt a desire to persecute something or some-Georgia's majority on last Wednesday | body. So they organized the American

Protective Association and started crusade against foreigners.

Now, here are three extremes-repu lican monopoly, populistic socialism and the American Protective Association movement against foreigners. Oppose to all three stands the democratic party, conservative and yet progressive, olding the Jeffersonian doctrine equal justice to all and special favors

This brief statement of the situation points to some important changes in the status of political parties, but these changes are more likely to affect the republicans than the democrats.

These new parties are a protes against the policy and the methods of the republicans, and they cannot be regarded in any sense as a revolt against the democracy. Of course, the American Protective Association movement stands by itself, but it is a notorious fact that it gets most of its recruit from the republicans

Millions on a Word.

The great capitalists of New York who have known one another for years, have their own code of honor, and the word of one of them is as good as his bond.

Last Saturday, Brayton S. Ives, presi dent of the Western National bank, was notified by a telegram from Milwaukee that he would have to raise \$2,270,000 in a few hours to save himself and his friends in the Northern Pacific a great deal of trouble. The telegram from Judge Jenkins informed Mr. Ives that he must raise the amount mentioned to pay for new certificates the following Monday noon, or the court would grant the petition of the receiver, who was about to gobble up the road.

Now, Saturday afternoon is not good time to raise money, but Mr. Ives at once telegraphed Judge Jenkins that he would guarantee the amount. was not a matter of obtaining a loan for a certain time at a high rate of interest. That would have been easy What he had to do was to induce the men who put up the money to invest it and take their chances, and wait several days for their certificates after parting with the cash.

The first man applied to was worth about \$10,000,000. Ives told him that he wanted to raise over \$2,000,000, and would like to get a good start. The minionaire asked just three questions, and drew his check for \$400,000. He wanted no receipt, and his visitor de parted to call on other friends. It is hard to believe, but some of these rich men were so mean and niggardly that they would not risk more than \$100,000 without security, but Ives accepted even these trifles and went on his way. He got \$400,000 from another friend. and by 5 o'clock had \$1,500,000. He had to call some of his friends away from their dinner tables, but by 9 o'clock he had the amount needed-the whole \$2,270,000.

Only one man had asked for a receipt. All the others trusted to the word of

the borrower. It is impossible to read this little story without coming to the conclusion that a great many clever fellows are to be found among the capitalists of New York. And it is just so. Our metropolitan millionaires are in the main bighearted and generous, and it should not be forgotten that they are investing their money all the way from Maine to Texas, and using their wealth to build up the industry and commerce of the country, while at the same time their gifts in the shape of public and private charity exceed anything known in the

A Lucky Georgia Rhymer.

Mirabeau L. Towns, a Brooklyn lawyer who once lived in Atlanta, received a legacy of \$150,000 the other day from an eccentric Irishman who had taken a fancy to the lawyer's rhymes.

About ten years ago the Irishman called on Mr. Towns and requested him to take the case of an old woman who wanted damages for being bitten by a dog and drenched with water from a hose. But the condition was that Mr. Towns should utilize his poetic gifts by making an argument in rhyme. The proposition was accepted and the jury gave the woman a verdict for \$75. The Irishman gave him another case which he also won, after making his argument in rhyme.

To cut a long story short, it is enough to say that this strange admirer of Mr. Towns's poetry is dead, and has made the rhymer one of his four heirs, each of whom will get \$150,000.

We do not believe that there is a similar case on record. Certainly, no American ever before received such a rich reward for a few jingling verses. Let our poets be of good cheer. Perhaps their golden age is here. It opens well this autumn drear, and spreads its sunlight far and near.

In Humpty Dumpty's Fix.

The report that the friends of Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge will bring him to the front as a senatorial candidate, will have to be confirmed before people will take it seriously.

If there is any truth in the story, then it becomes doubtful which is the crazier, Breckinridge or his friends.

The case of Humpty Dumpty is very similar, in some respects. It will be recollected that he once sat on a wall, and then had a great fall. After he was down, despite his former commanding position, all the king's horses could not pull him up again. The fallen Kentucky giant is in the same plight. Since his disastrous tumble he is down in the mire, and he is there to stay. His friends are not strong enough to pull him out, and if they attempt it, public sentiment will give them a sharp rebuke. Junius was right when he said that no rank or station is high enough to support a perfectly degraded name.

Now that Editor Allen has The Macon Telegraph where he can control it to suit his notions he ought to be able to make pretty good newspaper out of it.

It is thought that the next house have some changes in its complexion. The people seem to be somewhat worried in their minds about congress.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are trying to explain the slump in Georgia by

saying that the vote was a small one. But he fact is it was the largest vote eve

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are not paying much attention to the fact that the district represented by Speaker Crisp, an out-and-out free coinage man, rolled up the biggest democratic majority in the state.

A great many financial fakirs are pre enting solutions of the currency problem to Secretary Carlisle. They would do well, we think, to submit their solutions to the

Uncle George Frisbie Hoar has given the Massachusetts republicans a platform that reads as if it had come hot from the intellectual department of Colonel Pat Donan.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

Tonight at the First Methodist church, at :45 o'clock, Rev. W. J. Scott's lecture or "Psychology" will be read by Judge W. R. Hammond. It is a fine lecture and will entertain and instruct those who are for tunate enough to hear it. There will be no charge for admission

The death of Mrs. Rosa Vertner Jeffrey removes a picturesque figure from Ken-tucky society. Few women were better known throughout the south and her writings gained for her a national reputation. It was she who gave the famous hasheest supper many years ago at which the guests took a dose of the eastern drug. Und influence Mrs. Jeffrey wrote one of her with others who swallowed the opiate Some of them were quite ill from it, and this famous supper was long the talk of the town. Among the guests were some of the most prominent people of the state, one of whom was General Basil Duke.

Mr Pelham Nahl of Alameda, Cal., feels that he is a much misunderstood and ill-treated man. He had arranged for an entertainment to be held for the bentfit of the Episcopal church, and as a drawing feature he had consented to pose-statuary, or "impersonations in living bronze," where in he would be presented to the publi gaze arrayed in a smile and a coat of bronze paint. The plans were way before the church found out what was going on, but presently some of the ladies came privately to the rector to te him about it, and say that it was scandalous; the gentlemen dropped in to express an opinion that it would never do, you know, and the rector put his foot down and said that it could not go on. Mr. Nahl was all ready for the performance, and had even hired a hall, and he was indignant. He says that his entertainment was an affair of high moral tone and that he was very much misunderstood.

Says The Chicago Times: "We state the fact to be that the industrial products of the earth, which is the foundation of all wealth, have fallen in price fully 40 per cent in the last twenty years; that this depreciation has led to want in the midst of plenty-to depression in all industries-has limited by at least 40 per cent the power of purchase and consumption of the products of manufacturers; has brought about common distress, labor strikes, universal discompulsory idleness, Coxey tramps, and consequent crime; that all these calamities are largely, if not chiefly, chargeable to the diminished volume of circulating money and to the unwise financial policy of the nation. And in support of this conviction we point with confiden to the example of France, which, with half of our population, one-tenth of our material resources, and one-fifteenth of our territorial area, maintained in steady parity both the metal moneys for several years, in which gold was produced in proj tion of 4 to 1 of silver; and we believe that never since the days of King Solomon was gold as 4 to 1 for even a single year.

The Washington Post says: "Since the ermanent organization of the board of experts representing the general governme at the Atlanta exposition, Dr. Tarleton Bean, of the fish commission, has been in consultation with Fish Commissioner Me Donald and plans are being laid as rapidly mission is to have in the coming big show. far decided on are a model fish hatchery in full operation and the arrangement of a large series of aquaria that shall surpass in some respects, even those of the govern ment exhibit at Chicago. The chief point of interest to Washington in this connection is that when the Atlanta exposition is over these aquaria are likely to come back to Washington to form a part of the fish commission's permanent exhibit here. Colonel McDonald has by no means given up his project for a great aquarium on the Potomac flats, but pending the consumn tion of this scheme he has his eve on the return of the material from the Atlanta exposition, and the tanks and apparatus for that exhibit will be planned with special reference to their subsequent use in Wash ington. In speaking to a Post reporter of the part the fish commission would take in the coming exposition of the cotton states, Colonel McDonald said: 'It strikes me that one of the best things that can be do to show the southern people some of their own resources, the food fishes of the south-ern rivers, of the coast and of the gulf, as an economic object lesson, and besides this there is a wonderful store of the grotesque and curious fishes of the subtropical waters that help to make a very novel and curious display. The wonderful invertebrate life of the warm gulf waters, the marine plants of the warm guif waters, the marine plants and flowers and such things are all within easy reach of Atlanta, and the tropical and subtropical display at the coming exposition will, I think, outclass even the display at the world's fair. And when it is over we will get a great deal of it back here. If they don't watsh us we will have a big permanent aguarium here before they a big permanent aquarium here before they a know it, and that without going much out-know it, and that appropriation. There is side the regular appropriation. There is ground enough around our building here to put in a much larger aquarium than we v have, and it can be put up here till get a chance ultimately to locate it on flats."

SPARKS FROM GEORGIA.

The citizens of Worth county are amon the most enterprising people of piney woods Georgia. For the last five years they have held at Poulan a fair, at which the products of their fields, gardens and vineyards were exhibited. The sixth of these fairs began on Tuesday, the 9th of October, and is expected to be more interesting and more complete than any of its predecessors.

There are two factions among the men bership of Providence Primitive Baptist church, Worth county, and they have "agreed to disagree," and their dispute has been carried before the superior court by injunction for settlement. Judge Bower has a knotty problem before him. Mr. John A. Tomberlin, of Irwin county,

raised last year 113 pumpkins on a single vine that averaged sixty-five pounds each, aggregating 7,345 pounds of solid pumpkin nest from the one vine, the larg and one-half feet long and weighing 119 pounds. The vine covered one and one Tifton continues to forge to the front

Some very important real estate deals are being made which means much for that essive little city.

Irwin superior court, which was to have been held this week, was adjourned by Judge Smith to Thursday, November 1st. To the Mathematicians.

The Constitution is requested to publish this poultry problem and the correct answer, to settle a bet:

"If a hen and a half my an egg and a half in a day and a half, how many eggs will six hens lay in six days?"

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

An Oak Pire. My troubles vanish-out or sight, And like the sparks expire, When seated, on a rainy night,

Beside a big oak fire. But tempts the brave flames higher; And fancy paints a thousand things

And dreams-rare dreams, of lovlier days Fall soft, and never tire, While Memory's warming at the blaze

Not this vain world, with joys sublime Could tempt my fond desire, Could I but dream all winter time Beside a big oak fire!

Editor Henry Clay Fairman, of The Sunny South, anticipating the promised cyclone, celebrates it in the following spirited verse: Athwart the globe like dragon flies,

With trailing trunk, which (monstrou ucks, twists and reaches left and right, And rends and scatters in its wrath Whatever lingers in its path."

"I paid you \$5 to vote for me?"

Then, why didn't you do it?" "Well, suh, you see—hit was dis way: le yuther feller, he paid me \$10."

"Our Little Folks" is the name of paper published at Indianapolis, and edited by A. W. Lowry. It contains a variety of bright, interesting articles and is

Some of the candidates who have been octhe stumps are now digging them up for planting-time.

> Too Bad! The poets take the country-all, And into song they oring it: An autumn leaf can't take a fall, But that some bard must sing it

"This is great fall weather you are hav-"Yes; cotton's dropped out o' sight." James Whitcomb Riley has written onnet to Bill Nye. Well! Think of Bill

Fall Time in Georgia.

Nye masquerading in a dignified sonnet! The Augusta Evening News wants to inaugurate "a song campaign." Wait till the congressional election is over, or the voters von't be able to hear themselves vote.

Never Touched Her Cold wave comin' from the west-So the record shows; Georgia, all in muslin dressed, Smiles, an' pulls a rose!

The 'avclones that wreck other parts of the country melt into rain before they strike Georgia, and merely weep a little

A Leading Question "Have you read "Trilby?" "
"No; but I've heard 'Sweet Marie." One Way to Raise Hogs.

"What are you here for, George? "I's been tuck up, suh, fer raisin' hogs." 'Why, there's no law against that' "Dat's what I tell um, suh; but dey sorter found out dat I raise de hogs over de

The defeated candidates have all reurned home, and are now busily engaged in house cleaning. If some of the managers of the belated

precincts are not careful they will through in time to spend Christmas at home Queer World.

funny game is politics! The man who lost his head Has ceased to run for office And now splits rails for bread! Florida man found a silver watch in a dead alligator. But the man neglected to state that the watch was running and keep-

ing Washington time.

SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES. A strange fact was developed by Dr. Charles C. Lewis, of Georgetown, Ky., on Friday. A negro who has been sufferi slightly from a pain in his arm for abo our months called at the doctor's office. Upon examination, it was found that a needle two inches long was em bedded in the muscles of the arm. The negro did not know when he could have received the wound, nor could any scar be found.

The Paducah, Ky., News says that the wife of B. J. Grief, who lives a few miles from Kuttawa, ran away with a negro. She was caught in Marshall county and punished by the courts. A few days ago she returned and was received by Mr. Grief returned and was received by Mr. Grief af if nothing had happened. Some of the people, however, did not like the arrangement, and, after thoroughly disguising themselves, whipped the couple—the woman for refor coming back and the man for re-

Burrel Moore, of Kentucky, is teaching school in a district that can furnish more twins than any other in the county-per-haps in the state. He has for pupils three ets, then boards within a stone's throw of two more. There are also a number of twin calves in the same territory.

G. W. Jessup, of Fairview, Ky., has in his possession a dirk over a hundred years old. It was carried by his father in the revolutionary war, and it was made in a black-smith's shop and is ten inches long. The andle is inlaid with silver.

While Charles Neely, of Hamletsburg, Ky., was riding horseback after a doctor he was thrown off and his neck broken and skull crushed. Death was instantaneous. Two weeks ago he eloped to Jack on. Tenn., with the pretty daughter of

At Palatka, Fla., during the recent storm the water hyacinths were thrown so com-pactly against Rice creek bridge that pedestrians were enabled to cross the stream on them dry shod

A pegro who lost his way in a Florida swamp was so badly bitten by mosquitoes that his life is despaired of. -

GENERAL GEORGIA GOSSIP.

The Augusta Chronicle says editorially:

"For many years the blind chaplain of the national congress was one of the familiar figures in Washington, and Georgia is now presented with the opportunity to bestow this honor upon a most estimable and deserving man who has lost his eyesight in the service of God and his fellow man. Rev. J. W. G. Watkins was for several years the pastor of Ashbury Methodist church in this city and went blind during his ministry. He is a most excellent and intelligent man and was very popular with his congregation, but, owing to his physical infirmity, was obliged to surrender his charge as pastor. The friends of this estimable man have determined to urge his selection as chaplain of the state senate of Georgia. The recent occupant of this office having died, it is now vacant, and the senate could not do a more gracious and proper thing than to aid this good man by giving him the place. He is in every way worthy and we commend him to the attention of the senators."

"We fully agree with The Atlanta Constitution as to having all the elections consolidated into one. The loss of time, not only on election days, but in campaigning before each election, is enormous, and we believe all the people will favor one election day for finishing up the whole business. We do not at all mind a lively

lection, but the tension is so great that it

Ex-Senator Norwood, in an interview in The Savannah Press, declares that the re-cent state election in Georgia indicated a growing discontent with the administraon in Washington. The heavy populist gains in the state legislature, M wood seems to think, are not due so much to the combined effort of negro and populist votes, but rather to the protest of the people to the inaction of congress.

The Columbus Herald, commenting the result of the late election, says:

"In Atlanta on Wednesday the city p mary and state election were held at a same time. It proved such a success a brought out such a large vote that The Constitution endorses the action by a long and sensible editorial, containing some most pertinent suggestions which we hear ity endorse. It is very evident that we have too many elections, and the business men our city are tired of basis. ily endorse. It is very evident that we have too many elections, and the business men of our city are tired of being obliged to quit their business so often, and showed it on Wednesday to a greater extent than we or any one else imagined. We hope our members of the legislature will be in line, or at the head of it, and present a bill to the house looking to the end in view. So many elections are not only vexatious, but they add an additional burden of expense to the people which would be saved by consolidating them. The lesson of Wednesday ought to teach us that we should take advantage of ever means to bring out a full vote of all the white people of the city and state, not only in city and state elections, but in national elections as well."

PROMINENT GEORGIANS.

Athens Banner: Hon, J. D. Howard wi ontest the vote in Baldwin, by which the ist nominee on the face of the re turns won by a majority of eight votes Columbus Ledger: Hon. Louis F. Garrard has accepted an invitation to speak

Savannah October 12th on the ssues of the day. Mr. Garrard is a favorite with Savannah people, and his ac dress is looked forward to Columbus Ledger: The Muscogee demo racy deeply regrets the defeat of Judge J. J. Dunham for the legislature in Marion

county. The judge is a true blue and har never shown the white feather in any contest. Marion county democrats made a mistake in not electing Judge Dunham. Columbus Enquirer-Sun: Governor-elect ernor Northen at the executive office. The interview is said to have been an tended one, but its nature has not been made public. It can be said, however, that

Governor Northen is ready to turn the state, in all its departments, in fine shape to his successor in office. Hartwell Sun: Mr. Andrew J. Cobb. formerly of Athens, now a citizen of Atlanta, has a large following all over the state for justice of the supreme court in the even this court is increased from three to five members. When a citizen of Athens, Mr Cobb stood at the head of the bar of Classic City, and he ranks now among th very ablest members of the Atlanta bar He is the very soul of honor and is genial and as amiable as a woman. If judge of the supreme court he would honor the high place and all his opini

would be in accordance with the law and the evidence. Mr. Cobb is a grand man in this-that he is an honest man. Rome Tribune: It is not alone by hi Congressman Maddox has done excellent and valuable work. In all practical committees and other routine duties he has ever been alert to secure substantial aid and comfort for our district We have never had a congressman more ready and anxious to serve our interests

in all particulars. Augusta Chronicle: Colonel I. W. Avery has sailed for Rio Janeiro in the interest of the Cotton States and International exposition. He has the opportunity to do a great work for the south and will no doubt

GOOD TIMES IN GEORGIA.

Macon Teleghaph: And now, at last, after more than two years of anxious waiting, the fogs begin to lift. The railroads are being reorganized and placed on sounder footing. Banks have accumulated capital that must find investment in new enter-prises. The tide of immigration, as never before, is beginning to turn our way. Millions of dollars will in the next few years be spent along the lines of the reorganized southern railways in industries tha will employ labor and produce new freight for the roads. Indeed, there never was a time in all our history when there came so many inquiries from outside capital as freight our mails today.

Rome Tribune: Politics to the rear and increased prosperity to the front. We have discovered no damage done by the election. except possibly a few of our esteemed friends have given their tongues a little too much exercise. Nobody is mad, everybody is glad that the election is over and we shall go right along advancing the interest of our section as if last Wednesday was a Sunday. The whole people feel this way, and now for another long pull and strong pull all together, to increase, if we can the length of the great strides we are mak-

ing to great prosperity. Columbus Enquirer-Sun: Editor Triplett, of The Thomasville Times-Enterprise, frankly says that the enterprising people of is town will now turn their attention from politics to the hiving of a big swarm tourists. They find there is

more money in it. IN GEORGIA SANCTUMS. The Stewart County Hopper sings:

The country ain't a-gwine to wreck, Not yet awhile she ain't; For democrats are all on deck, A-puttin' on the paint." Says the sage of The Rome Argus

"Woman can, vote, but her increasing bi cycle tendencies show her interest in the common wheel." Editor Clement will soon enlarge The Southern Argus to an eight-page family weekly and affirms that he will make it one of the best papers in this section.

Says the editor of The Ringgold New

Here is a good one from The Dalton Argus:
"Our devil says you can't raise pumpkins
at all in Gilmer county—where he was raisat all in Gilmer county—where he was raised. He says the vine grows so fast that it wears the pumpkin out dragging it over the ground."

Says the editor of The Stewart County

"In consequence of being located remote from telegraph poles and steam ginneries, week's issue of The Hopper. We spent we came very near falling to get out this most of the time during the week ginnin', by mule power, five-cent cotton on an ante-bellum outfit. Although the neighbors are scatterin', any sympathetic feelings are scatterin', any sympathetic feeling that they have to spare will be thankfull received."

Meansville, Ga., October 8.—Editor Constitution: I notice in Saturday's Constitution an article from Barnesville in which I districts thrown out on mere technicalities was done without any law to warrant such a course. It was done contrary to law and for the sole purpose of counting me out.

As to Colonel A. A. Murphy, he has been my friend during the whole campaign. He has made votes for me, both white and black. This every democrat knows. I am sure that Colonel Murphy has never made excell equality speech. I did not "re-

sure that Colonel Murphy has hever a social equality speech. I did not "mark in Zebulon that Murphy had lost my white votes by preaching social equality as quoted by your Barnesville correspondent, and there is not an honest democrat Pike county that believes I made such a mark about Murphy, or that Murphy ever preached social equality to the negroe Respectfully, T. J. BARRETT.

MINENT GEORGIANS.

nner; Hon, J. D. Howard will by a majority of eight votes. Ledger: Hon. Louis F. Garrard ted an invitation to speak in ed an invitation to specifical October 12th on the political the day. Mr. Garrard is a fa-Savannah people, and his ad-coked forward to with much

y regrets the defeat of Judge am for the legislature in Marion e judge is a true blue and has n the white feather in any conon county democrats made a not electing Judge Dunham.

Enquirer-Sun: Governor-elect Enquirer-Sun: Governor-elect as made a formal visit to Gov-hen at the executive office. The is said to have been an expect to the its nature has not been an been an expect to the its nature has not been c. It can be said, however, that Northen is ready to turn over the interpretation of the interpretation o in all its departments, in fine is successor in office.

thens, now a citizen of Atla following all over the state for the supreme court in the event is increased from three to five When a citizen of Athens, Mr. at the head of the bar of the and he ranks now a as amiable as a woman. If a the supreme court he would high place and all his opinions

bune: It is not alone by his hat Congressman Maddox has ent and valuable work. In all aid and comfort for our district. ever had a congressman more anxious to serve our interests

States and International ex e has the opportunity to do a for the south and will no doubt tire success of his mission. TIMES IN GEORGIA.

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DR. FELTON'S QUERY

Judge Newman Says the Question Must Be Brought Before the Court Formally. Congressmen to Meet Saturday.

The populists, as well as the democrats, are exhibiting much interest in the question of the necessity of registration to vote

Every one of both parties wants the question definitely settled one way or the about it on election day, and in order that

Will, or will not, Judge Speer's decision apply in the election?

In his decision Judge Speer said that the registration laws of the various counties were totally wanting in uniformity, and their application to an election in which all the people were equally interested would be irregular and unfair. He cited passages in the state constitution which say that laws of a general nature shall have uniform operation throughout the state. Then he cites the registration laws of various cour ties, showing their total lack of uniformity. and says: "There is no foundation for a statute which denies to a voter at a general election in one county the privileges and immunities which a voter at the same elecion in another county enjoys. There is nothing in the clause which authorizes the enactment of registration laws with different requirements for different divisions of the state to effect votes at a general elec-

state are equally interested." That the populist candidates, as well as the democrats, are vitally interested in of registration is evidenced by the following correspondence between Dr. W. H. Felton the populist candidate for congress in the seventh district, and United States District Judge Newman, which was furnished The Constitution for publication yesterday by Mrs. Felton at the doctor's request:

tion, in which the people of the whole

Dr. Felton's Letter. "Bartow County, October 8, 1894-Judge spectfully ask you to interpret the law of

"In Bartow county, which has a registration law, every voter is required to register before a specified time to become a legal voter. Richmond county has a registration law, and yet thousands of unregistered votes were cast in 1892, and unregistered votes will be cast in the approaching elec-tion. Will you kindly inform the public of the effect of Judge Speer's decision in other districts? Will that decision which released the unregistered voters in 1892 from penalties in Richmond county be the governing law all over Georgia? Can registration be suspended in the tenth and enforced in the seventh district in federal elections? In the different counties which have registration laws can such differences prevail as here noted? Is Bartow county exempt from registration acts under Judge Speer's decision? Our county has required the same registration for congressional tions, but registration is unnecessary in

congressional elections, according to Judge Speer. Please give the public the proper interpretation of the law, and if necessary to obtain a judicial opinion, kindly advise me of the necessary procedure. Very truly yours, W. H. FELTON." Judge Newman's Reply. "Atlanta, Ga., October 9, 1894-Hon. W. H. Felton Cartersville, Ga.-My Dear Sir:

Your communication of the 8th instant, in

"You will agree with me, I think, that it will be improper for me to give any opinion on the question involved until some proper procedure is instituted in court calling for such an opinion. Any opinion that I might give now in advance and in the absence of proper proceedings in court, would be a mere voluntary opinion and no more valuable than that of any other lawyer, even if it would be proper for me to give it, and, in addition to this, it would be anticipating questions which might arise involving the criminal Hability of voters in elections. As to what would be the proper elections. As to what would be the proper method of procedure you will find by an examination of Judge Speer's decision, 52 Fed. Rep. 254, that the judge's opinion was based on an application for the appointment of supervisors. You are aware, of course, of the recent act of congress repealing several sections of the revised statutes with reference to the federal control of elections. How far that affects the question of any action by this affects the question of any action by this court and what power it leaves federal courts I am unable to say, as I have had no opportunity to examine it, being engaged in the trial of criminal business in court. Any proper proceeding brought into court on this subject will at once receive careful attention. Yours very truly,

"WILLIAM T. NEWMAN."

Ludging from the above it is evident that

Judging from the above, it is evident that Dr. Felton will take some steps toward getting a decision from Judge Newman. The democratic committee and the democratic congression nominees will, at their meeting, take steps to have uniformity of action in the congressional districts. Should one district vote under registration and enother without registration, if the and another without registration, if the next congress should be republican, some of our members would almost surely be on our members would almost state, be unsented on the grounds that eertain voters were illegally prevented from exercising the privileges of the ballot. Thus it is necessary to have uniformity of action throughout the state.

The Challenging of Voters. The contest in several of the districts will be fierce, and it is probable that the challenging of voters will be the order of the day. As no man who has failed to pay his taxes for any year since 1877 can vote, if challenged, it is quite certain that thousands of men in the state would be disfranchised if there is rigid challenging.
That section of the state constitution

reads:

"Every male citizen of the United States, twenty-one years of age, who shall have resided in the state one year next preceding the election and shall have resided six months in the county in which he offers to vote, and shall have paid all taxes which may have been required of him, and which he may have had an opportunity of paying, agreeable to the law, except for the year of the election, shall be deemed an elector, * * * and no person shall vote who, if challenged, shall refuse to take the following oath or affirmation: 'I do swear (or affiarm) that I am twenyt-one years of age, have resided in this state one year and in this county six months, next preceding this election. I have paid all taxes since the adoption of the present constitution of this state which have been required of me previous to this year and which I have had an opportunity to pay, and I have not voted at this election.

This means that no man who has failed to pay his taxes for any year since 1877 can vote if challenged, registration or no registration.

But the whole matter will be considered by the democratic committee Saturday, and steps will be taken to get a legal decision of uniform application on the matter of registration.

CONTESTED SEATS

Senatorial Slates.

A MOST INTERESTING QUESTION RAISED | THIRTY-TWO CONTESTS IN THE HOUSE

And Two in the Senate-Others Likely to Follow-Some Complications Which May Grow Out of the Contest.

There will be thirty-two contested seats in the next house of representatives, and two in the senate.

Of these twenty-four are entered by populists to oust democrats, and eight are entered by democrats to secure the seats of populists. In the senate there are two conpopulists. In the senate there are two contests on file. The first is that of Hon. L. G. Hardeman, democrat, to oust the claim of Hon. J. S. Johnson, populist, declared elected for the thirty-third district. The second contest is from the thirty-fourth district in which Hon. A. M. Bearter popul district, in which Hon. A. M. Baxter, pop-ulist, seeks to displace Hon. C. H. Brand,

Such a number of contests for seats in the house of representatives is altogether unprecedented. It will render the committee on privileges and elections one of the most important in the house, with work ahead of it sufficient to take up almost the full session of the legislature.

But right there an interesting plece of by-play will be enacted. Every democrat admitted to a seat, or turned out of one, will have an influence in the councils of the party for the selection of a United States senator. If any special candidate for that office should feel that for that office should feel that he has dead cinch on the senatorship, through the membership of the house on its prima facie crganization, it would be embarrassing for his friends to consent to a change in the ames sufficient to break the slate. Again, the minority candidates would be anxious to introduce all the uncertainty possible into the result, in the hope that the lightning might strike near home.
The contests in the house so far entered

Contestee. T. S. Mell, dem.

Clarke.

J. W. Wood, pop.

Elbert. J. T. Worley, dem. Rockdale. DeJ. B. Bell, pop. Andrew J. Smith, dem.

Pierce.

E. L. Walker, dem.

Alfred Davis, pop. Andrew J. Smith, General Pierce.

E. L. Walker, dem. Alfred Davis, pop. Morgan.

W. M. Wallace, dem. W. T. Newton, pop. Appling.

G. T. Melton, dem. M. Branch, pop. Clarence Wilson, dem. R. M. Brown, pop. Hancock.

A. L. Smith, dem. J. W. Wallace, pop. H. Burwell, dem. J. W. Jones, pop. Utiman.

Quitman. W. M. Kaigler, pop. H. Kaigler, pop. H. Kaigler, pop. W. M. Kaigler, pop. W. M. Kaigler, pop. W. M. Kaigler, pop. W. M. Kaigler, pop. M. M. Stock dell and Captain Brotherton move in parallel lines politically, and the fact that one ticket was being coached by one of the gentlemen and the other ticket by the other attracted the attention of the political de-

H. Burwell, dem.
J. W. Jones, pop.

J. W. Jones, pop.

J. W. Jones, pop.

William Harrison, dem. H. M. Kaigler, pop.

T. A. Parker, dem. H. C. Trussell, pop.

A. J. Arnold, dem.
M. J. T. Lahoon, pop.
M. F. Hurst, dem
Baldwin.
E. N. Ennis, pop.
J. D. Howard, dem.
A. G. McCurry, dem.
J. R. Leard, pop.

Cobb.

John Awtrey, dem.
John D. Benson, pop.
R. M. Holland, dem.
J. O. Sibley, pop.
R. M. Holland, dem.
J. T. McGehee, dem.
B. D. Green, pop.
J. H. Booker, dem.
Twiggs.

H. V. Nones, pop.

Licket was being coached by one of the gentlemen and the other ticket by the other attracted the attention of the political devotees of the city.

As the campaign progressed interest in the result grew. Among many of those watching it there were conjectures as to who would win. Some went even so far as to make it a battle between Mr. Stockdell and Mr. Brotherton, with the chair in the political situation was discussed that in the event the ticket Captain Brotherton was coaching should constituted by the other attracted the attention of the political devotees of the city.

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S. W. Yopp, pop.

Captain Brotherton was conclude for police community.

Captain Brotherton was conclude for police community. J. S. Vaughn, dem.
Monroe B. S. Willingham, dem.

R. C. McGough, dem.

S. Z. Zellner, pop.
W. P. Gray, pop.
A. L. Bartlett, dem.
W. M. Cook, pop.
A. O. Blalock, dem.
Clayton.
H. D. Moore, dem.
John F. Jones, pop.
William Social Effingham.

W. Yopp, pop.
win he would be a candidate for police commissioner and that the members of that ticket would vote for him for that position.
But the election is now over, and after the smoke of the battle has cleared away the result can be seen.
To some it looks as though Captain Brotherton had won his spurs and that he will ride into the chair of police commissioner if

William Speir, pop. Heard. A. E. Davis, pop. O. A. Mooore, dem.

Jackson. T. J. Stapler, dem. L. F. Sell, pop.
George P. Bennett, pop.
J. A. Thompson, dem.

YON YONSON" AT THE GRAND.

"Yon Yonson" has to its credit four seasons of great prosperity and it has been praised wherever it has been seen for its originality, quaintness and humor. It contains all the elements of a popular play, while presenting an accurate representation of life in the lumber regions of the northwest, as well as a character as distinct and original a creation as Jefferson's Rip or the elder Emmet's Fritz.

the elder Emmet's Fritz.
Yon Yonson first appears a passenger for
the lumber regions, where he is to be employed. Yon becomes acquainted with the
other characters of the play and creates no end of fun by his humorous juggling of the English language and by the many episodes his unsophisticated condition brings about. You contributes a deal of fun by his humorous love-making to Jennie, the book agent, who, while at first amused with the attentions of her Scandinavian admirer, finally succumbs to his manly qualities and becomes his promised wife. The piece is most elaborately mounted. There will be a matinee Thursday.

Nellie McHenry. Nellie McHenry, the charming little actress with a pretty face and a sweet voice, is announced for Friday and Saturday at the Grand.

Miss McHenry will present her bright and up-to-date farce, "A Night at the Circus." This is not Miss McHenry's first visit to Atlants, as she appeared here last season and delighted large audiences at the Grand, and the unanimous verdict was that a good singer, a capital actress and with it all a very good looking woman.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Mr. J. H. Nunnally Goes to the East in the Interest of His Company.

J. H. Nunnelly left yesterday for New York and the eastern markets. He goes

for the purpose of buying a large stock of Christmas and holiday goods.

Mr. Nunnally's name is a household word with the children of Atlanta. Although a young man he has been in the novelty business for saveral years and the little ones.

young man he has been in the novelty busiess for several years and the little ones all over the city are satisfied when they know thiir toys and holiday goods are bought at Nunnally's.

This year, on account of the tariff being taken off of a large class of goods of this k.nd, the price will be greatly reduced. Mr. Nunnally, in view of this fact, expects that there will be a heavier demand for goods than ever before, and will make his purchase accordingly. In the course of two or three weeks his goods will be coming in, and at his popular Whitehall street store will be displayed where not only the little ones, but the older folks as well, can see them.

DEATH OF MRS. F. G. SMITH. News of the Sad Event Received in

Atlanta by Relatives. Last night a telegram was received by Mr. Henry Smith, of this city, from his brother, Mr. F. G. Smith, who, for several brother, Mr. F. G. Smith, who, for several years has been a resident of Austin, Tex, telling of the sad death of Mrs. F. G. Smith, in that city.

Mrs. Smith was formerly Miss May Waddell, of Vicksburk Miss. She was a beautiful and most estimable woman. She possessed many abble traits of character which endeared her to all who knew her well.

THE NEXT COUNCIL.

Police Administration.

CAPTAIN BROTHERTON MAY BE ELECTED

His Friends Will Likely Push Him for the Likely Be Some Changes.

Now, that the membership of the next general council of Atlanta is known, some curiosity as to the political history of the city which that body will write has been

In writing the history of the city for the two years that body will be making it the pen will be dipped into the ink to trace a chapter relative to the police department of

One of the first acts of any great impor ance the new council will be called upor to perform will be the election of a police commissioner. In March next the term of Dr. R. D. Spalding will expire, and it is said that Captain W. H. Brotherton, who took such a lively interest in the recent primary, may be put forward as a candidate. That Captain Brotherton has long had an conversant with the political situation of Atlanta doubts. He was once a member of he has been anxious to be returned to the same position. Only this year he made a chairs taken at the time Messrs. Branan and Johnson were elected.

And it was generally said that his defeat was due to the power of Mr. Stockdell, the senior member of the general council from the second ward.
Captain Brotherton took his defeat philo

sophically, and when the late campaign opened showed his hand as one of the steer-ing committee of the ticket which was pu out to oppose the ticket nominated or sug gested by the committee of fifty-eight. Throughout the campaign Captain Brotherton worked most industriously and de votedly for the ticket which was opposing the ticket known as the fifty-eight ticket.

And by some funny decree of the fates

Mr. Stockdell was found working just as

Captain Brotherton was coaching should

H. D. Moore, dem. John F. Jones, pop.

Effingham.

William Speir, pop.

A. E. Bird, dem. smiles complacently when the matter is mentioned, leaving his hearers under the impression that he will get there Eli. "You can bet," said one of Captain Brotherton's warmest friends, "that he is a win-ner this time. You see of the aldermanic Troupe.

J. A. Thompson, dem.

Troupe.

J. H. Pittman, dem. John E. Smith, pop. Sledge Tatum, dem. W. M. Jones, pop. Butts.

T. J. Dempsey, dem. J. M. McMichael, pop. The vote on the amendment for the election of two more judges of the supreme court indicates that a majority has been cast therefor. The counties yet to report cannot change the majority now in.

erton's warmest friends, "that he is a winner this time. You see of the aldermanic board that stays in he will get Mr. Broyles and Mr. Howell. Mr. Howell was as warm for the anti-fifty-eight ticket as was Captain Brotherton. He will get Mr. Tolbert, who was fought by Mr. Stockdell, steering master of the fifty-eight ticket. Then if he don't get any more that will give him one-half of the aldermanic board. Now, let's half of the aldermanic board. Now, let's will get Milt Camp, who holds over, while the new man is Mr. Mayson, an anti-fifty eight. In the second an anti-fifty-eight was elected, while he may more than likely count on Mr. Welch, of that ward, who holds over. The third gives up an anti-fifty-eight, the ticket for which Captain Brother-ton worked so hard, while Captain Dodge may or may not vote for Captain Brother-ton. The fifth put in a fifty-eight man, who

> man, who did vote for Mr. Brotherton. You may figure at the complexion of the council from the above. STATE VS. CITY OF ATLANTA. There Will Likely Be a Fight for the

will naturally go against Captain Broth-erton this time. The sixth shows Mr. In-

Railroad Property. Will the state and the city of Atlanta have a lawsuit over the land lying between the Whitehall street crossing and the Union passenger depot? Late developments point to a considerable row over the complicated claims that both are setting up for the ownership of the

property.

The state practically admits through the special attorneys, Hon. W. A. Wimbish and Hon. W. A. Little, that the property as already described in this connection by The Constitution belongs to the city. But the state has a claim to the whole of Wall street which has been used for many years by the city as a common highway. This brings up the difficulty.

The state threatens to oust the city from the ownership or the use of Wall street, and the city comes back and declares that the land lying between the street and the rear of the stores beyond the railroad cacks belongs to it, although such land has been used for years and is now used by the railroads as the property of the Western

and Atlantic.

and Atlantic.

The interesting question is, will there be a swapping of lands? Will the city give up the railroad right of way for the street? It is an interesting issue. It has settled down to what might be termed a trade, which may or may not be consummated. It seems evident that the state can have no particular need of the land that is now used by the city as Wall street along beside the Kimball house, although said land may be rightfully claimed by the state. It cannot well be used for railroad purposes and the minute the state uses it for any-thing else it will go back to the heirs of the Mitchell estate, according to the deed of the land first given to the state as the right of way for the state road. This makes the situation all the more in-teresting. What is to come out of all the debate concerning this important matter would make thrilling reading if it could just be told in advance.

YOM KIPPUR.

The Hebrews Observe an Important Fast Day.

The Israelites of the world observe the

one of the most important and sacred of all the days. The services introducing the solemn fast began at the synagogue last evening at sunset and will be this morning at 10 o'clock, Rabbi Reich

Jewish church are strictly observed by the Hebrews of the city and the object of these fasts, prescribed by God to the children of Israel, is to regulate the spiritual life of the people and to make it free from all upholiuses

REFUSED TO GRANT IT THEY WANT TO KNOW

Wants a Decision from Judge Rowman | Which May Have an Effect on Some It Will Have the Shaping of the Next | Judge Lumpkin Vesterday Denied the All About the Proposed Cotton States Traction Company's Petition.

AN INJUNCTION WAS PRAYED FOR

The Bill Was Directed Against the Atlanta National Bank-It Has Been Pend-

A petition of long standing and much in terest was disposed of yesterday morning nying an injunction to the Atlanta Trac tion Company against the Atlanta National bank and the Cambria Iron Company. A restraining order was granted in this

case on May 24, 1894, and the petition was set for a hearing on June 2d, but not until yesterday morning was it finally decided. The suit begins with the purchase of the Atlanta City Street Railway Company last year. When the Traction company pur-chased this road, according to the Tracton company's side, it was to be delivered to them without encumbrance of any sort. It seems, according to the prayer for a restraining order, that there were \$200,000 of first mortgage bonds, which was deliv-ered to the Capital City bank. The Trac-tion company claims that it had an agreement with the Capital City bank regarding these bonds, and it was that none of then should leave the bank until certain steps had been taken in a legal way and certain matters had been adjusted. In some man were permitted to leave the bank and were turned over by the Atlanta City Street Railpany as collateral security for a promissory note of \$23,554.49, which was given on De-

cember 20, 1893.

These first mortgage bonds, thirty-five in number, were turned over to the Atlanta National bank, acting as agents for the Cambria Iron Company, and were advertised for sale on May 25th. On the day be-fore the sale the Traction company went before Judge Lumpkin with this petition and secured a restraining order. The Traction company asked as relief that Atlanta National bank be restrained from selling National bank be restrained from selling the bonds until the rights of the Tracten company in the matter could be considered It is very likely now that the bonds will be sold at public outcry at an early date.

Other Superior Court Matters, In the suit of George Heith against Price & Foster the receiver presented to Judge Lumpkin a number of bids, which were or-dered accepted. John J. Simpson bought the stock of shoes at 25 cents on the dollar; John J. Hahn secured the firm's leather at 20½ cents on the dollar, and George F. Bolles paid \$41.50 for the fixtures.

Mr. Aquilla J. Orme, Jr., was made member of the bar yesterday by Judge Lumpkin, who signed an order to that effect. Mr. Orme was examined several days ago and passed a splendid examination. The examination was conducted by Messrs. Morris Brandon, Victor Smith, E. H. Frazier and Charles T. Hopkins. Mr. Orme is one of the brightest young men in Atlanta, and it is needless to say that he acquitted himself in splendid shape.

In the suit of S. R. Jaques and Tinsley Company against M. Barnett the jury re-turned a verdict against Barnett for \$95.58 principal and \$19.75 interest in Judge Lump-kin's court.

The suit of Mary Brittan et al. against J. E. Chambers, in the superior court, was dismissed by Judge Lumpkin. The grounds were for want of prosecution, no attorney appearing for the plaintiff.

The petition of M. J. Clarke to be made a party plaintiff in the case of Lint & Love-lace et al. against O. B. Johnson was grant-ed by Judge Lumpkin. In the superior court yesterday in the suit of Tucker against J. J. Williford an order of Tucker against J. J. Williford as was taken dismissing the receiver.

A World's Tribute.

America Leads the Nations in

the March of Progress.

hibition was, in this respect, an object lesson of the grandeur

and glory of the Republic. Among the exhibits from the

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Washington, backed by an intelligent jury at the Exposition,

found it strongest in leavening power, peerless in its purity

Received Highest Award

At the World's Fair.

Nothing could settle so decisively the immeasureable

superiority of Dr. Price's over all other powders as the

The Chief Chemist of the Agricultural Department at

United States no article of its class stood so high as

and beyond comparison in uniform excellence,

The award is a matter of official record.

great honor bestowed at Chicago.

Among the wonders of the World's Columbian Fair the grandest was the exhibit of American products. The Ex-

Exposition in Atlanta.

CARACCAS INQUIRES FOR THE FACTS

And President Diez of Mexico, Promise Be Made in Atlanta.

The city of Caraccus, through correspondence of its chamber of commerce with the board of trade of Cincinnati, has

The statement is made that the commercial leaders of the South American cities are sincerely desirous of building up amicable relations with their friends on the northern continent, and that, for that pur-pose, they wish to be represented at the great fair in Atlanta.

Throught the same intermediacy Presi-

dent Collier has forwarded all necessary information. This inquiry for information, coming from such a long distance, is one of coming from such a long distance, is one of the best evidences that the Cotton States and International fair is making its way abroad. A gentleman visiting Atlanta yesterday, whose business calls him all over the union, says that everywhere peo-ple are talking about the exposition, and that they are already discussing means of coming here.

Spreading the News. The monthly publication issued by the bureau of American republics, which is circulated in English and Spanish over both continents, publishes in its current is-sue the full story of the exposition. In in-

troducing it, the editor says: "There is to be held in Atlanta, Ga., U. S. A., in the fall of 1895, an exposition, in-ternational in its character, and designed to demonstrate the practicability of extending the trade of the southern state of this country with the South and Central American republics. The central idea of the promoters of this enterprise is thus expressed, and yet, as they have proceeded with their work they have found them-selves tending constantly in the direction of a really international exposition. The promoters believe in the assured comple-tion of the Nicaragua canal and are awake to the necessity for taking early steps to secure the trade that will naturally result from the completion of this undertaking. They have witnessed the rapid growth of the southern republics and the growing inclination of their people to trade with this country. Taking steps to increase their lines of manufacturing, the enterprising people of the new south are looking for enlarged markets for their productions and believe they can see them among the

people of this continent." A Mexican Villiage. One of the attractions of the great expo-

sition will be a genuine Mexican village. President Collier is so enthusiastic over this prospect that he is arranging to see if of Spanish. The growing trade relations between the two countries are so pleasant that much interest is felt in each country about the other.

Mr. Dennis Talks of the Possibilities

of Central American Trade. Magnificent possibilities in the way Central and South American trade lie at the very door of the south, and the great exposition to be held here next year will awaken the slumbering commercial talent of this section to the splendid opportuni-

ties which are theirs. Mr. Frank C. Dennis, United States consular agent at Livingston, one of the most important Central American ports, spent yesterday in Atlanta, and he is alive with enthusiasm for the brilliant project which

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Baking

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

ed on foot. The central idea of Atlanta's big show is one that Mr. Dennis has long dvocated—the development of the south to the full limit of its marvelous possibilities, and the establishment of commerce between the south and South and Central

Mr. Dennis is a typical business man, practical and full of common sense. He takes a business view of things, and long years of experience with trade in Mexico and South America has convinced him that the south has too long neglected a magnificient opportunity. For a number of years Mr. Dennis was engaged in business with one of the largest commercial houses in Boston. Later he went to Mexico, where he represented the same nouse. Still later he went to Livingston, Guatemala, Central

he represented the same nouse. Still later he went to Livingston, Guatemala, Central America, where he is in charge of an extensive coffee plantation.

About six weeks ago Mr. Dennis returned to Boston on a visit to his brother. While there he heard a great deal of Atlanta's big exposition and what was proposed by the management. The idea at once appealed to him as a splendid one, and he took advantage of his opportunity to pay Atlanta a visit with a view of stirring up interest in Central America in Atlanta's show, and to putting in a fine exhibit here for his firm.

During the day Mr. Dennis drove out to the exposition grounds and about the city. "I am amazed," he said, "to find that you will have an exhibit here.

During the day Mr. Dennis drove out to the exposition grounds and about the city. "I am amazed," he said, "to find that you nave such a great city. It grows so rapidly that none but traveling men can keep up with it. I feet convinced that the coming exposition will be the best thing that has ever been done for the city. The plan of interesting South America and Central America shows the very best business judgment. These countries will be here, and the consequence will be of a vast bene-

fit to the entire section. "I speak for Central America alone when I say that southern enterprise can achieve wonderful results by turning attention to that field. It has long been neglected by tradesmen of the United States. New York and Boston refused to cater to us. The bulk of our imports comes from England. We get our cotton goods from England, which is, in itself, a sad commentary upon

the enterprise of American manufacturers.
"The truth of the matter is that we ought to get all of our cotton goods from the south. There ought to be established in view of supplying our trade. The south could, with advantage, furnish us, at cheap-er prices, the same goods that we now ge: from England. Why this has not been done, I cannot say.
"I think the Cotton States and Interna

tional exposition is the first great step in this direction. It will open the eyes shrewd business men to what might shrewd business men to what might be done, and its my firm opinion that the period immediately following your exposi-tion will be one of expansion of trade and

industry. I expect to see factories go up in which the cotton that you produce will be made into the finished article. There is every reason why this should be done. Your

and sends it back to us.

"There is now a movement on foot which I think will shortly materialize into a-grand enterprise for the south looking to the establishment of a line of steamers from establishment of a line of steamers from some port in the southern states to Central American countries. The Whaleback Company, which built the great Whaleback at the world's fair, recently sent representatives to our country looking to the establishment of such a line. I think it extremely probable that Savannah will be chosen. That city now seems to be the most available. We now have a line of steamers from New Orleans, but it is unsatisfactory.

"We have a rich country. We produce."

STOVES All kinds and prices, cheaper than the cheapest. KING HARDWARE CO.

Cooler Weather

coughs, and neuralgia, and rheumatism, and sometimes undermines health. The cheapest, the most available, the most pleasant, the surest preventive is good Comfortable Underwear. Every man ower it to himself to use this preventive. You'll hardly find this side the great Haberdashery stores of New York such a superb line of Fall and Winter Underwear as we are now showing. Prices lower than ever before.

A. O. M. GAY & SON.

STORE CLOSED TODAY ON ACCOUNT OF HOLIDAY.

Get Into the Procession.



You oughtn't to miss these. In the maze of a marvelously immense variety you may overlook 'em. Men's Autumnweight Overcoats, all-wool cassimere in medium and darkish shades of tan and brown. The same quality you've often paid \$12 and \$15 for. They are made in our usual

The Sorts at .

\$10.00		\$20.0
\$12.50	AND	\$22.50
\$15.00		&25.0
\$17:50		\$27.5

Are Just As Great Value Accordingly

Please Notice The old prices are not to be looked for this season. You're entitled to better Particular Men | quality for same money as before. Between beautiful cloths and a young, gifted cutter we trust to double the business. There's no reason why you should not pay \$5, maybe less, per suit. We'll ask you the least we can.

Mr. Robert Sharp is the presiding genius of our Custom Tailoring department. We have the Novelty Suitings and Trouserings, but don't charge the Novelty price.....

Eiseman Bros. TARRINGTON, D. C. ATLANTA, GA., RALTIMORE, THE AND R. SER. N. W. H-ST WHITPHALL Dr. PASTONY, 215 W. GO.

DEALING DIRECT WITH CONSUMER.

No Branch House in the City

SOMETHING UNUSUAL

Talk of Gold Shipments by Saturday's Steamers Probable.

CAUSED BY THE LOW PRICE OF COTTON

Not the Time of Year for Gold Exports Sugar the Feature on the Stock Exchange-Chicago Markets Lower.

Liverpool apparently did not hear of our tropical storm which was to be followed with such disastrous results to our growing cotton, or recognizing the fact that the spinners on that side are furnishing the deand are quite content and are not willing to pay any higher price for cotton.

Their sales on the spot were reduced yesterday to 10,000 bales, for which they paid the same price as on the day previous, but the arrival market opened slightly lower. The closing prices, though, show practically the same figures as on Monday with the tone steady.

It took New York to show what was expected of the tropical storm, and that mar-ket opened with the people showing a disposition to back their judgment, and also their faith, in the predictions of our

The people who backed their judgment at the opening were sadly disappointed as the on advanced because the opening proved to be practically the highest point of the day, with the future of cotton as doubtful as if frost had never been pre-

Frost occurred, though, and at Kansas City it was reported as killing, while at Memphis it was reported only "frost."

The storm has passed us, as on Monday it was central south of Mobile, while yester-day it was central in the vicinity of Savan-nah. A good deal of rain fell while the storm was passing, but the frost has not as yet materialized, though colder and clearing weather was predicted for last night and today.

Futures opened yesterday in New York at about 9 points advance and gained 2 to 3 points early, after which the market sagged under the weight of heavy receipts. which, at the ports, amounted to something over 62,000 bales. The close was easy at unchanged figures from the day before with sales of 137,800 bales.

The spot market was marked down 1-16c, making middling 63-16c.

The stock market yesterday, outside of Sugar was dull with the tendency downward. stock that was dealt in to a considerable extent. It gained % per cent as compared with the closing of the day previous.

THE STOCK MARKET.

Prices Ruled by the Fluctuations i

Sugar, Which Was Lower Early. NEW YORK, October 9 .- The local stock NEW YORK, October 3.—The local stock market opened weaker in sympathy with lower prices from London. A break in Bugar added to the depression, and the entire list sold off rapidly. The stock named was heavy until the last hour of business, was heavy until the last hour of outsiness, when, under coving of shorts, it railled to \$2½ from 80% early in the day, and closed with a net gain of % per cent. The gloomy reports about the condition of refining industries and the dissensions among the western jobbers were responsible for the early break. Distilling and Cattle Feeding was steady, notwithstanding the circula-tion of unfavorable rumors about the financial condition of the company and the proposed starting of a big opposition distillery in Peoria. Other weak spots were the Grang-ers, General Electric, Louisville, Northern Pacific preferred and Reading. The Grangers and western stocks generally were theavy on the poor showing of carnings made by Atchison for September, the decrease for the month being \$752,200, and on rumors that the St. Paul report for the a heavy loss. St. Paul fell to 60%, Burlington to 72%, Rock Island to 58%, Northwestern to 103, General Electric to 361/2, Louisville to 52%, Northern Pacific preferred to 17% and Reading to 181/2. London was a seller of its specialties, and this assisted the downward movement. The foreign exchanges attracted more attention because of the continued strength of the market. Posted rates were again advanced 1/2c to 4.871/2/04.881/2. The further rise revived the talk of good exports, and it was stated that unless there is a material change in the situation at least \$500,000 will be forwarded by Saturday's European steamers. Shipments at this season are unusual. The influences at work in the sterling exchange market are the low prices for cotton, grain, qtc., the inability to lend money at any-thing like paying rates, maturing sterling leans and efforts on the part of a certain Exchange Place house to cover bills sold some time ago in anticipation of heavy export movements of cotton and grain. Banks as a general thing are not looking for any

shares: unlisted, 84,000. Treasury balances: Coin, \$76,127,000; cur-Money on call easy at 1 per cent, last lean at 1, closing offered at 1; prime mercantile paper, 4@41/2 per cent.

extensive movement of the yellow metal

show losses of 1/4011/4 per cent, Manhattan and St. Paul leading. Chicago Gas gained

34. Tobacco 1/2, Sugar 1/8 and Bay State Gas

1% per cent. The bond market was weak. The sales of listed stocks aggregated 95,000

Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.88% @4.88% for sixty days, and 4.87% @4.87% for demand; posted rates, 4.87% @4.88%; commercial bills, 4.85@4.86.

Government bonds firm. State bonds dull.

Hailroad bonds weak. Silver, 64 bid.

Tie o owing are closin	e bids:
tion Oil 3014	Missouri Pae
do. pref 75.	Mobile & Uhlo
Bugar Refinery 82	Nash. Cust & St. L.
Jo. pref 6 36	
Am. Tobacco 10	do, pre:
- do. pre 106	N. J. Central 1
Atob., T. & Santa Fe. 619	
Baltimore & O.no 75	N. Y. & N. E
Canada l'ac 024	Norfolk & Western
Ches. & Ohio 19%	Northern Pac
Chicago & Alton 143	a. pref
C. B. & Q 72%	Northwestern 1
Chicago Gas 754	do. pre: 1
Del. Lack. & W 189	Pacific Mail.
Die. & Cat. Feed 9 %	Kending
East Tenuessee 11	Rich. Termina
_ do. pref 18	Rock Island
Erie 11's	
do. pref 21	do. pref
Ed. Gen. Electric 37%	Silver Certificates
Ills. Central 925	7. C. I
Lake Erie & West 174	do. pref
do. pre 71	Texa: P .c
Lake Shore 135	Union Pac
Lous. & Nash 53%	Wabash, St. L. & P.
L'ville, N. A. & Ohie. 7	do. pref
Manhattan Consol 113 5 Meniphia & Char 10	Western Unioa
	Wheeling & L Erie.
Bonds- 98	do. prelamine
Alabama, Class A 103%	do. 35
do. Class B 103	Virginia 6s.
do. Class C 924	do. pref
Louisinna stamped. 103	U.S. 4s, registered., 11
N. C. 48	
A	do doupon 1

NEW 10KK, October 9.—Foreign and Do-mestic News Company, by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager—The general market responded to the rally in Sugar with a firmer undertone, although St. Paul was heavy on hammering by the Wheeler party. The admission by St. Paul officials that the earnings of the road will show a large de-crease for the month of October, also stimu-lated selling by the room traders and Cam-mack party.

in the last hour, but his offerings were taken by the Benedict pool.

The strength of Sugar was attributed to The strength of Sugar was attributed to a resumption of purchasts for the Have-meyer faction, while Mr. Keene's brokers took back some of the stock which they had used as a lever to depress the price and catch stop orders in the early hours. There was a better demand for Burlington as soon as the heavy liquidation for Boston account was completed.

Rock Island was also held well in hand, partly on account of the brisk inquiry to cover shorts.

There was a spirited recovery in Richmond Terminal on a report that the company had concluded favorable arrangements to absorb the Queen and Crescent road. Louisville and Nashville was sluggish and reflected the marketing of long stocks

	Openia z.	Hi, hest	Lowest	Todey s	Yesterday's Cice's uide.
Delaware & Lack				169	1189
Tenn. Cos. & Iron	1034	10314	103	168	16.5
Alcamond Terminal	104	1814	17%	175	163
New York & H. B				30	20
Western Union	13614	1367	335	135	130.1
Missouri Pacific	6,56		58.4	28	26
Union Pacific.			****	1156	12%
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co Atchison.	9'5	9%	514	55	94
Reading	19	19	18%	185	18%
Louisville and Nash.	8376	13%	35	85%	644
North. Pacific pref	174	134		18	18
hock Island	614	61%		611h	68%
Chicago Gas.	73%	73 %		75%	733
Chie., Bur. & Quincy.	73	13%	72%	124	73%
Ame'n Sugar Refinery	8116	14%		144	81 4
Erie. Au n Cotton Oil	30 4	30 %	14 8	30%	31
General Electric	37 %	37 %	37%	34%	3814

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.

BOND AND STOCK QUUTATIONS.

New Ga. 3,58, 27	80.13.3	Atlanta 1 98 100	
to 30 years 98 :-	90 %	* ugusta 78,L. D.115	
New Ga. 348, 25	Lating	Macon (r 11)	
to 40 years 98'4	1936	Columbus ås10)	102
New Ga. 458.		Rome graded101	
1915113		Waterworks 58.12)	
Georgia 7s, 1890,104	105	Rome 5s	
Savanash &s105		South Car 4'vs. 99	100
Atlanta 68, 1902118		Newnan 6s L. D.103	108
Atlanta 7s, 1904.11316	314	Chattanooga bs	
Atlanta is, 1899106	107	1921 98	
Atlants 6s, L.D.:13		Col. S.C. graded	
Atlanta 6s, 5.D.100		38 & 4s, 1910 64	
Atlunta de, L. D103		Ala., Class A 101	104
RA	ILROA	D BONDS.	
Georgia 8s, 1897.131		C. C., & A. 1st	
Georgia 6s, 1910, 107 6		78, 1897101	
Georgia 6s, 1922, 109		do., 2d 78, 1910. 9:	
Central 7s, 1893.117		do., con. 6s 82	
Ct, C. & A 93	0.00	Aug. & Knox.	
Ga. Pac. c't'f 104		1st 7s, 1303101	
Ga. Pacific 3d 52	53	Atl'nta & Char.	
A. P. & L., 1st 7a 35	21-99	1st 7s, 1:07	118
Mari'ta & N. G.	400	do., income 6s	
8.,A. & M., 1st 45	47	1900 93	
	ROAD	STOCKS.	
Gen==ia148	150	Aug. & Nav 31	85
South restern 70	:3	A. & W. P 79	
Cen.ral 15	700	do. deben 93	91
Cent. deben 26	23		

THE COTTON MARKET.

	RECEIPTS		BHIP	MTS	i TOCK.		
	1894	1993	1894	1893	1894	1893	
Saturday	1633	1401	1075	1213	5813	474	
Monday	-1197	4 1543	1225	1031	4588	526	
l'uesday	1942	1912	1050	1603	6477	556	
Wednesday		2 me					
Thursday							
Friday	*****					*****	
Total	4717	5356	2330	3847			

Stevens & Co.'s Cotton Letter. By private wire to J. C. Knox, manager. NEW YORK, October 9.—Prices have been erratic, alternately moving up or down by connecting news. There was an advance connecting news. There was an advance early of s to 10 points, owing to reports of frost in Mississippi, Arkansas, Tennessee and Alabama, with killing trosts reported from Fort Smith. Liverpool showed unexpected strength. The signal service predictions for the next twenty-four hours are and Alabama, with killing frosts reported from Fort Smith. Liverpool showed unexpected strength. The signal service predictions for the next twenty-four hours are for heavy rains and dangerous gales, as well as colder weather, in the Carolinas; rains and a lower temperature in Georgia, and frost in Alabama and Tennessee. The New Bedford strike has ended, and the mills of Fall River will be oppened on Thursday to give the men a chance to go to work at the stipulated reduction in wages. Some telegrams from Pine Bluff and Little Rock stated that no damage had been done and that the weather was warmer at Pine Bluff. Some contend that a light frost just now would be beneficial rather than injurious. Heavy rains were reported in the Carolinas, Georgia and Alabama, and they will have a tendency to reduce the grade. The least whiff of news affects the price very easily, either adversely or favorably. It is decidedly a nervous market. Port receipts ran up to £2,252, against 54,296 last year; 37,020 in 1890, and 44,547 in 1891. Thus far this week they are 170,661, against 131,826 for the same time last week. New Orleans expects tomorrow 9,000@10,000, against 6,165 last year. Telegrams denying that frost had done any damage, the comparatively liberal crop movement and local and southern selling caused a reaction, and the early advance was lost. The close here was easy, with a partial advance of 1 point for the day. Sales were 137,800. Spot cotton here was reduced 1-16c, now being 6 3-16 for middling and up. Savannah and Charleston advanced 1-16c and New Orleans was steady, with sales of 6,000 bales. Futures in New Orleans reacted with New York, after opening 9 points up. Manchester was dull and wance 1-16c and New Orleans was steady, with sales of 6,000 bales. Futures in New Orleans reacted with New York, after opening 9 points up. Manchester was dull and wance 1-16c and New Orleans was steady, with sales of 6,000 bales. Futures in New Orleans reacted with New York, after opening 9 points up. Manchester was dull and vance to Europe at this time. The stock mar-ket closed firmer in tone. Net changes

STATE OF THE PARTY		0	H	2	4	×
October November December January February March A: ril May		5.9 6.0 6.1 6.2 6.2	6 6.00 7 6.09 3 6.15 0 6.17 6 6.27 1 6.31	5.99 5.99 6.03 6.11 6.17 6.23		3.88-90 5.92-93 5.99-60 6.05-06 6.11-12 6.17-18 6.23-24 6.19-30
Closed easy; 5 Thefollowing	is a st	atemen	t bas	oorts:		ed net
	18.1	1893	1.91	1893	-	1691
Saturday		52480 54396	3.087 18812		2 517:95 0 5.9020	********

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

NEW YORK, October 9.—(Special)—Cotton was again very nervous today. Liverpool cabled a decline, but our market opened firm at about 10 points advance, the first sales of January being at 6.15. There were fros treports from points in Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi and Tennessee, but the bears refused to credit the reports, although they were partially confirmed by the woather map. First prices were the highest January declines to 6.05, rallied to 6.10 and continued fluctuating between those figures during the afternoon. In the last five minutes the bears raided the market, and the close was easy with January at 6.05@6.06.

After the close prices improved a point or two. The bureau report tomorrow will probably make the feeling more feverish. It is a weather market now and will probably so continue for the next fortnight. Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

dubbard, Price & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

private advices of frosts at Fort Smith and Memphis, with cold weather all over the cotton belt. In response to these dispatches the market opened firm at some 10 points advance from yesterday, but under the liquidation of a line of long cotton the entire improvement was lost before 1 o'clock. The depression in the market during the afternoon was caused by the report that Mr. Ellison's circular would be bearish in stating the consumption of American cotton would be 8,250,000 bales. It is the old story in this market of the producer trying to sell with only the consumer to buy, and speculation not in the market. The feeling is very bearish and advices of injury to the crop will not be believed unless the temperature falls considerably lower than it has yet gone, which would mean a freeze and a killing of the top crop, which would otherwise make with an open season.

The Liverpool and Port Markett.

Liverpool, October 9-12:15 n.m.—Octon, spot unchanged; midding uplands 3 12-2; sales 10,080 bales; american 9,200; speculation and export 1,500; receives 2,000; oil American; unlands lew middling clause October and No-ember delivers 3 17-64, 3 18-64; November and Docember delivers 3 17-64, 2 18-64; November and Docember delivery 3 17-64, 3 18-64; November and Jannary delivery—; Jannary and February delivery 3 18-64; February and March delivery 3 21-64, 3 22-64; March and April delivery 3 23-64, 3 21-64, 3 22-64; March and April delivery 3 23-64, 3 21-64, 3 19-64; May and June delivery 3 23-64, 3 21-64; June and July delivery—; fitures opened quiet.

Liverpool., October 9-10,00 p. m.—Ublands low middling clause October delivery 3 23-64; value: October and November delivery 3 18-64, 3 20-64; December and January delivery 4 28-64, bellers; March and April delivery 3 24-64, 32-64; April and May delivery 3 28-64, sellers; March and April delivery 3 24-64, 3 20-64; April and May delivery 3 28-64, sellers; March and July delivery 3 28-64, 3 3-64; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, October 9—Octton quiet: sales 470 bales; middling aplands 8 3-16; middling gulf 6 7-16; net receipts 120 bales; gross 1,146; stock 83,007.

GALVESTON. October 9—Octton quiet: middling 64; net receipts 1,303 bales; gross 1,713; sales none; stock 116,431.

BALTIMORE, October 9—Octton quiet; middling 64; net receipts none bales; gross 1,713; sales none; stock 116,251.

BOSTON. October 9—Octton quiet; middling 64; net receipts none bales; gross 1,713; sales none; stock 116,351. The Liverpool and Port Warkets.

14,331.

BOSTON. October 9 -Cotton quiet; middling 64; net receipts none bales; gross1,37; sales none; stock sone; exports to Great Britain 1,297.

WLMINGTON. October 9 - Cotton steady; middling 65; net receipts 1,592 bales; gross 1,592; sales none; tock 21,558. ne; net "-ceipts 1,532 baies; gross 1,502; sales none; took 24,556.

PHILADELPHIA, October 9-Cotton steady: mid-dip 8 11-15; net receipts 1.3 baies; gross 154; sales none; stook 2,537. SAVANNAH, October 9 Cotton firm: middling 5%; net receivts 19,173 hairs; gross 19,173; sales 775; stock 90,291; exports coastwise 1,751.

90.381; exports constwise 1,751.

NKW URLEANS, October 9—Cotton steady; midding 34; not receipts 29 891 beink; gross 31,422; sales 1,000; steck 134,117; exports to Greet Britain 7,430; constwise 6,736.

MUBILE. October 9—Cotton quiet: inidding 5%; net receipts 1,738 bales rouss 1,733; sales 200; stock 1c,266; exports constwing \$15.

MEMPHIL. October 9. MEMPrits. October 9 -Cotton steady; middling 5%; net receipts 3,224 raies; sales 2,430; snipments 1,419; stock 22,117. AUGUSTA, October 9 - Cotton steady; middling 54;: net receipts 1,207 ba.es; shipments 2,407; sales 1,617; stock 10,211.

Oil IRLESTON, October 9 - Cotton quiet: middling 54; not receivts 2,42; bales; gross 2,45; sales none; steuk 56,345; exports constwise 870. 54; net receipts 2,42 steuk 56,315; exports e HGUSTON, October 9 - Cotton quiet: middling 5 11-16; net receipts 25,825 bales; shipments 11,0283; sales 621; stock 50,274.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, October 9.-The "usual point-er" on the government report was out to-day and found many adherents who sold day and found many adherents who sold wheat on it. There was also a controversy touching the Pacifis coast stocks as well as those of Europe. It was contended that Bradstreet's figures did not show as fully as they should, the official figures on far in excess. The same sort of difference obtained regarding the supply in Europe. "The tip" and the government report was to the effect that an improvement would be shown which would mean a yield of 50,000,000 bushels greater than previously announced. With these items and some of yesterday's weakness carried over, there yesterday's weakness carried over, there was a downward inclination to prices until was a downward inclination to prices until near the close, when holders of puts bought to make good their profits, a moderate recovery taking place. December wheat opened from 53% to 53%c, declined to 53%c, advanced and closed at 53%c—½ under yesterday. Cash wheat was weak and ½c per

day. Cash wheat was weak and 72c per bushel lower.
Corn—Here, as in wheat, a bearish sentiment sruled the market. May corn opened from 50% to 50% c declined to 50c, rallied to 50½c, where it closed—%@%c under yesterday. Cash corn was weak. Sales were made at prices 2c under those ruling yesterday. Oats had nothing to warrant an advance in the face of the declining wheat and corn markets. Prices were in sympathy with those markets, and at the close May show-ed a loss of %c. Cash oats sold ½c under

yesterday. Provisins—The start and early trading it Provisins—The start and early trading in the product did not present any particular change in prices from those which marked the close yesterday. Later, however, the selling became more free, the weakness and depression in grain extending to provisions. The hog market was firm for some grades and easy for others, and had little if anything to do with defining the action in the product. At the close, January pork was 7½c under yesterday, January lard 5c lower and January ribs 2½c6c lower.

The leading sutures ranged at sollows in Chicago today

Whate
Open. High. Low. Close

WHEAT-	Open.	11127.	Low.	Close
October	51 14	61%	51	5134
December	52%	53%	6316	68%
May	63%	39	68%	58%
October	6114	5114	50%	81
December	49	4916	4846	48%
May	63%	53%	50	501
October	2834	28 %	28 6	28%
November	282	28%	18%	28%
December		30	29'	29 %
Nay		:314	23	33/4
October	12 70	12 70	12 70	12 70
LAED		12 10	12 5:16	12 60
October	7 5716	7 5716	7 574	7 574
January		7 33	7 20	7 39
October	6 67%	6 70	6 5714	6 50
snuary		6 124	6 314	6 10
Lamson Br	os. &	Co's. C	rain L	efter.
By private wi	re to l	J. C. Kr.	ox, mar	ager.
big increase	in the	visible expect-	supply d at n	and a
Bradstreet's, a	mer the	e anticir	ation of	a 460,-

Bradstreet's, and the anticipation of a 460,000,000 bushel yield report by the goverment tomorrow we have had a weak and dragging market. The opening was fairly steady at about yesterday's close. Scalpers, however, had the market and sold it down %6%c. Outsiders are apparently in a waiting mood, and it has been a dull day all around. Foreign advices were indifferent, while the total clearances were disappointing—284,000 bushels of wheat and flour. The India, Baltic and sundry ports shipped 2,094,000 bushels of wheat, which, together with American shipments of 3,300,000 bushels, barely make up European requirements. Bradstreet's report, which came in later, showing an increase of 4,382,000 bushels in the world's visible supply, had little or no Bradstreet's report, which came in later, showing an increase of 4,382,000 bushels in the world's visible supply, had little or no effect, it having been fully discounted early. Corn—It is government report day tomorrow, and as usual the advance "pointer" was out. It says the report will show an advanced condition of corn sufficient to add 70,000,000 to 90,000,000 bushels to the government's September figures, and as a consequence the market has been weak and lower. The opening was tame, with no appreciable change in prices, firmed up lac and gradually sold off. Local receipts everan the estimates by twenty-five cars. New York reports a weak and lower market on a reliable crop report, which they say exceeds former estimates. Bradstreet's decline of 547,500 helped somewhat to offset the New York news.

Oats opened with general selling by elevator interests. There was a little demand from the outside, also by iccal traders, insufficient, however, to absorb offerings, and May quickly showed a decline of %c. Sympathy with other cereals was responsible in a measure for this weakness.

Hog products were firm, with no special feature. At the opening packers bought some, while commission houses had selling orders. The market, however, ruled dull and the general trade was light.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE

ATLANTA, October 9 - Flour-First patest 31.00 second patent \$1.50; extra lancy \$5.00; lancy \$2.90; lancy \$1.00 lancy \$2.00; lancy \$2.00

CHICAGO, October 9 Piour easy: winter patents \$3.358,350; winter straights \$3.7883.10; spring patents \$5.38 No. 2 spring wheat \$5.86 No. 2 spring —; No. 2 red \$1½. No. 2 corn \$5. No. 2 cats \$54. CINCINNATI. October 9 Phore, spring patents \$2.50 \$5.26; family \$2.553,55. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red \$0%. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed \$2. Oats active; No. 2 mixed \$1.

ST. LOUIS, Ocother 9 Pork, standard mess \$:*.50 Lard, prime steam 7 45. Dry salt meats, aboulders 8.00: long clear 6.45; clear ribs 6.6; short clear ribs 6.90. Bacco, boxed shoulders 7.25; long clear 7.50; clear ribs 1.92); short clear 7.57; @8.00. clear ribs 1.02/2; short clear 7.57/2@8.00.

ATLANTA, October 9—C.ear rio sides. boxe 1 71/4; rec-cured bellies 11. Sugar-cured hams 12/2/2 14, according to brand and average Chilfornia 91/5. Break-fast bacon 12. Lard—Laif 94/6; compound 7c.

NEW YORK, October 9—Pork quiet and steady: new mess \$14.56.13.23. Middles nowlinal; short clear —Lard quiet and weak; western steam 7.96; city steam 7.25; options, October 9.—Onst quotations were as follows: Mess port \$12.76.313.00. Lard 7.82/267.55. Short ribs, loose 6.56.6.56. Dry sait shoulders 1.00000 5.56.6.56; short clear sides boxed 7.00@7.123/2.

CINCINNATI, October 9.—Pork, mess \$13.50. Lard steam ica. 8.121; kettle dried 8.25. Bacon, shoulders 6.57.5, short rib sides 7.7% short clear 8.25.

Naval Stores.

SAVANNAH., October 9 - Spirits turpentine; firm at 20 for regulars with sales of 200 casks; receipts 177 casks. Rosin firm with demend good; sales light on occount of receipts not being del vered, as storm interded, A. B. Cand D \$1.92; E \$1.10. F \$1.20; G \$1.40; H \$51.80; I \$1.71; K \$1.80; M \$2.20; N \$2.50; window giass \$2.50; waterwhite \$1.85. WILMINGTON. October 9 -Rosin firm; strained \$715; goodstrained \$2.50; turpentine steady; tard firm at \$1.10; crude turpentine steady; hard \$1.00; soft \$1.50; virgin \$1.50;

virgin \$1.90.

NEW (YORK, October 9-Rosin dull; strained com-mon to good \$1.33 1.35; turpentine quiet and easy at 28@25). at 28@25 % Charles TON. October 9 - Turpentine firm at 2514; rosin firm: good strained \$1.02

rosin firm; good strained \$1.02.

ATLANTA. October 9 - Apples \$1.25@3.59 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ bbl.

Pears \$3.25@3.50 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ bbl. Watermelons \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$1.75@1.00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ bbl.

Lemons Messins \$3.50@3.50; Florida \$1.75@1.00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ box. Oranges Messins note. Coccanula \$2.364c. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ box. Oranges Messins note. Coccanula \$2.364c. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ box Oranges Messins Note. Banan s Seincted \$1.50@1.05 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ box Oranges \$5.00\(\frac{1}{2}\$; \text{0}\$ \text{0}\$ corate. Banan s Seincted \$1.50@1.05 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ box Oranges \$1.50@1.05 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ corate. Currants \$6.00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ box Oranges \$1.50@1.05 \$\frac

Country Proques. Country Produce.

ATLANTA. October 9 Eggs 13 \(\phi 214 \) Butter - Western creamery 75 \(\phi 27 \) \(\phi_1 \) and Tennesses 20 \(\phi 27 \) \(\phi_1 \) interpretation of the poultry - Turkeys 7(05 \) \(\phi_1 \) he theregrades 4 \(\phi_2 \) Live poultry - Turkeys 7(05 \) \(\phi_1 \) he pring chickens, large 13 \(\phi_2 \) the pring chickens 1 arge 13 \(\phi_2 \) the poultry - Turkeys 17 \(\phi_2 \) abide (ducks 12 \(\phi_2 \) bide (chickens 10 \(\phi_1 \) 2 \(\phi_1 \) interpretation \(\phi_2 \) the poultres \$2.25 \(\phi_2 \) 50 \(\phi_1 \) bide (and 10 \) the poultres \$2.25 \(\phi_2 \) 50 \(\phi_1 \) bide (and 10 \) the poultres \$2.25 \(\phi_2 \) 50 \(\phi_1 \) bide (and 10 \) the poultres \$1.56 \(\phi_1 \) 50 \(\phi_2 \) bide (and 2.55) \(\phi_2 \) 2.5. Cabbage 1\(\phi_2 \) \(\phi_1 \) in sacks \$1.56 \(\phi_1 \) 50 \(\phi_2 \) bide (and 2.55) \(\phi_2 \) Cabbage 1\(\phi_2 \) \(\phi_1 \) in the combine (and 10 \) the poultres (and 10 \) in the combine (and Bagging and Ties.

ATLANTA, October 9-Bagging-14 h 64; 2 h The J.W. PHILLIPS CO. (INCORPORATED.) Commission Merchants Produce, fruits and merchandise of all inds solicited. Promptness our motto.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO Investment Securities,

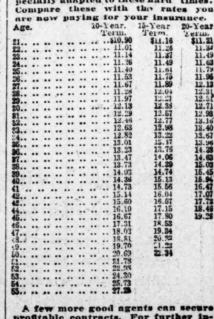
ROOM 6, CAPITAL CITY BANK B'LD'G. John W. Dickey. Stock and Bond Broker,

AUGUSTA, GA. Correspondence Invit 1.

Life Association,

SE PHILADELPHIA, PA.

pecially adapted to these hard times. Compare these with the rates you are now paying for your insurance.



Charles G. Beck,

Manager. 208 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT.

Large double store, next to Block's Candy Factory on Alabama street. Will make long lease with good party. Call on J. P Chisolm, 37 North Broad.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

day only:

Prom Hapeville... 2 40 am To Hapeville..... 2 00 am

1 From Hapeville... 2 45pm To Hapeville..... 2 30 pm WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD.

From Marietta, . 8 30 am FTo Nashville. ... 8 05 From Marietta, ... 8 30 am FTo Chattanooga, 3 01

only: From Newman.....10 15 am To Newman...... 5 10 pm GEORGIA RAILROAD. From Augusta... 5 30 am \$To Augusta..... 7 15 am From Covington... 7 43 am \$To Augusta..... 3 00 pm From Augusta... 12 16 pm To Covington... 6 30 pm From Augusta... 6 15 pm Fro Augusta.... 1d 45 pm

GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION.)

(VIA CENTRAL RAILROAD TO GRIPPIN Prom. Columbus.... 1 3 / am To Columbus 7 30 am Prom. Columbus.... 8 95 pm To Celumbus....... 4 25 pm ATLANTA AND FLORIDA KAILROAD. From Ft. Valley...10 00 a u t To For Valley.....3 19 p

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LANE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILroad Company, the most direct line and
best route to Montgomery, New Orleans,
Texas and the Southwest.

The following schedule in effect September 20, 1894:

ber 20, 1894: SOUTH BOUND. No. 37. No. 33. No. 35. Daily. Daily.

tures

and cents ...

urer, 5 per cent of circulation.... 6,750 00

Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund 5,405 00

Ar Seima. | 1 | 15 p m | 15 p

Train No. 37 carries Pullman vestibule sleepers from New York to New Orleans and dining car to Montgomery.

Train 35 Pullman buffet sleeping cars, New York to Mongomery.

Train 34 Pullman buffet sleeping cars, Montgomery to Atlanta.

Round trip tickets to Texas Mexico and California points on sale by this line.

California points on sale by this line.

JOHN A. GEE.

General Passenger Agent.

GEORGE C. SMITH.

President and General Manager.

GEORGE W. ALLEN.

Traveling Passenger Agent, 12 Kimball.

S.A.L.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE. SCHEDULE NURTHPOUND.

7 15 am 12 00 2 Lv ... Atlanta ... Ar 4 20 pm 6 45 pm 7 15 am 12 00 m Lv. Atlanta Ar 4 99 pm 6 45 pm U. Depol,CityTee 4 08 pm 5 25 pm 10 u. Depol,CityTee 4 08 pm 5 25 pm 10 u. Depol,CityTee 4 08 pm 5 25 pm 10 u. Winder 3 2 pm 5 50 pm 11 55 km 4 00 pm Ar. Elberton Lv 2 04 pm 11 55 km 4 00 pm Ar. Elberton Lv 2 04 pm 11 55 km 4 00 pm Ar. Elberton Lv 2 04 pm 11 50 pm 18 Ar. Elberton Lv 12 43 pm 2 30 pm 116 pm 6 05 pm 1 Ar. Claton Lv 12 43 pm 2 30 pm 16 pm 6 05 pm 1 Ar. Claton Lv 12 44 pm 11 20 pm 16 pm 6 05 pm 1 Ar. Claton Lv 12 44 pm 11 20 pm 16 pm 6 05 pm 1 Ar. Claton Lv 12 44 pm 11 20 pm 16 pm 16 pm 17 13 pm 18 45 pm 17 130 pm 18 45 pm

ELBERTON FLYER. No. 36. | DAILY. | No. 44.
245 pin Lv. Atianta (City Time); Ar 8 90 am
5-50 pm Ar Lawrenceville (Eastern me); 1. 7: 2 am
60 pm Ar Winder | Lv. 6 5-5 am
650 pm Ar Athans | 4 Lv 6 5-5 am
650 pm Ar Elberton | 4 Lv 51 1 am "Daily except Sunday.

*Daily except Sunday.

(b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadeiphia and Norfolk railroad. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company. Trains Nos. 402 and 403 solid vestibuled trains with Pullman Buffett sleeping cars between Atlanta and Washington through sleeper between Monroe and Portsmouth, Va., and Pullman Buffett parlor cars between Washington and New York: sleeping cars Hamlet and Wilmington. Trains Nos. 38 and 41 run solid between Atlanta and Monroe, N. C. Through coach to Charleston via Columbia, S. C. Tickets for sale at union depot or at company's ticket ton via Columbia, S. C. Tickets for sale at union depot or at company's ticket office, No. 6 Kimball house. JOHN F. w(NDER, General Manager, E. J. WALKER, C. P. and T. A., No. 6 Kimball house. T. J. ANDERSON, G. P. A. B. A. NEWLAND, Div. Pass. Agt. At-lants. Ga.

The Shortest Possible and Most Direct NASHVILLE & EVANSVILLE



Wisconsin Summer Resorts. Double Daily Service to and from the South. J.B.CAVANAUGH, G.P.A., J.M.OUTLER, G.S.A., J.B.CAVANAUGH, G.P.A., Sun-tues-wed-fri

BROU'S INJECTION A PERMANENT CURE

WILLIAM C. HALE, President. D. H LIVERMORE, Vice-Prest. J. C. DAYTON, Cashing STATE SAVINGS BANK.

Corner Peachtree and Mari etta Streets, Atlanta, Ga. UNDIVIDED PROFITS, \$10,000 Accounts of individuals, firms, corporations, and banks received on favorable terms

Geo. W. Parrott, President C. A. Collier, Vice-President, Jacob Haas, Cashler, CAPITAL CITY BANK

CAPITAL \$400,000. SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$100,000 TRANSACTS A GENE RAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Safe deposit vaults. Boxes to rent at reduced rates. Accounts of banks and bankers, mercantile and manufacturing fir ms or corporations received upon favorable terms. Poreign exchange bought and sold. Interest paid on time deposits.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO. Stockholders Liability, \$320,000 Capital and Surplus, \$200,000. Solicit accounts of individuals. Arms, corporations and banks upon invorable terms. Do not pay interest on open accounts but issue interest bearing certificates, for limited amounts only, payable on demand, as follows: 4 per cent. If left & days: 5 per cent, if left 6 months or longer.

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. H. M. ATKINSON, Vice President.

JOSEPH A. McCORD, Cashier, T. C. ERWIN, Asst. Cashier,

THE ATLANTA TRUST AND BANKING 60 Corner Alabama and Broad Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

Accounts of firms, corporations and individuals solicited on terms sistent with legitimate banking. J. CARROL PAYNE,
EUGENE C. SPALDING,
H. M. ATKINSON.

A. P. MORGAN,
A. RICHARDSON, H. T. INMAN, W. A. HEMPHILL, A. J. SHROPSHIRE,

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Atlanta National Bank,

At Atlanta, in the state of Georgia, at the close of business, October 2, 1894. RESOURCES: LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in \$ 150,000 00 and taxes paid. 271,534 65
National bank notes outstanding. 135,000 00
Due to other national banks. 80,046 58
Due to state banks and bankers. 21,631 69 Individual deposits subject to Other real estate and mortgages 12,473 81 owned..... Due from national banks (not re-Due from state banks and bankers.. Checks and other cash items..... Exchanges for clearing house.... Notes of other national banks.... Fractional paper currency, nickels 1,981 87 46,820 89 5,500 00 2,216 65 Lawful Money Reserve in Bank,

Total.....\$2,052,590 20 Total\$2,052,590 20 STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON, SS: I. C. E. Currier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. C. E. CURRIER, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of October 1894.

D. B. DESAUSSURE, Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga. A. E. THORNTON, P. ROMARE, FRANK E. BLOCK, Crrect-Attest: Directors.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Notes and bills discounted.... ...\$476,035.07 Notes and bills discounted. \$40,030.10
Overdrafts. 2,331.53
Bonds, stocks and other securities. 46,480.72
Furniture, vault and fixtures. 9,982.50
Real estate. 7,579.00
Due from banks and bankers in state. 256,384.16
Due from banks and bankers without state. 62,536.19
Cash in vaults. 30,096.78 Total.. \$670,085.06 Total.. \$670,085.06

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULITON.—Before me came Joseph A. McCord, cashier of the Atlanta Trust and Banking Company, who, being duly sworn, says the above statement is a true condition of said bank as shown by the books of file in said bank, and he further swears that since last return made to the state examiner of the condition of said bank, to the best of affiant's knowledge and belief, that said bank, through its officers, have not violated or evaded any obligation imposed by law.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this, 1st day of October, 1894.

WILLIAM H. TURMAN, Notary Public, Fulton county, Georgia.

EXAMINER'S REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF TA THE CAPITAL CITY BANK. Located at Atlanta, in the state of Georgia, on the 29th day of September, 1894. ..\$711,867 32 Total

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUN TY.—Before me came Jacob Haas, cashler of Capital City bank, who, being duly sworn, says the above statement is a true condition of said bank as shown by the books of file in sail bank, and he further swars that since the last return made to state bank examiner, of the condition of said bank, to the best of affiant's knowledge and belief, that the said bank, through its officers, has not violated or evaded any obligation imposed by law, unless that the purchase of commercial paper at a discount greater than 8 per cent per annum may be considered such violation of law.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 5th day of October, 1894.

SAMUEL MEYER, JR., Notary Public Fulten County Georgia.

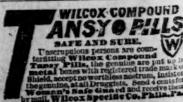


DR. D. F. THOMPSON

Specialist, WHITEHALL STREET,
Cures Catarrh of the Head, Nose, 'Ears,
Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Uterus
and Bladder, Ulcerations, Blood and Skin
and Nervous Diseases. Medicine furnished.
Hours, 9 to 5; Sundays 9 to 10:20. ConsultaATLANTIC PHOSPHATE CO.

together with the entire stock, brands a good will, we take this method of thanki the friends and patrons of the Chicora Fit tilizer Company for their cordial support of the Atlantic Phospha Company, as well as the Checra brand guaranteeing that under the managene of the Chicora, the reputation earned in the Atlantic brands will be fully sustained the Atlantic brands will be fully sustained CHICORA FERTILIZER COMPANY, George A. Wagner, General Manager.





ice-Prest. J. C. DATTON, Cappier BANK,

ets, Atlanta, Ga.

UNDIVIDED PROFITS, \$10,000,
anks received on favorable terms

President Jacob Haas, Cashier

0,000. PROFITS \$100,000.

ANKING CO. olders Liability, \$320,000 porations and banks upon innecounts but twee interest
siy, payable on demand, no
at, if left 6 months or longer.

D BANKING GO

YNE, ALDING,

NOITION

al Bank,

d profits, less expenses kes paid bank notes outstanding ther national banks.....tate banks and bankers.

cretificates of deposit....
checks outstanding...
tates deposits...
of U.S. disbursing officers.
d bills rediscounted ...

C. E. CURRIER, Cashier. tober 1894. Sotary Public, Fulton County, Ga.

E. THORNTON, ROMARE, ANK E. BLOCK.

.... \$670,085.06

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as shown by the books of file in
made to the state examiner of
weedge and belief, that said
my obligation imposed by law.

JOSEPH A. McCORD.

ober, 1894.

WILLIAM H. TURMAN,
blic, Fulton county, Georgia.

DITION OF U BANK. 29th day of September, 1894.

.. \$1,008,055.52 SAID BANK.

me came Jacob Has, cashier above statement is a true condition of the condition of the said bank, though its seed by law unless that the puras per cent per annum may be JACOB HAAS, Cashier. of October, 1894. blic Fulten County Georgia.

purchased the plant of the

ITIC PHOSPHATE CO. with the entire stock, brands and we take this method of thankings and patrons of the Chicora Fermany for their cordial supportings in the past, and now solicit nase of the Atlantic Phosphate as well as the Cheora brands, ing that under the management the cora, the reputation earned by the brands will be fully sustained. DRA FERTILIZER COMPANY, or A. Wagner, General Manager.

ANSY OPILLS

SAFE AND SURE.

The recupilous persons are countriting willow Compound

Safe and Sure.

The recupilous persons are countriting willow Compound

Safe and Sure.

OVER THE A. P. A.

Bishop Nelson, of the Episcopal Church. and Father Kelley, of the Catholic, the Two Principals.

IN A VERY ANIMATED CONTROVERSY

The following animated correspondence, bearing on a question which is now agitat-ing the public mind, will be read with interest on account of the prominence of the two principals and the well known ability

movement is now engaging public attention from Maine to California, and in politics has assumed the proportion of a revival of the old know-nothing wave, which made things lively before the war and which plunged actively into more than one politi-

Bishop Nelson, who writes the first of the two following cards, is the head of the Episcopal diquese of Georgia, having suc-ceeded the late Bishop Beckwith. He was

which you published on October 6th, page 1, column 5.

"For the clear comprehension of those who read, I wish to state that I have never belonged to any sort of secret society or order in my life, that I never shall so connect myself; and that so far from approving the line of organization, the plans, purposes, metrods, language or machinery of the American Protection Association, I, most heartily abhor them.

"But it is perfectly clear to me that whether, ignorantly or unintentionally every speech or writing in reference to this society has completely missed the point of the whole business. Not one has touched on the philosophy of the movement, and it is high time you and all public teachers were giving the country an opportunity to hear the other side, whether it is a pleasant sound or one that is harsh, grating and discordant.

hear the other side, wnether it is a pleasant sound or one that is harsh, grating and discordant.

"I. The American Protective Association has as its underlying philosophy certain great rights and duties, the one set of which have been refused, the other left undone. It is an emecure produced by causes which have been barsiy touched upon. Hopes of justice frustrated, the assured protection of citizenship under an national constitution having proven a dream, the separation of church and state of that same constitution having been basely violated by our legislatures from the highest to the lowest, the rights of four-lifths of American citizens being continually denied to please the remaining one-fifth and to secure those votes, this, sir, I submit is the secret which has not been told. These have produced the secret fires of which the work of the American Protective Association is nothing more nor less than a single manifestation of American citizenship goaded to frenzy by festering woes, liberties bartered, and the infamous traffic which has gone on for years in our national capital, even to the point of trading in the souls of those pitiable wards of the nation, and crowning the country's splendid (?) achievements with the red men, after having taken away their lands and goods, by selling them for adherents of a foreign church and for the still further increment of the same vote which already exercises the most disproportionate sway in American politics.

"The American Protective Association,"

selling them for adherents of a foreign church and for the still further increment of the same vote which already exercises the most disproportionate sway in American politics.

"The American Protective Association, therefore, and thousands more who have taken an oath in the secret chamber of their own hearts alone, will not vote for a Roman Catholic for a political office of any sort under the sun. But it is oath against oath—that is all. An honest Romanist (there are plenty of them) will not, a dishonest one need not deny, for it will disprove nothing, that by consistency with his profession, with loyalty to his convictions and by solemn vow he is bound to consider his church first, last and all the time. This position persistently maintained has had its effect, but it has had too much effect. The fact has been overlooked, which the conscientious 'Romanist does not and cannot admit, that the religious liberties of non-Romanists must in this country be preserved, but, above all, that in America flavoritism in the dispensation of the rights of citizenship will not be permitted and that the subsidizing of any denomination by the United States congress is high crima and misdemeanor for which every member who is a party thereto should suffer the penalty of his head, and the abettors thereof be expelled.

"Let intelligent men look into the state of affars in Washington and then at the American Protective Association, and they will know what draws the tears,' nay, that is woman's language; they will know why people who cannot be led to see, because they have too often been deceived before, a better way, turn to proscription, boycott and other Illicit forms of protest.

"It do not hesitate to say that for every act of unkindness, every objection offered, every insult received, Roman Catholics, not individuals, but as a body, and they are a body, have sone to thank hut themselves.

"Yet hear Mr. Egan utter that incomparable falsehood: "They have never sought in the past, nor will they ever seek in the future, any more

Has not any one told Mr. Egan that in ten years, Roman Catholic institutions in the city of New York have been supported by taxation in the sum of \$5.52,733?

"Poor, Ignorant Mr. Egan! You would better recall that letter. The A. P. A.'s have the figures on you and a large part of the remaining \$6.000,000 people of the nation have their eyes upon you and upon others, even If you do throw sand. And whether it is by the American Protective Association, which, of course, cannot accomplish all its objects, or by the sound, sober, steady remnant of the American people, this agitation will continue until the nefarious system of our congress in supporting zectarian institutions will be compelled to cease. If Mr. Egan and his people will retire from their demand for financial support, well. But if not the seed is sown which will grow tares and thisties for the man of unholy greed who dares tread on American soil.

"Atlanta, Ga., October Sh."

"Father Keiley's Beply.

-Father Keiley's Beply. "Editor Constitution: Ever since publici-ty has been given to the aims and methods of the latest revival of know-nothingism, the American Protective Association. I have been of the opinion that we Catholics should leave to our Protestant friends and neighbors the condemnation of this anti-Christian and un-American organization.

'I am persuaded that our people are on the whole, a fair minded and honest peo-ple, and this persuasion has reached the stage of conviction when I have seen Proglumged actively into more than one political campaign in Georgia.

Bishop Nelson, who writes the first of the two following gards, is the head of the Epicopal diogene of Georgia, having succeeded the late Bishop Beckwith. He was called to Georgia from the Bishop of Georgia, and campaign in a little more than a year ago, when he became Bishop of Georgia.

The Very Reverend Father Keijer, who was the Atlanta as one of the ablest of the Catholic clergy of the south. He is vicar general of the Catholic leergy of the south. He is vicar general of the Catholic leergy of the south. He is vicar general of the Catholic leergy of the south. He is vicar general of the Catholic leergy of the south which are to the Church of the Immaculate Conception in Atlanta. He came to Georgia at the same time that Bishop Becker was transferred from the bishopric of Delaware to that of Georgia, the bishop transferring Father Kelley with him, and afterward making him the vicar general of the state. He is a master of the art of controversy, and can hold his own with the best.

Bishop Nelson's communication, whenered the public might have the benefit of each presentation at the same time.

The controversy is thus put:

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T testants, with no sort of sympathy with the Catholic church, condemn in ringing words this secret, oath-bound and intolerant ag-

"He has, on the contrary, in this letter, sent out to the world with all the weight attaching to his official position, a defense and justification of the American Protective Association. His letter will like his with the contral effices of the Orange revival at Washington, D. C.
"Bishop Nelson declares, nevertheless, that he has no sympathy with this organization, while, at the same time, he gives them public aid and comfort.
"He has enjoyed the singular satisfaction of reading all the literature at his command which has treated of the hard of the mand which has treated of the house of the witters. It is true that some of these writers are men whose names are guarantees of eminence, ability and research, but they have all, as the bishop of Georgla, modestly declares, missed the fact patent to him alone, that there is a philosophy in the American Protective Association. I know there is bigotry, intolerance, mendally have a supported the same of the sent of the without the same of these attributes. Not a statement made by Eishop Nolson has not heretofore found a place in American Protective Association if the american Protective Association if the same of these attributes. Not a statement made by Eishop Nolson has not heretofore found a place in American Protective Association if the assured protection of citizenship under our attributes. The complete of the same o

these rather rhetorical statements are based?

"I. The appropriation of moneys by congress to Indian Catholic schools.

"2. Appropriations in New York to Catholic charitable institutions.

"3. Catholic sisters begging for the pooralarse proportion of whom are non-Catholics—in the departments in Washington.

"Suppose all these are established facts,

is my genial friend, John Colvin, to be defeated for a position on the aldermanic board of Atlanta?

Atlan

institutions.
"BENJAMIN J. KEILEY, V. G."

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA. October Term, 1894-Number of Cases Remaining Undisposed Of.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases remaining undisposed of:
 cases remaining undisposed of:
 16

 Criminal cases.
 .3 Rome.
 .16

 Atlanta.
 .62 Tallapoosa.
 .11

 Stone Mountain.
 .18 Coweta.
 .8

 Middle.
 .8 Flint.
 .11

 Augusta.
 .10 Comulgee.
 .10

 Eastern.
 .21 Chattahoochee.
 .20

 Macon.
 .36 Pataula.
 .5

 Northern.
 .10 Southwestern.
 .12

 Western.
 .8 Albany.
 .7

 Northeastern.
 .10 Southern.
 .4

 Blue Ridge.
 .7 Oconee.
 .10

 Cherokee.
 .14

Proceedings Yesterday. Arguments were heard in the following cases of the Brunswick circuit.: E. Brobston & Co. et al. v. C. Downing et al., and vice versa. E. Brobston et al. v. Chatham bank of Savannah et al., from Glynn superior court. Decker & Fawcett v. Guinn & Franklin, from Glynn.

Adjourned to next Monday morning at 9 o'clock. The Atlanta circuit will be taken up on Wednesday, the 17th instant. After thirty cases of that circuit have been called, arguments will be suspended until further notice. further notice.

Unless you kill your doubts they will some day kill you. If you doubt the medicinal powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla take a half dozen bottles and then doubt and disease will be conquered.

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Liver Pills are a specific for sick headache, and every woman should know this. Only one pill a dose. Try them.

CLOWNS TALK AND SING.

One of the Changes in the Barnum & Bailey Circus Programme.

Pete Conklin and Billy Burke, two of the best known clowns in the country, are this season with the Barum & Bailey shows, and are doing the talking acts and singing the songs which were formerly considered a necessary part of the clown's duties. It has been several years since there have been any singing and talking acts with one of the big shows. The Barnum & Balley shows have fifteen other clowns in funny acrobatic and pantomime acts. The big free parade is one of the finest ever seen upon the streets of an American city, and is quite novel in its make-up, containing one feature in the civic and military parade of the rulers of the earth that, in itself, is a great show, better than many another circus charges to witness. The parade will move through the principal streets of Atlanta next Monday and the show will give two performances on that hay, one in the afternoon and one in the evening. Bailey Circus Programme.

Water Cure Sanitarium Is permanently located in Griffin, Ga., to receive and treat a invalids. Send postage stamp for circular.

DR. J. M. ARMSTRONG, Proprietor.
March 12, 1894.
marl8-12m

I want every man and woman in the United States interested in the Oplum and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 378, and one will be sent you free. This Is Good News.

Dr. J. Harvey Moore, the oculist, will reopen his office at 203 and 204Kiser building, Atlanta, Thursday morning, October 1st. sep 30-im su wed. Continues to Run.

There has been no official announcement that the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine has refused to run.

The facts in the case are that it will continue to run and hold to its fine record of being the lightest running sewing machine extant. If you want a sewing machine that runs smoothly, lightly and always does the work expected of it, get the celebrated No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson. Office R Whitehall street.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

VORY***
**SOAP IT FLOATS =

IS NOT LOST IN THE TUB.

THEIR GREAT POPULARITY Atlanta's



Dr. Hathaway & Co. are regarded as the best Southern authorities in the diagnosis and handling of all forms of PRIVATE, SKIN, BLOOD and NERVOUS DISEASES and their complications. The conse- men, tall men--all quence is that among those applying to Dr. Hathaway & Co. for expert treatment, the proportion of subjects suffering from any of the EISEMAN & WEIL. above troubles, is 65 per cent of their large practice. Why do they go to Dr. Hathaway & Co.? Because they know they are placing their lives in the hands of honest, competent and scientific specialists. Because they know they are engaging the services of a firm of Specialists whose reputation is unequaled, whose credentials are unquestionable, and above all, who are PERMANENTLY LOCATED. You will always find them at their place of business, in the beautiful, large, spacious parlors, 34 and 35, 22 1-2 South Broad street. They take no incurable cases and hold out no false inducements, thereby imposing upon the people. Their Specialities are: SYPHILIS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, IMPOTEN-CY, KIDNEY and URINARY TROUBLES, STRICTURE, VARI-COCELE, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, etc. All business strictly confidential. Call on or address Dr. Hathaway & Co. 22 1-2 S. Broad st.

Old Papers for sale at THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE. Twenty cents per hundred.

EDUCATIONAL

lege and preparatory courses to students at home, by a system of correspondence with professors in leading colleges. Address John H. Daniels, executive secretary, Buffalo, N. Y.

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All branches taught by competent teachers. Open all the year. Normal class for teachers. Class for beginners.

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Cons'd'in of Coldenith & SU LIVAN'S BUS. COLL. & Bookseping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Permanahip, &t.,
Bookseping, Bookseping

State of Georgia, Fulton County.—To the Superior Court of Said County: The petition of James P. Day, John M. Bishop and J. H. Mountain, all of said county, shows to the court, first: They desire an order incorporating your petitioners, their associates, successors and assigns under the corporate name of the court, first; They desire an order incorporating your petitioners, their associates, successors and assigns under the corporate name of "THE SOUTHERN IMMIGRATION AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY."

Second: The object if their association is pecuniary gain to the stockholders. The particular business that your petitioners promise to carry on is that of buying and salling real estate; subscribing for and selling bonds and stocks in other corporations; purchasing real estate and to handle real estate on commission and do a general real estate by contract of Georgia and other southern states; to buy and sell onder southern states; to buy and sell ond to handle stocks and bonds on commission, as the agent of the owners thereof, and do a general brokerage business; to induce immigration to the state of Georgia and other southern states; to buy and sell bonds and to handle stocks and bonds on commission, as the agent of the owners thereof, and do a general brokerage business in stocks and bonds; to borrow and lend money and foster and promote any entervise that may be incidental to immigration.

Third: The amount of capital stock to be employed by petitioners actually paid in its the sum of ten thousand (500,000) dollars, to be divided into one thousand (500,000) dollars, to be divided into enthusand (500,000) dollars, to be divided into enthusand (500,000) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, as the privilege of increasing said capital stock, from time to time, to a sum not exceeding five hundred thousand (500,000) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be divided into shares of ten (500) dollars, to be d

Policemen Saved

Money on their Winter Uniforms by buying from us. You can do the same. Just give us a chance. We daily fit and please merchants. mechanics. doctors, lawyers, farmers, bankers, preachers, teachers, rich men, poor men, fat men, lean men, short kinds of men.

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Macon, Ga. Any matters entrusted to our care, whether in or out of the city of Macon will receive prompt and careful attention.

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Special attention to railroad damages, corporation cases and collections for non-residents.

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july 20 1y

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Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 5 Lowe building,
30% Whitehall street. Telephone 30.

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Which promises more than it will perform will be of value to the advertiser. We recognized this truth long ago, and our success is largely due to the fact that we never have violated the confidence of our customers......Boys and men with not much money to spare, you can dress well. Let us SUIT you? Let us OVERCOAT you? Let us HAT you? Let us FUR-NISH you?



Yon Yonson GUS HEEGE,

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Friday and Saturday, October 12th and 12th. Matinee, Saturday.

THE BLAZING SUN
Of the Farce Comedy Sky, Jolly

Headquarters for everything in the Silver line. Examine my goods |

before purchasing.

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ANSLEY BROS. Real Estate and Loans.

\$12,500 for a piece of Alabama street store property, worth \$20,000, and forced to sale; come see it; at a sacrifice on account of circumstances.

\$1,500 Capitol avenue tot, near Georgia avenue, 50x200, worth \$2,500
\$2,200 for a Capitol avenue lot near Crumley; lots adjoining held at \$2,000.

\$2,100, new cottage on Crew street, near Crumley.

\$5,500, beautiful Peachtree lot, east front, 60 foot, corner lot, W. Peachtree, at a bargain.

\$60, % acre lot at Decatur; \$100 cash, balance easy.

\$1,400, nice home at Poplar Springs.

Office 12 E. Alabama street, telephone

\$83.

THOS. C. HAMPTON. CHAS. HERMAN. HAMPTON & HERMAN,

Real Estate and Loans, Rccm 41 Grant Building, Corner Marietta

and Broad streets.

224 PER ACRE will buy sine farming land on Decatur and McDonough road, only four miles from car shed. Terms easy.

5,000 WILL BUY new 4-room house on Forest avenue. Lot 50x159; good neighborhood and cheap.

WE HAVE 50 front feet on South Pryor street near courthouse in central business property, which we can offer for next tendays at \$537 per front foot—a bargain.

WE HAVE 8-room house on Washington, also 8-room house on Whitehall street. We will exchange for vacant property or nice farm near the city.

EAST LAKE lots to exchange for city property.

conveniently arranged and beautifully finished. The location is as good as there is in the city and the place is in ever yway a \$1,000 cash and will take the balance in easy monthly payments, with 7-per cent interest

FOR RENT BY C. H. Girardenu, S E. Wall St., Kir

NORTHEN & DUNSON.

Building

EXCHANGE—HANCOCK COUNTY FARM of 800 acres, with 12-room, 2-story frame house, barn, all necessary out houses, etc., seven miles from railroad at Sparta, Ga., for only \$3,500, also admirably adapted for stock farm, with clover and bermuda grass in abundance. This is a big bargain and will make easy terms or exchange for Atlanta real estate.

\$3,000—For new, 7-room, 2-story house, south side, in a block of three electry lines, 2 blocks of public school, for only \$2,000, worth \$3,500; £300 cash, balance easy. \$4,000—For beautiful lot 56x16c covered with oak grove, on West Peachtree; cheap.

ISAAC LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting

and Loans.

28 Peachtree Street The owners of the following are very anxious to sell, hence the low prices.

\$600 buys 3-room house, front and back porch, stable, etc., on lot \$9x300 on West Hunter street.

\$5,500 buys 143 feet front on Ridge avenue and running back to E. T. V., and G. R. R., on which there are good improvements.

\$2,400 buys 4-room house, lot \$\$x150, on Johnson avenue, \$1,300 cash, balance easy, \$1,050 buys 3-room house, lot \$1x108 on North avenue, \$500 cash, balance \$15 per month.

North avenue, sow cash, buys nice 4-room month.

\$1,500 on easy terms buys nice 4-room house on Georgia avenue, near Capitol ave.

\$700 buys beautiful lot on Rice street.

\$730 each buys \$1 lots 50x158 on Pearl street.

Cheap property on Edgewood avenue, near Bell street.

\$500 buys 10x919 on Greenesferry avenue and fronting Westview cemetery.

\$2,500 buys 30x100 on Marietta street.

Cheap lot on Ira street; also one on Georgia avenue.

Cheap lot on Ira street; also one on Georgia avenue.
For rent. 15 and 17 Marietta street and 5 North Broad street.
\$7,500 buys 23 lots 50x200 each op Greensferry avenue and Hopkins street, adjoining lots selling for \$700 each.
\$1,600 buys 13 lots on Beecher street in West End.

Sam'l W. Goode, Attorney. J. A. Reynolds. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.'S Real Estate Offers.

Real Estate Offers.

500 ACRES IN HOUSTON COUNTY, Georgia, four miles from the Central railroad, at Byron station, 400 acres in very high state of cultivation, balance woodland; all the place lies well; averages one bale of cotton to every 1½ acres, and 25 bushels of corn per acre; there are 100 acres that produce one bale per acre and 50 bushels of corn per acre, or oats in proportion; six acres produced by actual measurement 140 bushels of wheat; all the vegetables grow to perfection; sweet and Irish potatoes very large yield; watermelous a great crop on this land; peas and peanuts very prolific; all the fruits, especially the famous Elberta peaches and scuppernong grapes do specially well; Macon and Atlanta and northern markets accessible by good schedules; improvements ample for all purposes. To own this farm will make any man independent forever. Owner will take \$17,500 for it on easy payments, and will accept a moderate home in Atlants in part payment.

No expense to you unless we succeed.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO., Corner Peachtree and Marietta Sts.

KI RKWOOD. Homes on Installments.

Will take Atlanta Suburban Land Combany stock or city property for vacanty improved lots in this lovely suburb.

BOUTH KIRKOOD LAND CO.,

Big East Alabama Street.

HAYNES & HARWELL,

Renting Agents, 14 Walton St. WE WANT purchase money notes, also have money to loan on improved real estate at 65, 7 and 75 per cent. from 3 to 5 years.

No. 31 Washington stree, 11-from, brick house; stable; lot Estate to the form to alley.

Store, 25 Marietta street, 25.

We have tenants for good residences and business houses.

Mr. Henry McDaniel Will Make the Race for City Engineer.

HE THINKS HE WAS NOMINATED

And Will Ignore the Primary Because the City Executive Committee Ignored His Request for a Recount in the Second.

Mr. Henry McDaniel, who was a candi date for city engineer against Captain Rob ert Clayton is not pleased with the result

He will make the race for the position to which he aspired as an independent.

It will be remembered that Mr. McDaniel

made one of the longest, warmest and most irdustrious canvasses during the late campaign that has ever been known in Atlanta. Naturally of the most sanguine tempera ment and disposition, Mr. McDaniel was hopeful from the very inception of the campain, but as his work of electioneering went on and he was encouraged his sanguineness increased untin he was willing to lay everything he had upon his success in the race. Always full of energy, never tiring, and never thinking of such a thing as defeat Mr. McDaniel pushed his work right up to the night before the ballot boxes record and then went home to sleep and opened, and then went home to sleep and to dream of the victory which he was sure would come to him on the morrow. When the day for voting dawned Mr. McDaniel was one of the first at the polling places and at the ballot box his work was of that same industrious order which had character-ized him all during the campaign. With his hands full of tickets and his heart full of hope he approached all who came up and asked for a lift towards the office he once filled. As the day progressed his ardor and enthusiasm increased and of all those at

the voting places Henry McDaniel was the only one who did not entertain any doubt se to the result. Others who won out thought they might

have been beaten.

But with Henry McDaniel there was no such word as fail. He had no doubt as to the result. He was certain that he had won and that, too, by a lorge majority. Just before the polls closed he was in the second ward, and when asked about the out-

"Why, I am elected. I have carried every ward in the city. There is just a chance that I may have lost the seventh, West End, because she was not in the city when I was engineer. If I haven't lost the sev-

enth I have carried every ward in the city."
Full of the same hope which inspired him
through the campaign Mr. McDaniel did
not wait for the vote to be counted out that
night, but went home and to bed fully coninced that he was the nominee of his party for city engineer. The next morning about 5 o'clock he was out as fresh as a lark, and after inspecting the vote that had been

countd remarked:
"Well, I'm elected." At that time only the vote of the second and the fifth was to be received, and he had then about one-third as many votes as had Mr. Clayton.
"Why, Mae," said one of his friends,

as he was going over the vote, "Clayton has beaten you two to one, yes, three to "No, he has not," replied Mr. McDaniel,

as he examined the returns then in care-fully. "That don't amount to anything. I am elected, I tell you, and all you have to do is to wait and see.

There was that same air of enthusiasm and sanguineness about the gentleman that was apparent all through the campaign. Immediately after the result of the en

vote of the city was announced Mr. Mc-Daniel still clung to his proposition that he was elected, and declared that the vote credited to Captain Bob Clayton, his op ponent, was the combined vote of Captain Clayton and Mr. Tom Clayton, who ran

that Mr. McDaniel was talking through his hat, and declined to entertain his appea further than to listen to his talk. This did not please Mr. McDaniel, and yesterday he decided to make the race for the position independently. in making his decision known Mr. McDaniel indited a letter to blic, and here it is. It is characteristic of the writer:

the public, and here it is. It is characteristic of the writer:

"Having failed to have a recount of the second word vote and it being further alleged that my contest was perfunctory (as to myself) and designed to help another party for another piace. I assert that I have no desire to disturb the prima facie election of other ministerial officers, most of whom I voted for myself, and feeling that the disposition of my opponent's friends gives credence to my claim, which is different from any other candidote (there being a coincidence of naraes against me) I feel that I am authorized to run independent for city engineer without detracting from my lifelong record as an organized democrat. Nothing would have been easier if there was consciousness that I really was defeated than to have made the recount I asked for.

"By way of precedent I will state that my first defeat by the present incumbent grew out of the election of three independent candidates for city council who all voted for him and was inspired by the friction I made in my zeal for the regular nominees. It is meet and proper now that the same element that contributed to my defeat then should hoist my opponent on his own petard, though I rely altogether on the majority vote which was actually cast for me:

"I append the vote as I have reason to believe was actually cast for me:

"This shows a majority for me.
"H. T. McDANIEL."

A TRUANT BOTTLE OF BEER.

It Turned Up After Twenty Years in the Bottom of the Well. man were to find a bottle of beer bottom of a well where he had dropped it twenty years ago and found it to be good, "live" beer he would, indeed, think that wonders never cease.

That was just the situation which confronted Mr. Charles Benden, who hves

In 1874 a bottle of beer was dropped in a well near the old stockade grounds. Mr. Benden was the man who lost it. He was letting down his daily supply of beer for the purpose of cooling it and one of the bottles went to the bottom.

Yesterday he had his well cleaned out and there was the bottle of beer, which had been missed by all other well-cleaners who had been in the well these past twenty years. He wanted a drink.

Strange to say the beer was cool and fresh and delightful, and those who stood around and saw Mr. Benden drink down the frothy beverage, all declare that his only exclamation was: "Begosh that's good to be so old."

SENT TO THE PEN.

John W. Watts Convicted of Counterfelting Before Judge Newman.

John W. Watts, an alleged counterfeiter,
was tried before Judge Newman, in the
United States circuit court, yesterday morning and convicted.

It was charged in the true bill that he
committed the crime on July 4, 1894. He had
violated the laws of the United States in the
fraudulent coinage of money to the extent
of fifteen spurious pieces of coin, each representing a silver dollar. The moulds were
also found in his possession, which formed
the basis of a second count in the allegations, and he was furthermore charged with
the circulation of the money which he

IN JUDGE WESTMORELOND'S COURT. The Big Suit Against the Georgia Road

The Big Suit Against the Georgia Road

Was Non-Suited Yesterday.

The suits of Tom Morris, by next best friend, and S. A. Morris against the Georgia road, were consolidated yesterday and aggregated over \$11,000. The suit was on account of injuries received by Tom Morris, who was struck by a Georgia road train near his home and had his collar bone dislocated, a leg broken and an arm broken.

The attorneys for the road, Messrs. Hillyer, Ajexander & Lambdina and Major J. B. Cumming, moved that both suits be non-suited. This was done with both suits.

The suit of Spratton against Pim & Taylor was then taken up. It is for damages alleged to have been sustained by a house which Pim and Taylor moved.

KENTUCKY JELLICO COAL.

It Is Handled in This City by Mr. George P. Howard.

George P. Howard.

The Ktntucky Jellico coal handled in this part of the state by Mr. George P. Howard at 45 Edgewood Avenue, is attracting considerable attention on accuont of its merits for domestic purposes. This brand of coal is mined in the famous Jellico region in Tennessee and Ketucky, and is a superior brand in every rospect.

Mr. Howard has splendid facilities for handling this coal. His large and commoditus yards at 350 Decatur street, corner of Grant, are said to be the most convenient and the best adapted for the purpose for which they are intended of any in the southern states.

The cold weather is coming on and you need coal right now. It is useless for you to put it off until the day you need it. "A stitch in time saves nine," so if you will send or telephone Mr. Howard he will take pleasure in filling your order with the very best coal at minimum prices.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS AND FORECAST.

Throughout the region west of the Mississippi river yesterday was marked by an almost total absence of precipitation, while in the eastern part of the country a storm was still moving northward along the Atlantic coast and at 7 o'clock in the evening was central near Wilmington, N. C., at, which place the wind was blowing a gale of twenty-eight miles per hour, and nearly 1.50 inches of rain had failen during a period of twelve hours. Heavy rain also fell at Charlotte, W. V., and Norfolk, Vs., the former reporting nearly two inches and the latter about one and a half inches. In Georgia heavy rains were reported by almost all cotton belt stations. West Point had over five inches and Griffin and Toccoa nearly two inches.

The temperature in all parts of the country, except the extreme southwest, was very low. At Atlanta the mercury only reached a maximum of 65 degrees.

For Georgia today: Generally fair weather; continued cool.

Local Report for October 9, 1894.

Local Report for October 9, 1894.

The Weather Bulletin. Observations taken at 7 o'clock p. m.

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STATIONS AND STATE	trie P	ature.	elocit	b P	-
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	SOUTHEAST-
91	Atlanta, Ga., cloudy 29.72 60 10 .03 65
	Charlotte, N. C., cloudy 29.52 52 81.88 58
-	Jacksonville, Fla., Pt. clou'y 29.72 68 6 .02 74
1	Knoxville, Tenn., cloudy 129.78 54 61 .00 56
9	Mobile, Ala., clear 29.82 62 61 .00 72
۰ ا	Montgomery, Ala., clear 29.76 62 L .00 76
93	Hensacola, Fla., clear 29.78 64 8 .00 72
1	Savannah, Ga., Pt. cloudy 29.64 64 14 1.00 78
t	Tampa, Fla., Pt. cloudy 29.78 74 8 .01 82
	Wilmington, N. C., cloudy 29.26 72 28 1.46 74
	SOUTHWEST-
- 1	Abilene, Tex., clear 29.68 88 6 00 92
	Corpus Christi, Tex., clear 29.86 74 8 .00 76
t	Fort Smith, Ark., clear 29.84 62 L .00 70
9	Galveston, Tex., clear 29.90[68] 6 .00[70
. 1	Memphis, Tenn., cies 29.86 56 L .00 64
1	Meridian, Miss., clear 29.84 54 L .00 68
1	New Orleans, La., clear 29.84 66 8 .00 70
ч	Palestine, Tex., clear 29.84 68 L .00 76
ч	San Antonio, Tex., clear 29,88 76 8 .00 84
	Vicksburg, Miss., clear 29.82 58 L .00 66
. 1	NORTHEAST-
	Baltimore, Md., rain 29.78 54 L .01 58
	Buffalo, N. Y., clear 29.88 46 L .00 50
	Cincinnati O clear - 29 82 59 8 00 58
1	Detroit Mich cloudy 29 88 46 L 00 46
1	Cincinnati. O., clear 29.82 52 8 .00 58 Detroit, Mich., cloudy 29.86 46 L00 46

For health, pleasure or business, and would not have your voyage marred by sea-sickness? Then take along with you Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and when you feetthe nausea try a wineglassful. It will effect a magical change for the better in your interior, and a continuance of it will save you from further attacks. As a means of overcoming malarial, kidney, dyspeptic, nervous and rheumatic troubles the Bitters is unequaled.

Choosing a Profession. "Childhood has its manner of seeing, perceiving and thinking peculiar to itself. Nothing is more absurd than our being anxious to substitute our own in its stead."—

Nothing is more absurd than our being anxious to substitute our own in its stead."—Rousseau.

The proper method is to find out the bent of the child's mind and encourage it along that line of thought. All you have to do is to answer its questions or give it a chance to answer them for itself, and it will find its way to an education to which it is adapted.

Many a promising boy has left his father's roof, entered the busy life of the world to take up the first pursuit open to him, simply because he had made no study of the different careers open to the boy of today. He had no preference. Did he make a success? We doubt it, and, worse than ill success, his later life was clouded with profound regret that he had not adopted some other career than the one he did, for, with his talents, if he had but chosen differently early in his life, brilliant success and fame would have been his.

There is but one way to remove this chance of failure from your son's path. It is to teach him to study and investigate. Let him learn of the different lines of work and professions. Let him read of the careers of the world's greatest men, and then you may have no fear but that he will naturally choose a career for which his talents fit him. We know of no finer library for his use, no better source from which he can draw his knowledge than the famous new edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, now offered at introductory prices and upon the easy terms of 10 cents raise.

Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

On account of the annual convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew the Southern railway offers reduced rate of one and one-third fares on certificate plan for the round trip to Washington, D. C. The convention will hold October lith to lith, inclusive. The Southern railway has the only direct double daily route from the south to Washington. Many hours of railway travel are saved by this line. Apply nearest agent Southern railway. Oct 3-2t

NEW YORK, October 9.—It has been a quiet market so far as any general demand for dry goods is concerned, yet for the day of the week and the day preceding the fast of Yom Kipper it was not disappointing. With a good number of visiting buyers present, there was an irregular inquiry for minor assortments for current requirements, though for spring stuffs the inquiry was very marked and advance orders were located for dress goods, underwear, hosiery, printed specialities and ginghams. Printing cloths were quiet at 3c. The Dry Goods Market.

ONLY TWO VOTES.

Mr. Sims Lost Two Yotes in the Recount of the Second Ward.

STILL THE NOMINEE FROM THE FIFTH

Both Candidates and Both Were Sat-isfied-Ten Votes Thrown Out.

The recount of the vote cast in the sec ond ward for a fifth ward councilman was made yesterday in the council chamber. The work was conducted by Mr. Mathews and Mr. Bacon, who were managers in the second ward on the day of the primary, assisted by Mr. H. C. Stockdell, representing Mr. Sims, and Colonel Albert Howell, representing Mr. Mayes, both of the candidates, however, being present, and with authority and permission to overlook the work of the recount.

Shortly after 10 o'clock the managers of the election called at the Capital City bank for the ballot box, and, upon receiving it, went direct to the council chamber, where the two candidates, their two representatives and quite a number of spectator were in waiting. The managers walked within the horseshoe bend and with Mr. Stockdell and Colonel Howell, surrounded the table upon which the ballots in the box were emptied. Then sheets were prepared upon which to keep the count and the work began. It was exactly like the recount the Goldsmith-Holliday count and the work was done to the satisfaction of all interest-ed. The tickets were separated into bundles of twenty-five each and after the man agers had gone over them, they were passed to Colonel Howell and Mr. Stockdell for a revision. Then the bundles were entrusted to Mr. Mayes and Mr. Sims for their irspection, thus prohibiting the slightest chance of a mistake either one way or the

It took over two hours to complete the recount, and when it was done it was found that Mr. Sims still had a majority of the votes cast in the second ward.

When the result was first announced it gave Mr. Sims 527 votes in the ward and Mr. Mayes 500, making Mr. Sims's majority in that ward 24. In making the recount 10 votes were thrown out, six of which Mr. Sims lost and four of which Mr. Mayes lost. The casting aside of these votes re-duced Mr. Sims's vote in the second ward from 527 to 521 and knocked the vote of Mr. Mayes from 503 to 499, leaving Mr. Sims

In the city when the vote was announce before Mr. Sims was creed with 2,410 and Mr. Mayes with 2,383. The loss of six votes by Mr. Sims reduces his total vote to 2,404, while the loss of four votes by Mr. Mayes reduces his vote in the city at large from This gives Mr. Sims a majority in the

a majority of 22 instead of 24 as it was at

entire city of 25 over Mr. Mayes and entitles him to the nomination of the party for the election which will take place in before the recount Mr. Sims's majority was 27 and by the recount Mr. Mayes re-

duced it only two votes. turned the box over to the city clerk, and before dark it had found its way into the basement of the Chamber of Commerce building, where the boxes from the other wards are stored and where they will re-main until they are needed for another

Both of the candidates were thoroughly satisfied with the manner in which the recount was made and both are now content with the result. As it is the indica-tions are that there will be no more requests for recounts of the votes in any of the wards. Neither Mr. Sims nor Mr. Mayes is disposed to question the result further when the day of the final election rolls around Mr. Sims's name will be found the regularly nominated ticket without any

Captain Ellis, chairman of the committee, has no desire to listen to further appeals from the count of the managers, asserting that in the two recounts made there has been abundant evidence of every fairness and a marked absence of any indication

TWO YEARS OLD.

The Jennie D. Inman Orphanage Reaches Its Second Anniversary. The Jennie D. Inman orphanage is two

It seems only a few weeks since the career of this splendid institution began, and yet the months have rapidly grouped them-selves into years and now the second an-niversary of the orphanage has launched it upon a third year of steady growth and

rosperity.

The children of the orphanage are provided with all the comforts of a good home, including religious instruction and the spe-cial advantages of the schoolroom. This latter department is under the control of a competent teacher and the children have made rapid progress in their studies. They are taught to be useful and to love work and nearly all of their leisure time is em-

The members of the board desire to express their hearty thanks to the following friends of the home: Drs. Earnest, Lichten-stadt, Calhoun, Crawford, J. P. Hinman and Crenshaw; also to Messrs. Elkin & Wat-

son, Benjamin & Co., Emery & Co. and J. & D. Tye.

The attention of the friends of the orphanage is called to the special kindness of Dr. R. E. Hinman, who, by a process of inhalation, discovered by himself, nas cured entirely, in a few weeks' time, the children suffering from severe cases of whooping

cough.

Music lessons have been given to a number of the children by Miss Nellie Higby, one of the best teachers in the city. One of the most interesting and successful feat of the most interesting and successful feat-u-3 of the institution is the Sunday school, which has been faithfully served by Mr. F. J. Paxon, Rev. C. P. Williamson, Mr. Near, Mr. Norse and Mr. Kay.

"MANHOOD AND MONEY."

Rev. Sam Jones to Lecture at DeGive's

Rev. Sam Jones, the brilliant and witty evangelist, will deliver his celebrated lec-ture on "Manhood and Money" tomorrow evening at DeGive's opera house on Mari

evening at DeGive's opera house on Marietta street.

The peculiar magnetism of Mr. Jones as a lecturer appears to grow from year to year. No other public speaker has enjoyed such a long and prosper-ous reign. He never fails to interest his audience, because his supply of humor is simply inexhaustible. His style is both quaint and original and no humorist on the American platform can equal him in that quality of fun which is peculiarly his own.

Mr. Jones is more than a mere funmaker. Beneath the smile that covers his lecture there is a deep undercurrent of sober thought and philosophy. He preaches the truth and his convictions never fall to direct his utterances. He speaks without fear or favor and always for the purpose of doing good.

LARGE SORES ON FACE

Lost Use of Hands from Blood Poisen-ing. Physicians and Remedies No Benefit. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.



BABY SEVERELY AFFLICTED

My baby was severely afflicted with some dreadful skin disease. Its head, face and hands for awhile were nearly one solid sore. I had doctors prescribe for it, tried several remedies, but all seemed to do no good. I saw an advertisement of the CUTICHAR REMEDIES, and concluded to try them. I bought a complete set, and began using, and now my little girl seems to be completely cured.

GEO. W. TURNE, Tencher, Bryan, Texas.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS Since a single cake of CUTICURA SOAP, costing 27c., is sufficient to test the virtues of these great curatives, there is now no reason why thousands should go through life tortured, disfigured and humiliated by blood and skin diseases, which are speedily cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES at a trifling cost.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, Soc.; Soar, 26.; RESOLVENT, \$1. POTER DRUG AND CHEM. COUP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

**The World Court of the Court PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and olly akin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

WOMEN FULL OF PAINS
Find in Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster instant and grateful relief. It is the first and only pain-killing, strengthening plaster.

Economy. Money Saved

American Sardines. Fresh Milk Biscuits, per pound. . . . 10 50th Peachtree Patent Flour. . 1.10 Arbuckle's Coffee.....25 Best Mocha and Java Coffee, 315

for 1.00 bars Polo Soap.25 14 bars Tip Top Sonp.25 New Evaporated Apples, per

pound..15 New Evaporated Apricots, per Sugar Cured Hama,14 Hong Kong Ten, per pound30 Everything cheap and of the very best quality.

> W. R. HOYT. 90 Whitehall.

Notice to Contractors.

Concerning Proposals for Cotton States and Internatial

Exposition Company.

Sealed proposals for furnishing the material and laying the foundations of the manufacturers' building at Piedmont Park for this company, will be received at their office in the city of Alanta, Ga., until 12 o'clock m., on the 15th day of October, 1894. Said bids to be addressed to C. A. Collier, president, and to be made upon blanks furnished by this company.

A certified check for two hundred (\$200) dollars will be required with each bid, and will be forfeited in case the successful bidder fails to enter into contract with satisfactory bond and time limit for the faithful performance of the work. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Plans and specifications may be had upon application to the undersigned at the company's office.

GRANT WILKINS, Chairman Buildings and Grounds Committee. oct-9-7t.

Those Carlsbad Dinner

Sets. They are in all the new, graceful shapes; the decorations are contains 102 pieces. The regular retail price is \$33.

\$25 Is Our Price.

If you need a lamp, see the sizes, styles and extent of our stock. We can save you money.

DOBBS, WEY & CO., 61 PEACHTREE ST.

He is hard to down and SATZKY has just returned from New York with a firstclass line of Cassimere, Che-

SATZKY, THE TAILOR 11 E. Alabama St.

Jacobs' Pharmacy.

Old Capitol Building.

Complimentary In honor of the distinguished delgates to the convention of the Tri-State Medical Associa-Concert! tion, and for the pleasure of our customers and the general public, we will throw our doors open next Thursday from 5 to 10 p. m. and welcome all to stroll through the broad aisles and listen to music by the Fifth Artillery Band......

Concerning the Details.

The stock will be the decorations of the occasion. The many beautiful things we display are rich beyond the resources of any florist's conservatory. Toilet Articles and Drug Sundries will lend their quota of grace and brilliance.....

Handsome

We have secured from an importer an elegant and varied collection of ornamental and useful novelties

Jacobs' Pharmacy,

Old Capitol Building.

BRANCH: Corner Peachtree and Decatur Streets and Edgewood Avenue.



NEW READERS OF AMERICAN books will fail to concur in the estimate placed upon Dr. → Oliver Wendell Holmes by the author of the biographicalsketch which appeared in vesll terday's Constitution.

Since Macaulay no man has given more vigorous impulse or made more lasting impress on the productions of his contemporaries in his own country, and if he has been surpassed in this by the great Englishman it is only because American environments are not amenable to the same laws that govern the scope of an author's influence in England.

Macaulay and Holmes exhibit few points of resemblance, if they are judged by their more salient characteristics; but it is in their preliminary processes, their deeper studies, that similarity is discovered. Both read widely and both possessed in a wonderful measure that power of discrimination which distinguishes the student from the bookworm, and enables its possessor to assimilate those vast stores of information necessary alike to the historian and

Macaulay's phenomenal memory enabled him to invest the dryest details of an uninteresting subject with new charms by drawing on a stock of miscellaneous information, such as is seldom collected in one man's lifetime.

Holmes brought to bear on the topics he treated an adroitness and masterly precision of effort, an unstudied selectness of illustration, that enthral the reader by very simplicity.

The former laid every land and every literature of Europe under contribution for the illustrations of his lucid rhetoric, the arguments of his forcible logic. The latter, with a fund of genial humor and healthy criticism, peculiar to Americans alone, taught the world how to view life from a new standpoint, and he inculcated useful lessons by

directing the thoughts of his readers and addressing himself to the finer fancies. If Macaulay is pre-eminent as a contributor to such monumental publications as the Encyclopædia Britannica, Holmes is no less so by his ready adaptation of materials in them ready to his hand, and those who knew him best are well aware that it was not so much felicity of phrase as profundity of thought that lent weight to his words, and force to his

Macaulay died at the age of fifty-three, after having raised himself into a literary prominence which has no parallel. Holmes closed his weary eyes in the last dreamless sleep, which closed a useful life of

eighty-five years. Both deserve well of their fellow men, and both have left heritages to all of English speech, which are more precious by the special heroism which finds expression in their lives.

The moralists and teachers of a latter age will point our youth to the successful life of America's most genial author, and accentuate his significance as a writer, by an array of his

A student he ever remained—first and foremost.

imate placed upon Dr. which appeared in yes-

more lasting impress he has been surpassed nents are not amenable

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THEY ARE ALL HERE

And Atlanta Is Glad to Give the Doctors a Welcome.

DOINGS OF THE FIRST DAY'S SESSION

The Convention Promises to Be the Most Successful Ever Held.

INTERESTING PAPER ON CERTAIN CRIMES

Dr. Wyeth Arrived Last Evening-Papers to Be Bead Today-The Becep-tion Today.

The sixth annual session of the tri-state Medical Association of Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee was called to order in the Kimbali house ballroom yesterday morning

thing over five years, and numbers among its members the leading physicians of the three states covered by its territory. In the past the conventions have all been held in the city of Chattanouga, it being thought that this was a most central place and therefore most desirable for the sessions



President of the Tri-State Medical Associa

held there. This year Atlanta was selected as the meeting place, this being the first time the association has ever met in any city other than Chattanooga.

Every promise is given that the sessions will be highly interesting to all, and very instructive to those who meet for the purpose of learing more about the science of medicine and of catching pointers from their fellow doctors.

The attendance was good yesterday norning, when the association was first called to order, but in the afternoon it was largely increased by many physicians who did not arrive in the city until late trains came in from different sections of the south,

Today it is thought the attendance will be even greater and it is the general opinion that the meeting will be more successful on the whole than any previous convention.

Dr. J. B. Holmes, of this city, is president of the association, and presided over yesterday's session in an admirable manner, having an eye to business and common

courtesy to all the members. Through his rulings the work of the association the first day was eminently satisfactory, and nothing could have run more smoothly than did the reading and debates on this and on that subject up for consideration. The convention opened with prayer by Dr. H. D. McDonal.

When president Holmes called the convention to order in the forenoon he introduced Dr. Willis F. Westmoreland, who in a few pleasing remarks bade the visitors welcome to Atlanta on the part of the local profes n, and the public generally. Dr. West

Dr. Westmoreland's Welcome. Mr. President and gentlemen of the convention: Incapacitated though I may be, I ciation to express to you as best I can, the words of welcome ex-tended by our citizens, all of whom have been more or less intimately connected with you, in the great drama of birth, life

miliar with welcomes than the physician. It is he whose words carry so much joy or sadness. But such welcomes, surrounded as they so frequently are, with suffering, is to you, who from the vicissitudes of for-tune have plucked the courage to endure, and the inspiration to strive; you who prove the friend, comrade, councillor and



DR. R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Who Responded to the Address of Welcome.

guide; to you who share the poetry o your lives with the prose of others, and who represent a profession so perfect and ennobling as to be filled with divine possicheers.) A physician's life is one full of tears and sunshine, it is one of many pains and much of care and anxiety. While with us you will be relieved from all worry and solicitude; under such circumstances there solicitude; under such circumstances there can be no sweeter word than welcome, which, like the spirit of love, should be felt everywhere. And let me assure you, gentlemen who have never visited us before, that here welcome ever smiles, and may it echo and re-echo in the varying strains that will

9800000000 It is now beyond dispute that

Beecham's (Worth a Guinea) Pills

are a specific in all cases of Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick-Headache, and kindred troubles. 25 cents à box.

make of your trip one continued pleasure to you as it is to us." (Applause.)

Dr. Cunningham's Response.

Dr. R. M. Cunningham, one of the most popular members of the association, of Birmingham, Ala., responded to the address of welcome. He spoke as follows:

"Mr. President and Chairman: The somewhat embarrassing, but nevertheless pleasant duty to respond to the anticipated and now realized welcome extended us by the citizens and profession of Atlanta, the city of conventions, has been assigned me by our distinguished president. Who are we? We are citizens of that illustrious triumvirate of states, Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee, three of the greatest contiguous states of the righteous, patriotic but unfortunate confederacy, and which aspire to be and will be the three greatest contiguous states of the present and ever to be giorious union—states that have no cause to blush, but swell with pride at the record of their citizens in war and in peace and in all the avocations of life. (Applause.) The record of their statesmen is written in the legislation of our national and state govern-

but swell with pride at the record of their citizens in war and in peace and in all the avocations of life. (Applause.) The record of their statesmen is written in the legislation of our national and state governments; the greatness of their lawyers in the nobility, wisdom and purity of their pudiciary; the valor of their arms in the genius of their generals and the patriotism of their solders, as attested by the victories of a thousand battiefelds; the lovalty of their citizens to the laws of the land, their patriotic support of national, state and municipal government; the sincerity and purity of their religion; the high standard of their morals; their enterprise in field shop and office; their heroic courage in meeting the almost total destruction of war; and above all the beauty, the purity, the culture and the transcendant courage and heroism of their women. (Cheers.)

"We are spractitioners of medicine and surgery fin the broadest and special sense. Among us is the general practitioners—the highest type of medical man—who is expected to do all things. from teething colic in the baby to anging pectoris in the adult—from pulling a tooth to hip-joint amputation, or a laparotomy; among us we have the specialist—surgical, gynecian, oculist, microscopist, chemist, etc.—Our arena is the sickroom; our assuamentarium and ammunition is the science and art of medicine as it is to date; our object is the indirect service of God and the direct warfare upon the devil, by the smilful, judicious and safe application of our art to the ministrations of suffering humanity. (Cheers.)

"Our reward is all we can get out of our patients here, with the hope that that which we cannot get will be placed to our credit in that glorious country where neither 'moth nor rust can corfupt, nor thieves break through and steal." We meet here in the interest of our patients; not by deserting them, and leaving them to the uncertain and erratic law of nature—thus giving them a chance—but that by association with one another we can exchange ex

relieving operation.

There are many others too numerous to mention, but there is one who has done more than all; one who has made possible a surgical field by the annihilations of pain. His greatness is not attested by monuments of stone, by public praise, nor even by universal professional accord, but his



DR. J. C. LE GRANDE, Author of a Most Interesting Paper Punishment of Certain Crimes.

greatness, glory and honor are demonstrated by every sleeping anesthetized patient, who without pain may be literally dissected. This great achievement was done by a son of Georgiathe immortal Crawford W. Young, of Ath-

pain may be intendry dissected. Active machievement was done by a son of Georgia—the immortal Crawford W. Young, of Athens.

"The mind of the medicine man must be capable of sufficient concentration to appreciate the extreme minutia of a pathogenic gerli, with its wonderful potentiality for evil, and at the same time sufficiently expansive to comprehend the magnificent grandeur and sublimity of the material universe. His mind should acknowledge the existence of a Deity, his heart the necessities of humanity, and all should be dedicated to the faithful service of his fellow beings. Such I believe the members of this association to be. And as such we gratefully accept the hospitality of your beautiful city—a city that is set upon a hill—the historic Chattahoochee ridge—so high, in fact, as to be able to kiss the sky at a closer range than any other city of equal proportions in the United States. The salubrity of your city is proverbial. It is said that when a yellow fever germ takes one breath of your ozone he immediately gives up the ghost and dies the ignominious death of the vanquished.

"Your geographical location is unequaled; your means of transportation being now in contact with the whole world; your population of 100,000; your magnificent buildings; your wonderful industrial enterprise; your commercial supremacy; your enormous assessed wealth of \$60,000,000; your 100 miles of street railroad; your miles of paved streets and sidewalks; your 100 churches; your schools; the industrial enterprise and public spirit of your citizens; the great leadership and masterly influence of your journals; the high standard of your morals; the beauty of your sentiment, crystallized in that magnificent monument of bronze of the great, good and immortal Henry W. Grady—the greatest post-bellum journalistal make your city the mistress of southern commerce and the empress of the new south and a demonstration of the wonderful achievement of southern mind, morals and money. We thank you for your welcome to the capital city of the

Reports of the Officers. After the response to the address of wel-come there were reports of the different of-

ficers of the association.

The president, Dr. Holmes, made an inte esting talk about the progress of the asso-clation since the last meeting, and showed that the interest in the affairs of the organization was steadily kept up by the mem

bers.
The secretary, Dr. Frank Trester Smith, next made a report showing the financial condition of the association to be good. This report was full of interest and showed to the members that Dr. Smith is the right man in the right place. As secretary of the association he has done much to advance the interests of the organization, and is a most attentive and competent officer.

Dr. Smith is from Chattaneoga and has been a wide-awake and enthusiastic member of the association for a long time.
All of the reports were of a most satisfying nature, and the members were much elated at the facts brought out.

A Thoughtful Paper, The first paper on the programme was entitled "A Class of Criminals, and Their Punishment from a Medico-Legal Point of

View."

This paper, which was read by Dr. J. C. Le Grande, of Anniston, Ala., was, perhape, the most interesting of all the papers that were read during the day. I touched upon the crime of rape, which is calling forth such interest among the courts and law-makers of the land just at present. The ground was taken by the author of the paper that there are some criminals of this sort who really have not the guilt of moral transgression, it being a purely physical disease. In such cases the distinguished

writer of the paper declared in favor of some sort of punishment other than death. He explained that where there is no crime from a moral standpoint in the mind of the criminal it ought to be a crime punishable solely from a medical standpoint. Therefore, the proposition was advanced that in some cases of rape the criminal ought to be punished by removing the diseased parts of the body to which the crime could be traced by skilled medical advisers.

This proposition was endorsed by many of The Storm Surrenders to the White Flag of Jack Forst

NO FURTHER DANGER IS APPREHENDED

traced by skilled medical advisers.

This proposition was endorsed by many of those who debated the paper of Dr. Le Grande. Dr. Cunningham, of Birmingham, opened the discussion on the paper. He showed how vitally the question concerned the codes of the courts, how it mingled with the question of moral depravity and of physical weakness and out of the mystery of the entire mixture deduced mony. The Crop Bulletin Shows That the Farming Lands in South Goorgis Have Suffered Considerably.

tery of the entire mixture deduced mony

DR. FRANK TRESTER SMITH.

Dr. Cowan urged that no man who had been trained up aright would ever have such moral depravity as that which is re-

quired in committing rape, and yet said that it was his opinion that after a man once made assault it was impossible for him to stop by his own will from the con-

summation of his purpose. Therefore he adjudged such a man a temporarily insane

man, or a monomaniac. He said death in

such cases should not necessarily be the

The fact that this question is now con-

fronting the lawmakers of the state so strikingly and that the courts are puzzled

over it made the paper one of unusual in-

terest to the general public aside from the

Other Papers That Were Read.

Treatment of Stricture of the Urethra

by Electrolysis" was the subject of a very

interesting discourse by Dr. P. L. Broull-lette, of Huntsville, Ala., which was dis-

cussed by Dr. Cowan, of Chattanooga, and

"The Code of Medical Ethics" was the topic of a most highly enjoyable paper by

Dr. G. W. Drake, of Chattanooga, in

which opposition to all the quack fakes of the country was firmly expressed and strong criticism made upon the irregular

practice of those who knife the profession they ought to honor. The paper caused a

great deal of interesting debate among

convention with a clear and forceful paper upon "Paresis and Paralysis of the External Rectus of the Eye," and gave a report

of two cases. The discourse was full of force and instruction and Dr. Roy was loudly congratulated by the physicians who

heard the reading of the paper.
"Mixed Infection. Report of Cases" was
the topic of a paper by Dr. M. B. Hutchins,

of this city, which called forth much favor-able discussion. The different opinions

brought out upon this theme were all full

Papers on Today's Programme. Following are the papers arranged in special order for today's programme:

1. "Prognoss and Treatment of Picenta Previa"—Dr. Richard Douglas, of Nashville.

2 "The Treatment of Stone in the Kid--W. E. B. Davis, of Birmingham.

3. "The Importance of Early Treatment

in Cutaneous Cancer'-Dr. A. R. Robin-

son, of New York.

A report of some rare surgical lesions

connected with the liver-John A. Wyeth,

Notes of the Convention.

Dr. W. Gill Wyly, of New York, tele-

graphed the convention he could not be

The reception to the visitors at the Capi-

tal City Club tonight will be the enjoyable feature in contemplation today. All of the

Mr. Henry Chears, representing William R. Warner & Co., manufacturing chemists, Philadelphia, has a splendid exhibit at the

convention.

Mr. Boyd Thomas, the genial representa-

tive of the Deliber-Goodale Company, has a very attractive corner set aside with

Mr. Peter Hamilton, of Parkey Davis & Co.'s Detroit factory, is on hand with a beautiful exhibit. Mr. Hamilton is a south-

ern man, having been reared in Mobile, Ala. He has made many friends among

the doctors who already were familiarly

acquainted with his well-known firm in a

CAMPOBELLO'S CONCERT.

The First Rehearsal Held Yesterday

Afternoon. The first rehearsal for the concert of Sig-nor Campobello was held last night. At-lanta's musicians were out in force and

all were enthusiastic over the preparations for the approaching event.

The night of October 24th is expected to

bring to the Grand one of the largest au-diences Atlanta has ever had.

Tickets to the concert will be put on sale at the Grand October 20th and the pro-ceeds will be turned over to the Ladies'

She rehearsal was exceedingly gratifying

IT IS YET A MYSTERY.

The Atlanta and West Point Railway

Wreck Is Not Understood.

President George C. Smith, of the At-lanta and West Point and the Western Railway of Alabama, returned yesterday

from the scene of the recent wreck which

occurred last Sunday near West Point.

He says it is hard to account for the wreck. There is no evidence that the fault

was in the tracks, since they measure ex-actly the proper guage. There was no widening of the rails. The fault may have

been in the adjustment of the trucks of the engine tender, but on testing them noth-ing definite can be ascertained to show

ing definite can be ascertained to show that the equipment was at all at fault. It seems that the engine tenaer trucks simply took one of those unaccountable notions so mysterious to all raffroaders to take a tumble and did so.

The wreck was quite a bad one, and the damage to the rolling stock will be quite as heavy as was at first reported, but the injury to persons aboard the cars is slight. All claims have been promptly adjusted by the officials of the road and the trestle work is all repaired and trains running regularly.

Auxiliary of the Grady hospital.

to all who heard it.

visitors will be there.

professional sense.

Dr. McRae, of this city, and others.

The whimsical tropical storm that was sweeping toward us Monday night changed its mind and its course yesterday. A fall in the mercury, followed by general clearing up, is the latest bulletin from the weather bureau, and the storm, which was to have blown its bellows against the Blue Ridge mountains and

spread destruction in its path, has turned into a mild and frisky breeze that will trip

through the woods this morning under a soft, blue sky.

There will be no further news of the storm. The reduction in the temperature and the clearing up of the sky is the formal opening of the season into fairer weather and the velvet march of beautiful October days. In the southern portion of the state the injury resulting from the storm was rather severe and many of the crops were injured, but no damage had been reported from the higher latitudes. The passage of the storm is a verification of the old truth that. Atlanta is perched too high for the reach of the cyclone and can well afford. reach of the cyclone and can well afford to boast of her conscious security.

The following is the regular crop bulletin

for the week:
"The weather conditions of the past week were not unfavorable until another West were not untavorable until another west Indian storm broke over southern Georgia Monday. Reports of its effects have not yet been received, but it is probable that much damage will be done in the south and east sections of the state. By this (Tuesday) morning the storm had advanced nearly to Savannah, where it will probably pass out to sea.

day morning the storm had advanced nearly to Savannah, where it will probably pass out to sea.

"With next week's bulletin, its issue will cease for this season. Every reporter is earnestly requested to send in a final report. In addition to the usual information, please give your opinion of the season now closing. Has it been a fair one for farmers, taking into account the general depression of all business? Are farmers as well or better off than a year ago?
"Reports received from northwestern Georgia shows a continuation of favorable weather conditions during the past week. With dry and cool days fodder pulling has been finished and cotton picking pushed. Farmers have, also, been busy making sorghum, and all agree that the crop will this season be very bountiful. In some localities corn is already being gathered, and the quality is fully up to the expectations of a few weeks ago. Several reporters say that a light frost occurred in their vicinity on Saturday morning, but vegetation was not injured. Owing to the dry weather prevailing the ground cannot be prepared for small grain and little has yet been done in that direction. Turnips and potatoes are in need of rain.

"With dry and cool weather the farmers of the northern section have pushed their work, and cotton picking and sorghum making is now well advanced, while fodder pulling has been finished. Of the latter there has been a very large yield, and the quality is said to be unusually good. Sorghum promises to be the largest yield for many years. A few farmers are busy sowing rye, oats and wheat and a large acreage will be sown this season. "Pea picking is in progress and the quantity and quality being gathered is satisfactory.

"More hay has been harvested and stored the account of the content of the con

More hay has been harvested and stored this season than usual. Corn still remains in most excellent condition, but as yet little, if any, has been gathered from the fields. "Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average

growing nicely and will be an average yield.

"The week, in the northeastern counties of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. A light frost occurred in this section, in low and exposed places, on the morning of the 6th, but very little, if any, damage was done either to the corn or cotton crops. The fodder harvest is about over and an immense crop has been saved. Cotton picking has progressed rapidly, although the rain of yesterday and today will retard it somewhat. Corn is in good condition and most of it is now safe from frost. Sorghum, too, is good, and a big crop of it will be made this fall. Sweet potatoes, while turning out a good crop, are not quite as good as they were first though to be. Rye sowing is very nearly through with, and that sown early is doing line.

while turning out a good crop, are not quite as good as they were first thought to be. Rye sowing is very nearly through with, and that sown early is doing line.

"During the past week the crop outlook has changed little in the western tier of counties. The weather has been generally fair, but cool, and farmers have pushed cotton picking until there is at present probably not over one-half in the fields to be gathered. Corn is being gathered in many localities, and is an excellent crop. Heavy rains on Monday injured hay, and some reporters say that much will be a total loss. Sorghum making has in most counties been finished and the crop was large and good. Peas, potatoes and turnips are growing nicely, and with favorable weather will give average crops. Relative to the cotton there is but little to say, more than that the crop will be somewhat short, but of fair quality.

"With the exception of the last day or two, the weather in the central section, during the past week, has been very favorable for saving hay and picking cotton, and large quantities of both have been saved. Cotton is opening rapidly and ginning is being pushed. The rain of the last two days will prove of incalculable benefit both to potatoes and turnips, which were badly in need of some moisture. However, while the rain will soon be the order of the day. All minor crops are in very good condition and farmers are preparing to sow a lage crop of oats.

"The past week has been favorable for the farmer of eastern Georgia and his crops. The weather has been quite dry, but rather cool, and farm work has progressed very rapidly. Cotton picking has been pushed rapidly forward, and now only about haif remains in the field to be gathered. The condition of the staple has changed very little during the week. Rice is growing nicely and gives promise of an average yield. Corn, also, is doing well, still holds its own, and will be a large crop. Corn, peas and pinders could scarcely be better, while gardens continue to look nice, with every promise of a beaut

while gardens continue to look nice, with every promise of a beautiful yield of late vegetables.

"The farmers of the southwestern counties have little cause for complaint in the weather conditions of the past week, and the progress of their work and growth of crops. Cotton picking, as is the case in all parts of the state, received most of his time and attention, and is now well advanced toward completion. Corn, the banner crop of the season, is being gathered and housed. Rice is about all cut, and planters appear to be well satisfied with the yield. Some hay is being saved and is of fair quality. Gardens are still flourishing, in fact, are slowly improving. Potatoes are said to be growing nicely and will be a large crop.

"The weather is gradually turning cooler, and cotton picking in the southern counties of the state is fast drawing to a close. The cotton crop in this section is below the average. The top crop is almost an entire failure, and farmers are somewhat low-spirited over the small yield. The corn in this section is not so good as in the other sections of the state. However, rice and potatoes are in fine shape and all gardens are in a flourishing condition.

"In southeast Georgia the crops of corn and cane are exceedingly fine. The former is rearly all harvested and sowing of oats has begun. Root crops are not so good, as the large amount of rain has caused some rotting. There is also rot in the rice fields. Much rice which had been harvested early was intured by the first fall cyclone, and likely the storm now in progress will cause more mischief. The larger part of the cotton crop, both short staple and sea island, has been pushed out.

"PARK MORRILL, Forecast Official."

A meeting of the friends of the reformatory movement, which was to have been held last Monday at the Church of Our Fateer, on Church street, did not come off on account of the rain, but has been postponed till Monday, October 15th, when it will take place at the Church of Our Father at 8 o'clock p. m.

All who take an interest in the establishment of a reformatory are invited, espacially those who have received a special invitation.

THEO SCHUMANN, Chairman. overlooked the importance of per manently beneficial effects and were satis-fied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. SOCIETY NEWS AND GOSSIP.

A flower show is to be given at the Gate City Guard's armory on October 20th to November 2, for the benefit of the woman's department of the exposition. The committee in charge consists of the following ladies: Mrs. Henry Lanier, chairman; Mrs. Dr. H. L. Wilson, Mrs. Porter King, Miss Bessie Powell Miller and Mrs. J. W. Thomas. It will far surpass any floral display that has ever been seen in Atlanta. The ladies have already received letters from a numbr of florists in North Carolina, Indianapolis, Ind.: Florida. Tnnessee and all parts of Georgia. The Brookwood Floral Company will make a beautiful display, and a number of other florists in Atlanta will do the same. The committee hopes that all of the florists in Georgia will make displays, and would like especially for the Athens Garden Club to be among the first to apply for space in this exhibition. The ladies have been presented already with six beautiful solid silver cups for the prizes. Miss Monter Thomas, Miss Mary Burt Woodward and Miss Nelly Wright have assisted the committee greatly in their work. Wurm's band will play the opening night complimentary to the woman's department. If success is due to hard work. night complimentary to the woman's de-partment. If success is due to hard work, the ladles will make this show something

Miss Lucy Nagle has returned to the city after a few days' visit to Miss Smith, of Cartersville, Ga.

Mrs. H. M. Nichols has returned afte several months' absence and is now at 313 Miss Amanda Moore is in the city on her

way to New York, where she will remain Mr. John Berry will leave some time this month for New York, where he will spend several weeks.

Mrs. Hugh Hagan will compliment her guest, Mrs. Charles Smith, with an after-noon card party during her stay in the city.

Miss Virginia Arnold has returned to the city for the winter, after spending a month at her country home in lower Geor-

Miss Carter, of Albany, is visiting Miss Carrie Sisson at her home in Kirkwood. Mr. Leon H. Shellman has returned to the city after a delightful visit to friends in Montgomery and Cartersville.

Miss Lulie Redd, of Columbus, is visiting her cousin, Miss Willie Frank Redd, at her home, No. 100 Prior street. Miss Redd is a talented and charming young lady.

one of the most popular and prominent so-cial leaders in middle Georgia, is in Atlanta for a few days, stopping at the Le-Mrs. Charles L. Henry, who spent most of the summer in Atlanta, has returned to her home in Louisville. Mrs. Henry is a

Mrs. William R. Brown, of Fort Valley,

thoroughly charming woman, and has numerous friends in Atlanta that regret her return to the blue grass capital. Miss Laura Sfevens, a charming young lady of Charlotte, N. C., is in the city visiting her aunt, Mrs. Wasker, on Nelson

Miss Mamie Walker has gone to Nashville, where she will spend the next month vis-iting relatives and friends. Miss Walker is one of Atlanta's most delightful young ladles, and will make many friends in the

Invitations are out to the marriage of Miss Lula McAllister and Mr. Frank Donaid. The marriage will take place next Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents on Luckie street, at 8 o'clock. Miss McAllister is a young lady of rare beauty, and is quite popular in her set. Mr. Donald is one of the rising young business men of Spe-inburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Littlefield, of Valdosta, who has

many friends in this city, is stopping at 292 South Terry street.

Invitations are out to the marriage of Mr. Robert L. Boggan to Miss Ella Kries. The marriage will take place this evening at the home of the bride's parents, No. 18 Trinity avenue, the Rev. Dr. Walker Lewis officiating. Miss Kries is one of Atlanta's charming and cultured young ladies and has been quite a belle since entering society, while Mr. Boggan is one of Atlanta's sterling young men. It will be one of the prettlest home weddings seen in Atlanta in a long time.

Miss Clarissa Jones, one of Charleston's entertaining and charming society ladies, is in the city, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Whitelaw, on Johnson street.

One of the most delightful hops of the season was enjoyed by quite a number of society folks at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Fitzhugh Knox, corner of Auburn avenue and the Boulevard last Wednesday evening. Wurm's orchestra furnished the delightful music and the refreshments were dainty and delightful. The evening was most delightfully spent by those present. Among those in attendance those present. Among those in attendance

were:

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Caldwell, Mr. and
Mrs. F. B. Glenn, Mr. and Mrs. T. H.
Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Fitzhugh Knox,
Misses Glenn and Grace Elyea, Misses
Flora and Bessie Shaw, Misses Earnest,
Miss Wille Hayden, Miss Jennie Thompson,
Miss Louise Todd, Misses Irene and Elizabeth Lovejoy, Miss Julia Robinson, Misses
Kate and Lizzie Williams, Miss Peters, Miss
Northfieet, Miss Jones, Miss Hodges, Miss
Massey, Miss Jackson. Messrs. C. L. Elyea, Joe M. Walker. Walter D. Jones,
Frank Phillips, Ed Lovejoy, Hayden, Williams, Warring, Snead, Putnam, Evans,
Banker, Foster and others.

Mr. W. O. Shellnut and Mrs. Mamie Mc-Coffee Pots, Oil and Gas Heaters, and every novel-

Mr. W. O. Shellnut and Mrs. Mamie Mc. Dowell were married last evening, Rev. Mr. Anderson performing the ceremony.

Richmond, Va., October 9.—(Special.)— Miss Mary Stuart McGuire, oldest daughter Miss Mary Stuart McGuire, oldest daughter of Dr. Hunter McGuire, the celebrated surgeon, who was for several years president of the American Medical Society, was married this afternoon to Dr. William Edward McGuire. The ceremony was performed at the family residence by Rev. Robert Gibson, of Cincinnati, an uncle of the bride. The bride wore white satin trimmed in Brussels point lace, tulle veil and diamond The bride wore white satin trimmed in Brussels point lace, tulle veil and diamond ornaments. The ribbon girls were Misses Clarke, Lucy Booth, May Handy, Ella Cox, Laura McGuire, Lucy Gibson, Gertrude Howard, Annie Guy, Gertrude Camma, Charlotte Ransom and Bettie Conrad. The maids of honor were the bride's sisters, Misses Fannie and Annie McGuire. The gowns worn by the girls were white organdie trimmed elaborately in white satin ribbons. They carried bouquets of American beauties, as it was a pink and white wedding. The best men were Messrs. Henry Cabel and Randolph Tucker, Jr.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

—The many friends of Mrs. Florence Beaumont Brittan will regret to learn that she is seriously ill at St. Luke's rectory. Mrs. Brittan will not be able to keep her church and charity engagements for sev

enurch and charity engagements for several days.

—Mr. Andrew Wets and bride came up from Stone Mountain yesterday. They will make their future home in Atlanta. Yesterday they were being congratulated by friends.

by friends.

—Mr. F. M. Joily, who for a number of years was connected with the passenger department of the East Tennessee road, and who has but recently resigned a position with the Memphis and Charleston road, was here yesterday. He has accepted a responsible position with the Western division of the Southern, effective November 1st. November 1st.

In Judge Van Epps's court in the su of Lovejoy against the Richmond and Dar ville, road, a sealed verdict was sent is and it will be opened this morning.

THE LEASE EXPIRES.

McKeldin & Carlton, the Well-Known Shoe People, Must Vacate Their Peachtree Street Store by Next Month.

\$40,000 WORTH OF SHOES

To Be Sold During the Next Few Days at and Below Cost in Order to Close out the stock

Strictly For Cash!

WHILE THIS SACRIFICE SALE PROCEEDS GOODS WILL NOT BE CHARGED. PLANK DOWN THE MONEY AND GET A BARGAIN.

In view of the fact that McKeldin & Carlton's lease will soon be out on the store they have so long occupied at 45 Peachtree street, they have decided to close out the stock there at actual cost, and in many cases less than cost. This plan has been determined upon so that the firm's entire business can be consolidated and concentrated in their popular Whitehall street store. There are thousands and thousands of dollars' worth of fine first-class Shoes for men, women and children included in this unprecedented offering. Go to see them Monday at 45 Peachtree street and learn how much you can save on seasonable, serviceable, stylish foot wear.

Nothing like it ever known in the history of Atlanta retailing.

GET YOUR . . .

endorses a

remedy her son is taking

for MALARIA. We do

not know her and she

writes of her own accord

Iron Bitters.

The letter is dated July 17,

1894—just the other day— Washington, D. C.

is taking Brown's Iron

Bitters for dangerous
Malaria, and it has done
him a great deal of good."
MRS. MARY LEACH.

Perhaps you're suffering

from the same disease!

In buying look for crossed Red lines on wrapper.

BROWN CHEM. CO., BALTO , MD.

TO

ing Agate Ware of every

variety, Royal Roasters, Egg Poachers, Oyster Fri-

ers and Steamers, French

ty you can possibly want

for convenience of house-

WE SELL

The Best Broiler in Use.

We guarantee it to give

perfect satisfaction. If,

after trying it, you do not

say it is the finest Broiler

you ever saw we will take

it back and refund the

money. Price 85 cents.

see the many useful arti-

cles that cannot be found

HARDWARE CO.,

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911 Grant Ave., N.W.

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The Franklin Printing and Publishing Company. GEO. W. HARRISON, Manager, (State Printer.) ATLANTA, GA.

Grand Ethnological Congress

Sublime Equestrian Tournament

> esty Cossack JOHANNA, Encampment!

> > tie Beasts Performing at once in an IRON-BARRED Arena.

NEW STREET PARADE With he Sovereigns of the World. Performances Daily at 2 and 8 P. M. Admission to All, 50 cents. Children half

Reserved seats at regular price and idmission tickets at a slight advance at Silverman's Cigar Store, corner Peachtree and Decatur streets. oct 7, 10, 14.

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE

Memphis to St. Louis. Memphis to Chicago.

Reclining Chair Cars.

Write to A. A. Gallagher, Southern Passenger Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.

A. C. TOWNSEND, Gen. Pass. Agent.



WATCH FOR THE

Our prices the same North and South.

AUCTION.

I have just received several carloads of horses at my stables, corner of Mitchell and Madison, formerly Thompson st., and have several carloads on the road to arrive in a few days, and will be receiving regularly every few days from the breeders. I will commence my daily auction abursiay, the 4th of October, at 10 octobe a. m., and will continue from day to day, as they come in. I have all grades of horses, from the plain farm horse to fine carriage teams, and will sell them for what they will bring.

Every housekeeper in Atlanta should call and NORTH

OVER THE LINE OF THE GREAT

QUICK AND SAFE TRASPORT

Memphis to Kansas City. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.

BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS,

Btc . Etc., of

Consult them before placing your orders. Th AT ATLANTA. MONDAY, OCT. 15. Show Grounds Wheat and Jackson Sts. BARNUM & BAILEY grateful **GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH.** 1,000 PEOPLE EMPLOYED. Mother"

STRANGE AND SAVAGE PEOPLE.

May-Pele Dance! Fox-Hunters'

CHIKO! The Widow of

Animal Exhibition! Wild and Domes-

16 CHAMPION MALE ANDFEMALE BARE BACK RIDERS. 20 Clowns of All Kinds.

1,000 WONDERFUL SIGHTS.

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finest

be had

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brand.

"four aces"

bluthenthal

& bickart.

whiskies

BAD BREAKS

he distinguished he convention of Medical Associastomers and the doors open next come all to stroll

tails.

autiful things we Toilet Articles

ran elegant and vaad useful novelties rder to facilitate the equested to register venir will be sent by

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marietta and forsyth streets.

hello! no. 378. other fine whiskies.

FRANK M. POTTS,

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WHOLESALERS

Stone Mountain Corn Whisky.

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ATLANTA, GA. TELEPHONE 48.

Dr. W. W. Bowes,

SPECIALIST.



Hydrocele, Stricture, Impotence, p ermatorrhoen, Enlarged Pros-Skin Diseases, Gleet, Rheuma-tism, Syphilis, Pimples, Dys-

pepsia, Facial Blemishes, Moles, Hemor-rhoids or Piles,

VARICOCELE Permanently CUBED. No Address DR. W. W. BOWES, Atlanta, Ga. Consultation at office or by mail free. Book and questions for 4 cents in stamps. DR. W. W. BOWES, 15½ Marietta St.,

ABE FRY.

I will sell out my entire stock of Diamonds and Watches at and below cost, on account of going out of the jewelry business on January 1st. I will sell you any watch 25 per cent less than any other house, get their prices and then mine for so much less. Diamonds 33 per cent less than anywhere. I carry the largest stock in the city, and have sold more than any two houses in the city.

ABE FRY, 4 PEACHTREE ST.

No Cure, No Pay.

Thousands Going to See Him and Hun-



During the past four months 4,873 were examined by Dr. Soper, and 1,649 were rejected as incurable. So confident is this distinguished physician in his ability to cure all diseases amenable

A TAG TOLD ON HIM

Chief Connolly Hears of the Desperate Burglar Captured in Chattanooga. watch spring snaps, stone slips out of its setting, ring cracks, or a thousand and one other little accidents happen. It's convenient to know just where you can get all these matters adjusted by skilled workmen, with expedition and at reasonable prices. Put our address in your pocketbook in case of need. J. P. Stevens & Bros., jewslers, 47 Whitehall street.

PROOF THAT HE OPERATED IN ATLANTA

Had a Bunch of Keys with the Name, Julius Dreyfus, Attached to Them.
A Daring Record.

Chief Connolly received information yesterday which shows that Bird, the desperate burglar and notorious crooks, whose twenty-mile run and capture by bloodhounds caused so much excitement in Chattanooga, paid Atlanta a visit and did work in his line

while here.
Since his capture the detectives have been busy locating the large amount of stolen goods which he had concealed lin that place and shipped away. On being searched by Chief Hill, on Monday, a receipt for a trunk which he had shipped to Nashville was taken from him. The trunk was sent for at once. It was opened and in the midst of a lot of jewelry and other stolen property was discovered a box of keys. A small tag on a bunch of these keys caused Chief Hill to write to Chief Connolly.

It was a sliver tag and neatly inscribed thereon was the name of Mr. Julius Dreyfus, the secretary and treasurer of the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills. Chief Connolly investigated the affair immediately. There was no

tigated the affair immediately. There was no record of a burglary at Mr. Dreyfus's resi-dence on the detectives' docket. A tel-phone message told him that Mr. Dreyfus himself was now in New York and none of his family remembered any burglary committed there.

It is thought, however, that the finding of the tag will prove a valuable clue to some of the mysterious burglaries which were committed here several months ago.

Bird is one of the most daring colored criminals ever captured in the south. His

criminals ever captured in the south. His operations have been extensive. Besides the large robberles in Chattanooga, he confessed that he made huge hauls in Augusta and other places. His capture is considered the best catch ever made by the Chattanooga officers.

Saturday morning it was discovered that the little post office at Wauhatchie had been robbed. A special engine left for Chattanooga at once, bringing back several officers and three well-trained dogs. "Jude," the most celebrated bloodhound of that section, was there. She caught the trail at once and down the railroad track, followed by the down the railroad track, followed by the engine, the dogs started out in fast pur-suit. The mile posts went by rapidly. Twenty-three miles were quickly covered and then old Jude swung out into a swamp. A little distance beyond was a negro cabin. Here the hounds bayed. Patrolman Phipps,

Here the hounds bayed. Patrolman Phipps, of the Chattanooga force, ran up and arrived just in time to prevent the deperado from putting a bullet in Jude.

The man was arrested and carried back to Chattanooga. His stronghold in the city was located and raided. Enough booty was taken out to stock a large jewelry store. Then Bird confessed. He gave the story of his life. This was a voluminous series of daring crimes. He had served four years in the state penitentiary of Illinois and since his release had given all his time to burglary. He decided to do the south and in the course of his operations has visited nearly every southern city.

The tag with the name of Mr. Julius Dreyfus on it is a proof of his trip to Atlanta and it is probable that when Tennessee is through Georgia will get her hands on him.

THIRTY MASKED MEN.

They Drag Two Women and a Man from Bed and Beat Them. There are now stopping at a private board-boarding house in this city three striking individuals from North Georgia who will

shortly figure in a thrilling sensation which will burst in the United States court.

The most interesting of the trio is a charming mountain belle, with soft, peachy cheeks, vigorous form, round, symmetrica features and a strong expression of counte-nance denoting courage and will. She is a fit heroine for the dramatic incidents in

which she figures.

The other personages are the father and mother of the mountain beauty. They came to Atlanta two or three days ago to give testimony against thirty masked men whom they say dragged them from their moun tain home at midnight and beat them firecely and brutally with heavy leather straps. The tale they tell is one of thrilling interest, and has many of the elements of

The man is E. J. Thurmond, of Gilmer county, well known through that section of the state. He has a family which consists of himself, his wife and his charming daughter, Miss Vada Thurmond. The lat-ter is just seventeen, but she is a veritable mountain heroine. Mr. Thurmond is a de-termined looking man, with a fairly pros-

perous air. It is Miss Thurmond who gives by far the most interesting account of the thrilng events which brought the family to Atlanta. She possesses, in a rare degree, the gift of graphic conversation, and her manner of telling a thing always impresses the listener.

She gives the names of more than twenty-five of the men who perpetrated the outrage, and declares with the firmest resolution that she will have every one of them

unished by law.
"The first I knew of it," she said, "I woke up and they wuz totin' me out-four of 'em. I didn't know what in the world was the matter, and couldn't imagine. I heard pa and ma screamin' at the top of their voices, an' a lot of men was draggin' pa out in his night clothes. Some of 'em had a-holt of ma.

a-holt of ma.

"The house was full of men. Nearly all of 'em wore masks. They carried me out in the roughest kind of way, and stopped about a hundred yards from the house, where a lot of men had carried pa. He was screaming at the top of his voice, and at the house, where the men kept ma, I could hear her screaming like mad.

"Four or five of them yelled out to pa and wanted to know what he had been doing. He said nothing, and they shouted back at him that he had been reporting stills. He said he hadn't, and they said they was going to whip him and me, too. Nearly every one of them had a little short stick, about two feet long, with a keen strap of leather fastened on the end. They begin beating us with them.

begin beating us with them.
"They beat us unmercifully, taking it turn about. All the time we kept shouting as loud as we could. One of the men beg-ged them not to whip me. He was a young man, and he kept begging them. I wished I knowed him—I couldn't tell who he was. But they would not listen to him, and kept v hipping me until I thought they would kill me. He kept asking them all the time not to hurt me, and he took my part. They

beat us until we were half dead, and then they let us go."

Before the whipping was over, however, Mrs. Thurmond, who had been kept a prisoner in the house by a party of the men, and who had been screaming at the top of her voice all the while made a men, and who had been screaming at the top of her voice all the while, made a frantic dash for liberty and escaped. She fied wildly from her pursuers, and rushed to the rescue of her husband. Some of the men caught hold of her and began to beat her. All this was witnessed by Mr. Thurmond. As he described it, the scene was a harrowing, maddening one. He was forced not only to submit to an unmerciful chastisement, but to witness the brutal beating of his wife and daughter, their screams all the while ringing in his ears.

Finally the whitecappers disappeared into the night, leaving the affrighted trio alone. A few days afterward Thurmond moved his family to Fannin county, where he now resides, to escape further chastisement. He believes that sooner or later he would have been killed had he remained in that section. He has kept very quiet, and said nothing about his trouble, waiting for the United States court to convene. Three or four days ago he and his wife and daughter came to Atlanta to push the case. They are determined in the matter, and say that if there is any justice in the land, they will see that it is meted out to the midnight mob which treated them so inhumanly.

will see that it is meted out to the midnight mob which treated them so inhumanly. It is likely that more than thirty mountaineers, whose names are now in the hands of the marshals, will be arrested in a few days for conspiracy, this charge arising out of their treatment of the Thurmond family. The Thurmonds will remain in the city for several days yet, and will give evidence in the cases against the men.

Thurmond denies that he ever reported a distillery. His daughter also stoutly declares that she never had a hand in any such action; but it seems that a son of such action; but it seems that a son of Thurmond's, who left home a year or two ago, did report'a distillery, and it was out of this that the trouble grew.

THE DIAMOND THIEF.

A Very Small Negro Captured Last

Night by the Detectives. Late last night the detectives, after a hard day's work, captured the mysterious satchel thief. He is a very black and very small darky, who knows how to give shrewd replies to pointed questions and

evade the most searching investigation. Yesterday morning the satchels which ontained the diamonds of Mr. Sam Venable were found in an old box car on Mc-Daniel street. They had been cut open with a dull knife and left behind. The car was pulled from the Central yards before the satchels were found, showing that it was there the thieves divided the Looty, for the negro arristed last night evidently had accomplices. All the city detectives went at once to

work upon the case and gave a diligent search to every part of the city. Last night Detectives Wooten and Bedford got on the trail of a small negro who had been seen waiting about the old capitol building with two satchels Monday morning. He was arrested and taken to police headquarters. He was questioned closely, but at first refused to tell anything concerning the theft, denying entirely that he knew anything about it. He finally acknowl edged that he was the boy to whom the satchels had been given.

"I took them," he said, "and went to the office where the gentleman told me to take them. I waited them for him and he didn't come and then another boy named Tom nickel for them and I let him have them I told him to wait there until the man camand he would get a dime, and that is all I know about it."

Upon this statement Detective Bedford arrested Tom Jones, another small boy. The two boys were kept in the detectives' rooms several hours, but all effort to have them tell what had been done with the diamonds taken from the valise were in

It is thought that the negroes were urged on by some man who received the goods and disposed of them. The affair will be investigated further today.

An Exciting Capture.

B. H. Karwich, a young man who lives on Hardin street, captured a desperate burglar after an exciting chase yesterday Mrs. Annie Grant lives at 10 Hardin street. Returning home after a visit to a neighbor she surprised a large negro in the act of burglarizing the house. He jumped through the parlor window and made hasty flight. Karwich was passing at the time and saw the negro as he jumped out. He gave chase and then followed an excitin

The negro leaped several fences, but the young man was fast behind and finally brought him to bay in an old house. The burglar drew a large knife and rush ed forward in a vicious way. But he three up his hands when he saw the muzzle of self-cocking revolver in his face. Abou this time Patrolman Childs arrived and the man was handcuffed and carried to police station. Here he was recognized as a no-torious negro, for whom the officers had been in search for some time.

He Was Released. Robert Topper, the boy who was arrested

Monday afternoon while attempting to pass a forged check, was released yesterday because of his extreme youth.

The check bore the forged signature of Dr. R. L. Jones, who called at the statio house in the morning to see the young fel-low. Topper protested his innocence at first, saying that he found the check and merely went into Douglas, Thomas of Davison's to ask about it. Later on hi father, who is a blacksmith, called an the boy confessed. He was carried before a justice of the peace, but on the request of Dr. Jones, who did not care to enter prosecution, he was released,

Dismissed the Case.

At recorder's court yesterday afternoon the case against George A. Falmar and S L. Siler, the book men, was dismisse Hon. Porter King appeared as attorned for Falmar and stated that in view of the fact that all differences, both personal and financial, had been settled between the two men that he requested a dismissal of the

This request was granted by Judge Cal-houn and both cases were dismissed.

NEW BUILDING LAWS.

Atlanta's Charter to Be Amended So as to Give One Building Inspector. Now that the legislature is soon to mee thief Joyner is thinking of the new building laws he wants.

The building laws of Atlanta, according to Chief Joyner's construction, have always been defective and in all probability he has devoted as much of his time to try ing to have them amended as to anything else since he assumed control of the fire

If there is any one man in the city who knows what the building laws ought to be that man is Chief Joyner. It is he who must face the result of these laws when there is little time for anything else than fire fighting, and for that reason he has studied the matter thoroughly. His study has not been confined to the city of Atlanta. but has been extended to every city in the union. On his tours to these cities he has examined the work and while at home he has studied the building laws of other places until at last he has perfected a code that is considered by those conversant with the need the first in the country.

it one of the finest in the country.

Under the building laws of Atlanta at present there are three building inspectors present there are three building inspectors and one of the changes sought by the new code is to have one inspector, a man as thoroughly able to judge as the three who are now in power. But in order to secure what he wants the legislature will have to make some changes in the charter, or rather amend the charter and a bill to that effect will be introduced.

This will be what Chief Joyner will nurse till it comes out a law.

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Owing to the death of Mr. S. Maier, who was in the wholesale Jewelry business here for the past ten years, we are compelled to close out our mammoth stock of WATCHES, DIA-MONDS, SILVERWARE and JEWEL-RY at auction, in order to wind up affairs. Sale commences October 15th, continuing until everything is sold.

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Notice of Local Legislation.

Avoid the rush. Get for the city of Atlanta and the various acts amendatory thereof; the purpose of the proposed legislation being to further amend the charter of the city of Atlanta. Mayor of City of Atlan

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